



**MOTOROLA**  
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DSP56F801EVMUM/D  
Rev. 0, 05/17/2001

# DSP56F801 Evaluation Module

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## Hardware User's Manual



# Table of Contents

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## Preface

Audience .....	vii
Organization.....	vii
Suggested Reading.....	vii
Notation Conventions .....	viii
Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations .....	viii
References .....	ix

## Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 DSP56F801EVM Architecture .....	1-2
1.2 DSP56F801EVM Configuration Jumpers .....	1-3
1.3 DSP56F801EVM Connections .....	1-4

## Chapter 2 Technical Summary

2.1 DSP56F801 .....	2-2
2.2 RS-232 Serial Communications.....	2-4
2.3 Clock Source .....	2-5
2.4 Debug LEDs.....	2-5
2.5 Debug Support .....	2-6
2.5.1 JTAG Connector.....	2-6
2.5.2 Parallel JTAG Interface Connector .....	2-7
2.6 External Interrupt.....	2-8
2.7 Reset.....	2-9
2.8 Power Supply.....	2-10
2.9 UNI-3 Interface .....	2-11
2.10 Speed Up/Down Switches and Run/Stop Switch.....	2-13
2.11 Motor Control PWM Signals and LEDs .....	2-14
2.12 Motor Protection Logic .....	2-15
2.12.1 UNI-3 Motor Protection Logic.....	2-16
2.13 Back-EMF and Motor Phase Current Sensing.....	2-17
2.14 Quadrature Encoder/Hall-Effect Interface.....	2-17
2.15 Zero-Crossing Detection .....	2-18

2.16	Peripheral Connectors . . . . .	2-19
2.16.1	External Control Signal Expansion Connector . . . . .	2-19
2.16.2	Timer Channel D Expansion Connector . . . . .	2-19
2.16.3	A/D Port Expansion Connector . . . . .	2-20
2.16.4	Serial Communications Port Expansion Connector . . . . .	2-20

**Appendix A**  
**DSP56F801EVM Schematics**

**Appendix B**  
**DSP56F801EVM Bill of Material**

# List of Figures

---

1-1	Block Diagram of the DSP56F801EVM . . . . .	1-2
1-2	DSP56F801EVM Jumper Reference . . . . .	1-3
1-3	Connecting the DSP56F801EVM Cables. . . . .	1-4
2-1	Block Diagram of the RS-232 Interface . . . . .	2-4
2-2	Block Diagram of the Clock Interface . . . . .	2-5
2-3	Block Diagram of the Debug LED Interface . . . . .	2-5
2-4	Block Diagram of the Parallel JTAG Interface. . . . .	2-7
2-5	Block Diagram of the User Interrupt Interface . . . . .	2-8
2-6	Block Diagram of the RESET Interface . . . . .	2-9
2-7	Block Diagram of the Power Supply . . . . .	2-10
2-8	RUN/STOP and General Purpose Switches . . . . .	2-13
2-9	PWM Interface and LEDs. . . . .	2-14
2-10	FAULT0 Selection Circuit . . . . .	2-16
2-11	Back-EMF or Motor Phase Current Sense Signals. . . . .	2-17
2-12	Zero-Crossing Encoder Interface . . . . .	2-18
A-1	DSP56F801 Processor . . . . .	A-2
A-2	RESET, MODE, CLOCK, IRQ AND RUN/STOP SWITCH . . . . .	A-3
A-3	DSP56F801 PWM LEDs AND USER LED . . . . .	A-4
A-4	RS-232 AND SCI CONNECTORS . . . . .	A-5
A-5	PARALLEL JTAG HOST TARGET INTERFACE AND JTAG CONNECTOR. . . . .	A-6
A-6	OVER VOLTAGE/CURRENT DETECTORS & BACK-EMF/PHASE-CURRENT INPUT SELECTORS . . . . .	A-7
A-7	HALL-EFFECT/ZERO-CROSSING AND PFC SELECTION. . . . .	A-8
A-8	UNI-3 INTERFACE. . . . .	A-9
A-9	PORT TIMER D, A/D, SPI, SCI, PWM AND CONTROL LINE CONNECTORS . . . . .	A-10
A-10	POWER SUPPLIES +3.3V AND +5.0V . . . . .	A-11
A-11	BYPASS CAPACITORS AND SPARE GATES. . . . .	A-12



# List of Tables

---

1-1	DSP56F801EVM Default Jumper Options. . . . .	1-3
2-1	RS-232 Serial Connector Description. . . . .	2-4
2-2	JTAG Connector Description . . . . .	2-6
2-3	Parallel JTAG Interface Disable Jumper Selection. . . . .	2-6
2-4	Parallel JTAG Interface Connector Description. . . . .	2-7
2-5	UNI-3 Connector Description. . . . .	2-11
2-6	FAULT0 Source Selection Jumper. . . . .	2-16
2-7	External Control Signal Connector Description . . . . .	2-19
2-8	Timer D Connector Description . . . . .	2-19
2-9	A/D Port Connector Description. . . . .	2-20
2-10	SCI0 Connector Description . . . . .	2-20





# Preface

This reference manual describes in detail the hardware on the DSP56F801 Evaluation Module.

## Audience

This document is intended for application developers who are creating software for devices using the Motorola DSP56F801 part.

## Organization

This manual is organized into two chapters and two appendixes.

- **Chapter 1, Introduction** - provides an overview of the EVM and its features.
- **Chapter 2, Technical Summary** - describes in detail the DSP56F801 hardware.
- **Appendix A, DSP56F801EVM Schematics** - contains the schematics of the DSP56F801EVM.
- **Appendix B, DSP56F801EVM Bill of Material** - provides a list of the materials used on the DSP56F801EVM board.

## Suggested Reading

More documentation on the DSP56F801 and the DSP56F801EVM kit may be found at URL:

**<http://www.mot.com/SPS/DSP/documentation/index.html>**

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## Notation Conventions

This manual uses the following notational conventions:

Term or Value	Symbol	Examples	Exceptions
Active High Signals (Logic One)	No special symbol attached to the signal name	A0 CLKO	
Active Low Signals (Logic Zero)	Noted with an overbar in text and in most figures	$\overline{WE}$ OE	In schematic drawings, Active Low Signals may be noted by a back- slash: /WE
Hexadecimal Values	Begin with a "\$" sym- bol	\$0FF0 \$80	
Decimal Values	No special symbol attached to the number	10 34	
Binary Values	Begin with the letter "b" attached to the number	b1010 b0011	
Blue Text	Linkable on-line	...refer to <a href="#">Chapter 7</a> , License	
Bold	Reference sources, paths, emphasis	...see: <a href="http://www.mot.com/SPS/DSP...">http://www.mot.com/SPS/DSP...</a>	

## Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

Definitions, acronyms and abbreviations for terms used in this document are defined below for reference. References

<b>A/D</b>	Analog to Digital
<b>D/A</b>	Digital to Analog
<b>DSP</b>	Digital Signal Processor or Digital Signal Processing
<b>EVM</b>	Evaluation Module
<b>GPIO</b>	General Purpose Input and Output Port on Motorola's Family of DSPs
<b>IC</b>	Integrated Circuit
<b>JTAG</b>	Joint Test Action Group. A bus protocol/interface used for test and debug.
<b>LQFP</b>	Low profile Quad Flat Pack

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<b>MPIO</b>	Multi Purpose Input and Output Port on Motorola's Family of DSPs. Shares package pins with other peripherals on the chip and can function as a GPIO.
<b>OnCE™</b>	On-Chip Emulation, a debug bus and port created by Motorola to enable designers to create a low-cost hardware interface for a professional quality debug environment.
<b>PCB</b>	Printed Circuit Board
<b>PLL</b>	Phase Locked Loop
<b>PWM</b>	Pulse Width Modulation
<b>RAM</b>	Random Access Memory
<b>ROM</b>	Read Only Memory
<b>SCI</b>	Serial Communications Interface
<b>SPI</b>	Serial Peripheral Interface Port on Motorola's Family of DSPs
<b>SRAM</b>	Static Random Access Memory

## References

The following sources were referenced to produce this manual:

- [1] DSP56800 Family Manual, Motorola
- [2] DSP56F801 Digital Signal Processor User's Manual, Motorola
- [3] DSP56F801 Digital Signal Processor Technical Data, Motorola



# Chapter 1

## Introduction

The DSP56F801EVM is used to demonstrate the abilities of the DSP56F801 and to provide a hardware tool allowing the development of applications that use the DSP56F801.

The DSP56F801EVM is an evaluation module board that includes a DSP56F801 part, peripheral expansion connectors, external memory and a JTAG interface. The expansion connectors are for signal monitoring and user feature expandability.

The DSP56F801EVM is designed for the following purposes:

- Allowing new users to become familiar with the features of the 56800 architecture. The tools and examples provided with the DSP56F801EVM facilitate evaluation of the feature set and the benefits of the family.
- Serving as a platform for real-time software development. The tool suite enables the user to develop and simulate routines, download the software to on-chip or on-board RAM, run it, and debug it using a debugger via the JTAG/OnCE™ port. The breakpoint features of the OnCE port enable the user to easily specify complex break conditions and to execute user-developed software at full-speed, until the break conditions are satisfied. The ability to examine and modify all user accessible registers, memory and peripherals through the OnCE port greatly facilitates the task of the developer.
- Serving as a platform for hardware development. The hardware platform enables the user to connect external hardware peripherals. The on-board peripherals can be disabled, providing the user with the ability to reassign any and all of the DSP's peripherals. The OnCE port's unobtrusive design means that all of the memory on the board and on the DSP chip are available to the user.

## 1.1 DSP56F801EVM Architecture

The DSP56F801EVM facilitates the evaluation of various features present in the DSP56F801 part. The DSP56F801EVM can be used to develop real-time software and hardware products based on the DSP56F801. The DSP56F801EVM provides the features necessary for a user to write and debug software, demonstrate the functionality of that software and interface with the customer's application-specific device(s). The DSP56F801EVM is flexible enough to allow a user to fully exploit the DSP56F801's features to optimize the performance of their product, as shown in [Figure 1-1](#).

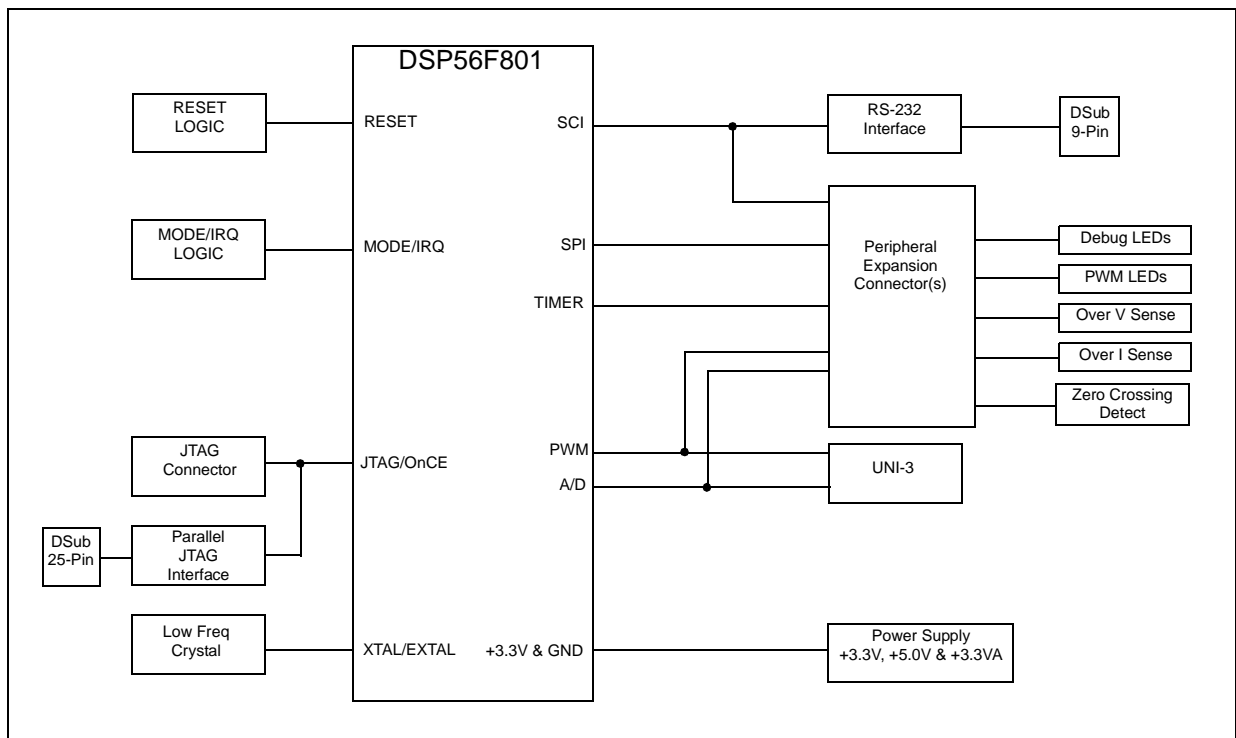
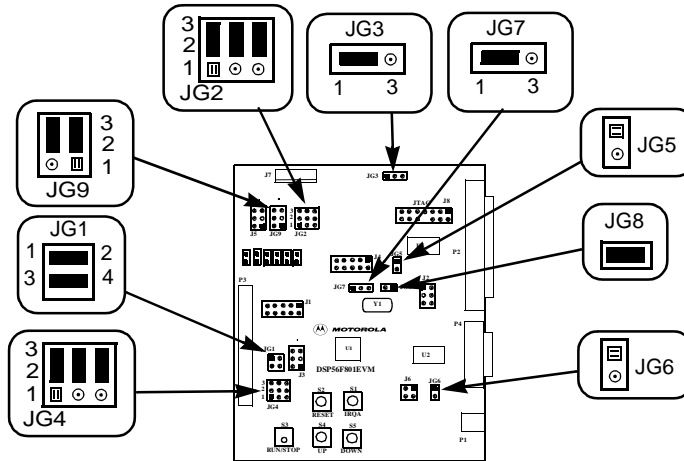


Figure 1-1. Block Diagram of the DSP56F801EVM

## 1.2 DSP56F801EVM Configuration Jumpers

Nine jumper groups, (JG1-JG9), shown in **Figure 1-2**, are used to configure various features on the DSP56F801EVM board. **Table 1-1** describes the default jumper group settings.



**Figure 1-2. DSP56F801EVM Jumper Reference**

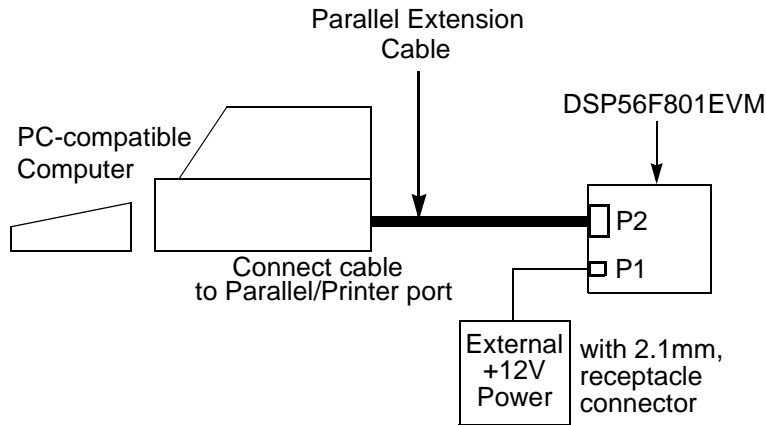
**Table 1-1. DSP56F801EVM Default Jumper Options**

Jumper Group	Comment	Jumpers Connections
JG1	UNI-3 serial selected	1-2, 3-4
JG2	Encoder Input Selected	2-3, 5-6 & 8-9
JG3	UNI-3 Over-Voltage Selected for FAULT0	1-2
JG4	UNI-3 3-Phase Current Sense Selected as inputs to A/D	2-3, 5-6 & 8-9
JG5	Enable on-board Parallel JTAG Host/Target Interface	NC
JG6	Enable RS-232 output	NC
JG7	Use on-board EXTAL crystal input for DSP oscillator	1-2
JG8	Use on-board XTAL crystal input for DSP oscillator	1-2
JG9	Encoder Input Selected to TD1 and TD2	2-3, 5-6

---

## 1.3 DSP56F801EVM Connections

An interconnection diagram is shown in [Figure 1-3](#) for connecting the PC and the external +12V DC power supply to the DSP56F801EVM board.



**Figure 1-3. Connecting the DSP56F801EVM Cables**

Perform the following steps to connect the DSP56F801EVM cables:

1. Connect the parallel extension cable to the Parallel port of the host computer.
2. Connect the other end of the parallel extension cable to P2, shown in [Figure 1-3](#), on the DSP56F801EVM board. This provides the connection which allows the host computer to control the board.
3. Make sure that the external +12V DC, 4.0A power supply is not plugged into a 120V AC power source.
4. Connect the 2.1mm output power plug from the external power supply into P1, shown in [Figure 1-3](#), on the DSP56F801EVM board.
5. Apply power to the external power supply. The green Power-On LED, LED8, will illuminate when power is correctly applied.



# Chapter 2

## Technical Summary

The DSP56F801EVM is designed as a versatile Digital Signal Processor, (DSP), development card for developing real-time software and hardware products to support a new generation of applications in digital and wireless messaging, servo and motor control, digital answering machines, feature phones, modems, and digital cameras. The power of the 16-bit DSP56F801 DSP, combined with the Hall-Effect/Quadrature Encoder interface, motor zero crossing logic, motor bus over-current logic, motor bus over-voltage logic and parallel JTAG interface, makes the DSP56F801EVM ideal for developing and implementing many motor controlling algorithms, as well as for learning the architecture and instruction set of the DSP56F801 processor.

The main features of the DSP56F801EVM, with board and schematic reference designators include:

- DSP56F801 16-bit +3.3V Digital Signal Processor operating at 80MHz [U1]
- 8.00MHz crystal oscillator for DSP frequency generation [Y1]
- Optional external oscillator frequency input connector [JG7 and JG8]
- Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) port interface connector for an external debug Host Target Interface [J8]
- On-board Parallel JTAG Host Target Interface, with a connector for a PC printer port cable [P2]
- RS-232 interface for easy connection to a host processor [U2 and P4]
- Connector to allow the user to connect their own SCI / MPIO compatible peripheral [J6]
- Connector to allow the user to connect their own SPI / MPIO compatible peripheral [J3]
- Connector to allow the user to connect their own PWM or MPIO compatible peripheral [J1]
- Connector to allow the user to connect their own Timer D/ MPIO compatible peripheral [J5]

- 
- Connector to allow the user to attach their own A/D port compatible peripheral [J4]
  - On-board power regulation from an external 12V DC-supplied power input [P1]
  - Light Emitting Diode (LED) power indicator [LED8]
  - One on-board real-time user debugging LED [LED7]
  - Six on-board PWM monitoring LEDs [LED1-6]
  - UNI-3 Motor interface [P3]
    - Encoder/Hall-Effect interface and selector [JG2 & JG9]
    - Over-Voltage sensing [U6]
    - Over-Current sensing [U6]
    - Back-EMF sensing and selector [JG4]
    - Zero Crossing detection and selector [JG2 & JG9]
    - Pulse Width Modulation
  - Manual RESET push button [S2]
  - Manual interrupt push button for  $\overline{\text{IRQA}}$  [S1]
  - General purpose push-button on AN6 for Speed UP [S4]
  - General purpose push button on AN6 for Speed DOWN [S5]
  - General purpose toggle switch for RUN/STOP control(AN7) [S3]

## 2.1 DSP56F801

The DSP56F801EVM uses a Motorola DSP56F801FV80 part, designated as U1 on the board and in the schematics. This part will operate at a maximum speed of 80MHz. A full description of the DSP56F801, including functionality and user information, is provided in these documents:

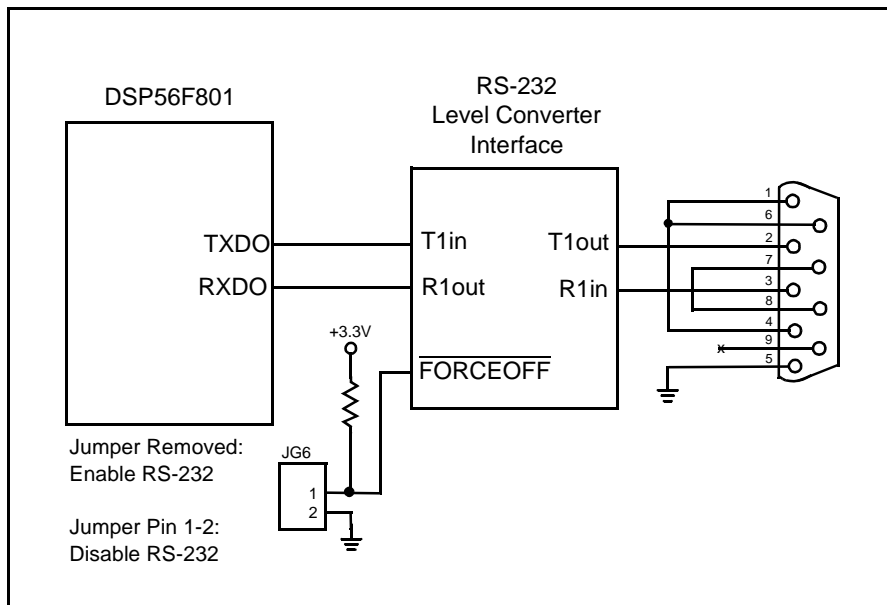
- *DSP56F801 Technical Data*, (DSP56F801/D): Provides features list and specifications including signal descriptions, DC power requirements, AC timing requirements and available packaging.
- *DSP56F801 User's Manual*, (DSP56F801UM/AD): Provides an overview description of the DSP and detailed information about the on-chip components including the memory and I/O maps, peripheral functionality, and control/status register descriptions for each subsystem.
- *DSP56F80x Family Manual*, (DSP56F80xFM/AD): Provides a detailed description of the core processor, including internal status and control registers and a detailed description of the family instruction set.

Refer to these documents for detailed information about chip functionality and operation. They can be found on this URL:

**<http://www.mot.com/SPS/DSP/documentation/index.html>**

## 2.2 RS-232 Serial Communications

The DSP56F801EVM provides an RS-232 interface by the use of an RS-232 level converter, (Maxim MAX3245EEAI, designated as U2). Refer to the RS-232 schematic diagram in [Figure 2-1](#). The RS-232 level converter transitions the SCI UART's +3.3V signal levels to RS-232 compatible signal levels and connects to the host's serial port via connector P4. Flow control is not provided, but could be implemented using uncommitted GPIO signals. The pinout of connector P4 is listed in [Table 2-1](#). The RS-232 level converter/transceiver can be disabled by placing a jumper at JG6.



**Figure 2-1. Block Diagram of the RS-232 Interface**

**Table 2-1. RS-232 Serial Connector Description**

P4			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	Jumper to 6 & 4	6	Jumper to 1 & 4
2	TXD	7	Jumper to 8
3	RXD	8	Jumper to 7
4	Jumper to 1 & 6	9	N/C
5	GND		

## 2.3 Clock Source

The DSP56F801EVM uses an 8.00MHz crystal, Y1, connected to its External Crystal Inputs, EXTAL and XTAL. The DSP56F801 uses its internal PLL to multiply the input frequency by 10, to achieve its 80MHz maximum operating frequency. An external oscillator source can be connected to the DSP by using the oscillator bypass connector, JG7 and JG8; see [Figure 2-2](#).

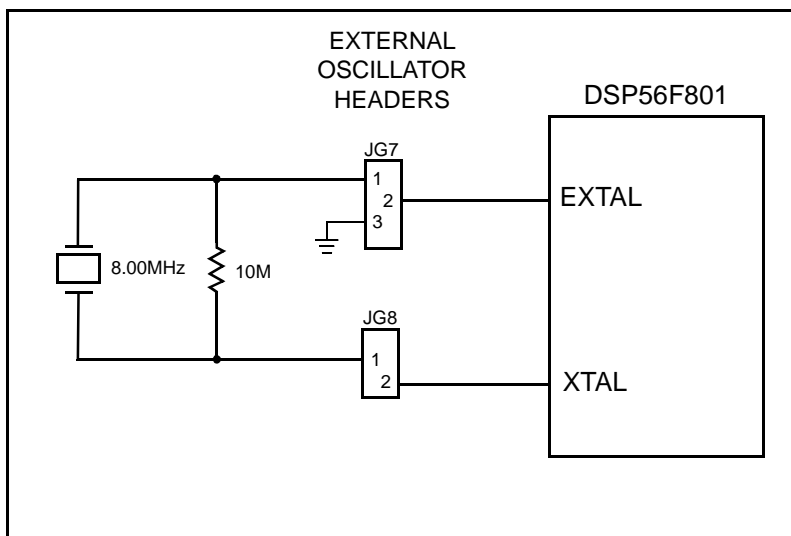


Figure 2-2. Block Diagram of the Clock Interface

## 2.4 Debug LEDs

One on-board Light-Emitting Diode (LED) is provided to allow real-time debugging for user programs. This LED allows the programmer to monitor program execution without having to stop the program during debugging; refer to [Figure 2-3](#). This user LED, designated LED7, is controlled by the MOSI signal. Setting the MOSI to a Logic One value will turn on the LED.

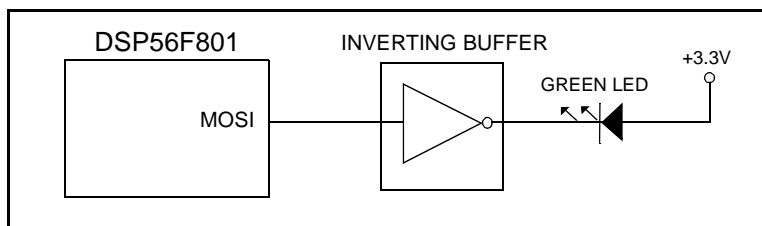


Figure 2-3. Block Diagram of the Debug LED Interface

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## 2.5 Debug Support

The DSP56F801EVM provides an on-board Parallel JTAG Host Target Interface and a JTAG interface connector for external Target Interface support. Two interface connectors are provided to support each of these debugging approaches. These two connectors are designated the JTAG connector and the Host Parallel Interface Connector.

### 2.5.1 JTAG Connector

The JTAG connector on the DSP56F801EVM allows the connection of an external Host Target Interface for downloading programs and working with the DSP56F801's registers. This connector is used to communicate with an external Host Target Interface which passes information and data back and forth with a host processor running a debugger program. [Table 2-2](#) shows the pin-out for this connector.

**Table 2-2. JTAG Connector Description**

J8			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	TDI	2	GND
3	TDO	4	GND
5	TCK	6	GND
7	NC	8	KEY
9	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	10	TMS
11	+3.3V	12	NC
13	NC	14	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$

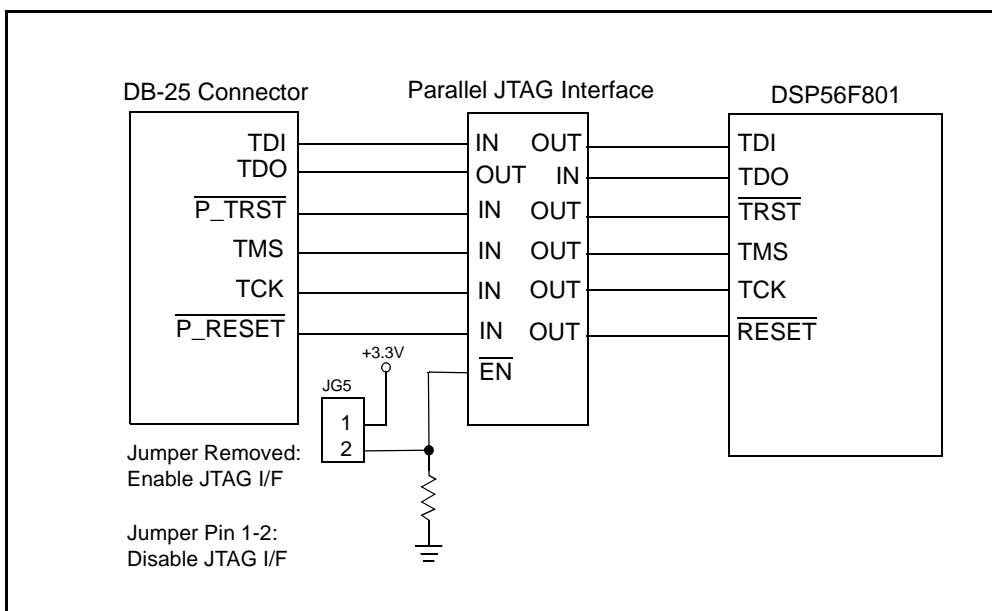
When this connector is used with an external Host Target Interface, the parallel JTAG interface should be disabled by placing a jumper in jumper block JG5. Reference [Table 2-3](#) for this jumper's selection options.

**Table 2-3. Parallel JTAG Interface Disable Jumper Selection**

JG5	Comment
No jumpers	On-board Parallel JTAG Interface Enabled
1–2	Disable on-board Parallel JTAG Interface

## 2.5.2 Parallel JTAG Interface Connector

The Parallel JTAG Interface Connector, P2, allows the DSP56F801 to communicate with a Parallel Printer Port on a Windows PC; reference [Figure 2-4](#). By using this connector, the user can download programs and work with the DSP56F801's registers. [Table 2-4](#) shows the pin-out for this connector. When using the parallel JTAG interface, the jumper at JG5 should be removed, as shown in [Table 2-3](#).



**Figure 2-4. Block Diagram of the Parallel JTAG Interface**

**Table 2-4. Parallel JTAG Interface Connector Description**

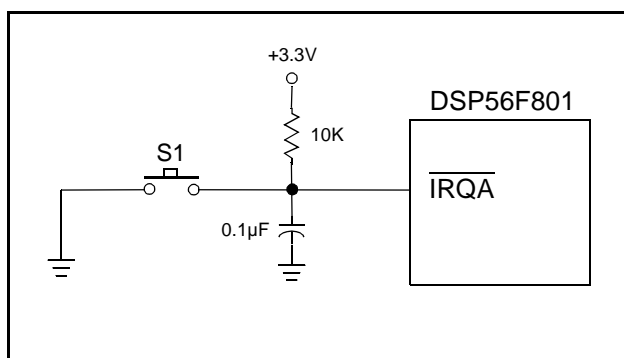
P2			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	NC	14	NC
2	PORT_RESET	15	PORT_IDENT
3	PORT_TMS	16	NC
4	PORT_TCK	17	NC
5	PORT_TDI	18	GND
6	$\overline{\text{PORT\_TRST}}$	19	GND
7	NC	20	GND
8	PORT_IDENT	21	GND

**Table 2-4. Parallel JTAG Interface Connector Description**

P2			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
9	PORT_VCC	22	GND
10	NC	23	GND
11	PORT_TDO	24	GND
12	NC	25	GND
13	PORT_CONNECT		

## 2.6 External Interrupt

One on-board push-button switch is provided for external interrupt generation, as shown in [Figure 2-5](#). S1 allows the user to generate a hardware interrupt for signal line  $\overline{\text{IRQA}}$ . This switch allows the user to generate interrupts for his user-specific programs.



**Figure 2-5. Block Diagram of the User Interrupt Interface**



## 2.7 Reset

Logic is provided on the DSP56F801 to generate a clean Power-On RESET signal. Additional, reset logic is provided to support the RESET signals from the JTAG connector, the Parallel JTAG Interface and the user RESET push-button; refer to [Figure 2-6](#).

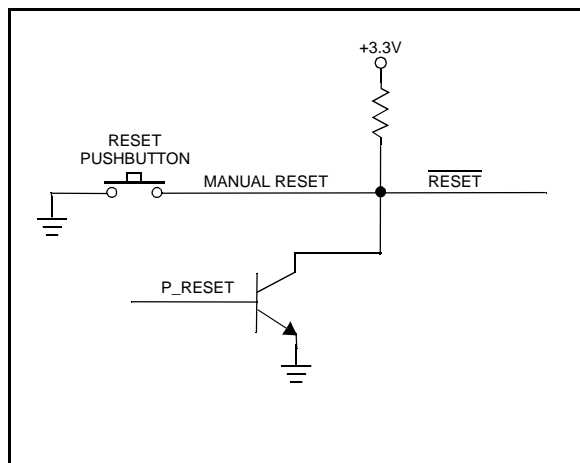


Figure 2-6. Block Diagram of the RESET Interface

## 2.8 Power Supply

The main power input to the DSP56F801EVM, +12V DC at 4.0A, is through a 2.1mm coax power jack. A 4.0A power supply is provided with the DSP56F801EVM; however, less than 300mA is required by the EVM. The remaining current is available for user motor control applications when connected to an optional motor power stage board. The DSP56F801EVM provides +3.3V DC voltage regulation for the DSP, parallel JTAG interface and supporting logic; refer to [Figure 2-7](#). Power applied to the DSP56F801EVM is indicated with a Power-On LED, referenced as LED8.

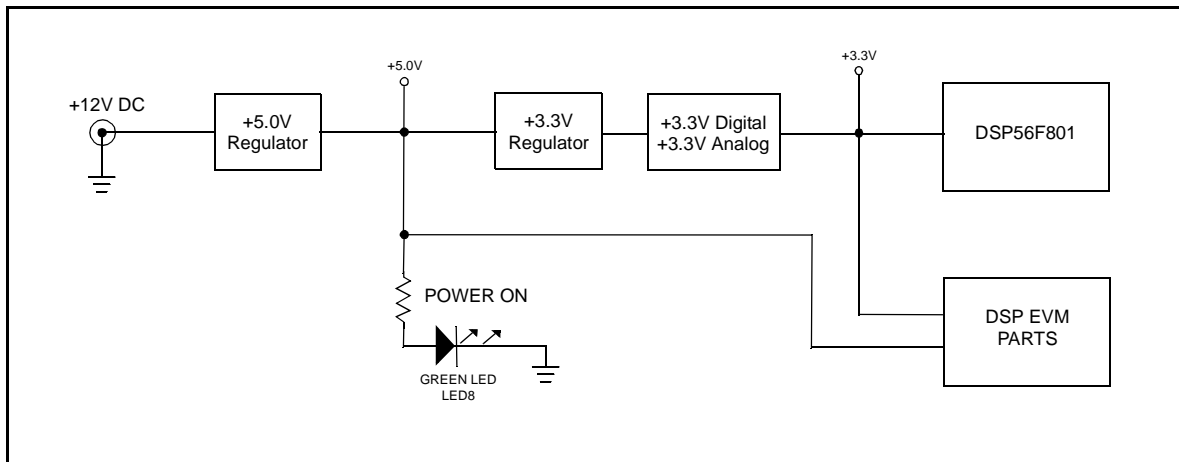


Figure 2-7. Block Diagram of the Power Supply

## 2.9 UNI-3 Interface

Motor control signals from a family of motor driver boards can be connected to the EVM board via the UNI-3 connector/interface. The UNI-3 connector/interface contains all of the signals needed to drive and control the motor drive boards. These signals are connected to various groups of the DSP's input and output ports; A/D, TIMER and PWM. The header, JG4, is used to select between the Back-EMF and Motor Phase Current signals. Refer to [Table 2-5](#) for the pin out of the UNI-3 connector, P3.

**Table 2-5. UNI-3 Connector Description**

P3			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	PWM_AT	2	Shield
3	PWM_AB	4	Shield
5	PWM_BT	6	Shield
7	PWM_BB	8	Shield
9	PWM_CT	10	Shield
11	PWM_CB	12	GND
13	GND	14	+5.0V DC
15	+5.0V DC	16	Analog +3.3V DC
17	Analog GND	18	Analog GND
19	Analog +15V DC	20	Analog -15V DC
21	Motor DC Bus Voltage Sense	22	Motor DC Bus Current Sense
23	Motor Phase A Current Sense	24	Motor Phase B Current Sense
25	Motor Phase C Current Sense	26	Motor Drive Temperature Sense
27	NC	28	Shield
29	Motor Drive Brake Control	30	Serial COM
31	PFC PWM	32	PFC Inhibit
33	PFC Zero Cross	34	Zero Cross A
35	Zero Cross B	36	Zero Cross C

---

**Table 2-5. UNI-3 Connector Description (Continued)**

<b>P3</b>			
<b>Pin #</b>	<b>Signal</b>	<b>Pin #</b>	<b>Signal</b>
37	Shield	38	Back-EMF Phase A Sense
39	Back-EMF Phase B Sense	40	Back-EMF Phase C Sense

## 2.10 Speed Up/Down Switches and Run/Stop Switch

Two push-button switches are connected to form the Speed UP/DOWN logic via a set of resistors to the A/D Port's signal AN6. The resistors create a voltage divider network presenting unique voltage to the A/D port when each push button is pressed. A RUN/STOP toggle switch is connected to A/D Port's signal AN7. Refer to [Figure 2-8](#).

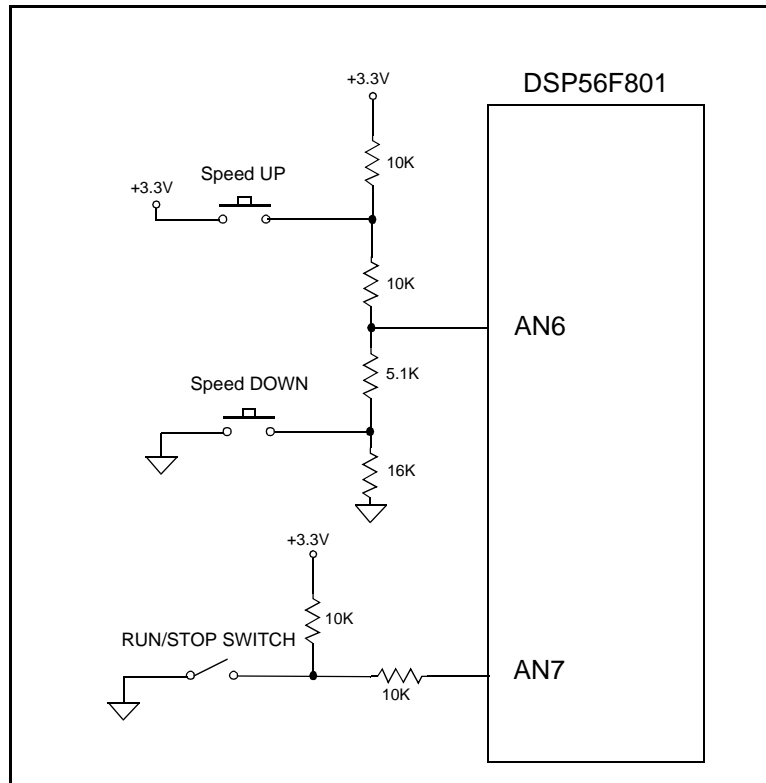


Figure 2-8. RUN/STOP and General Purpose Switches

## 2.11 Motor Control PWM Signals and LEDs

The DSP56F801 has one dedicated PWM unit. The PWM unit's lines are connected to the UNI-3 interface connector and to a set of six PWM LEDs via inverting buffers. The inverting buffers are used to isolate and drive the DSP's PWM's outputs to the PWM LEDs. The PWM LEDs indicate the status of PWM's signals, as shown in [Figure 2-9](#). The PWM signals are routed to a header, J1, and are available for use by the end user.

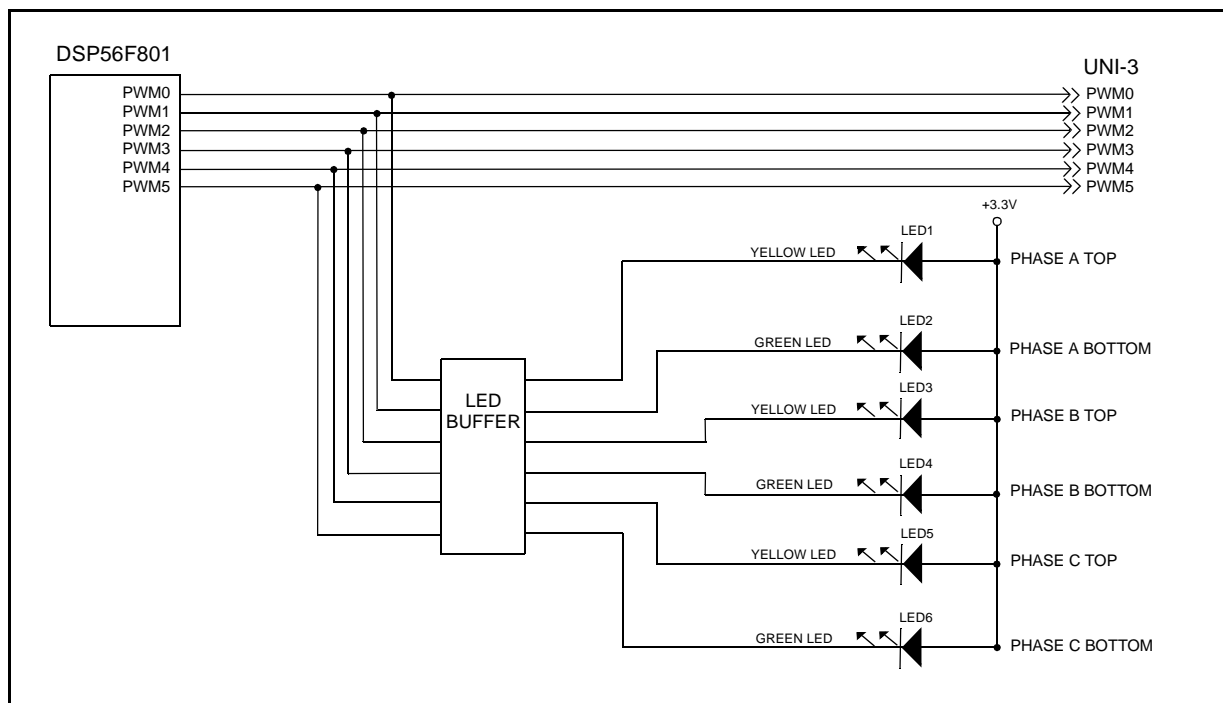


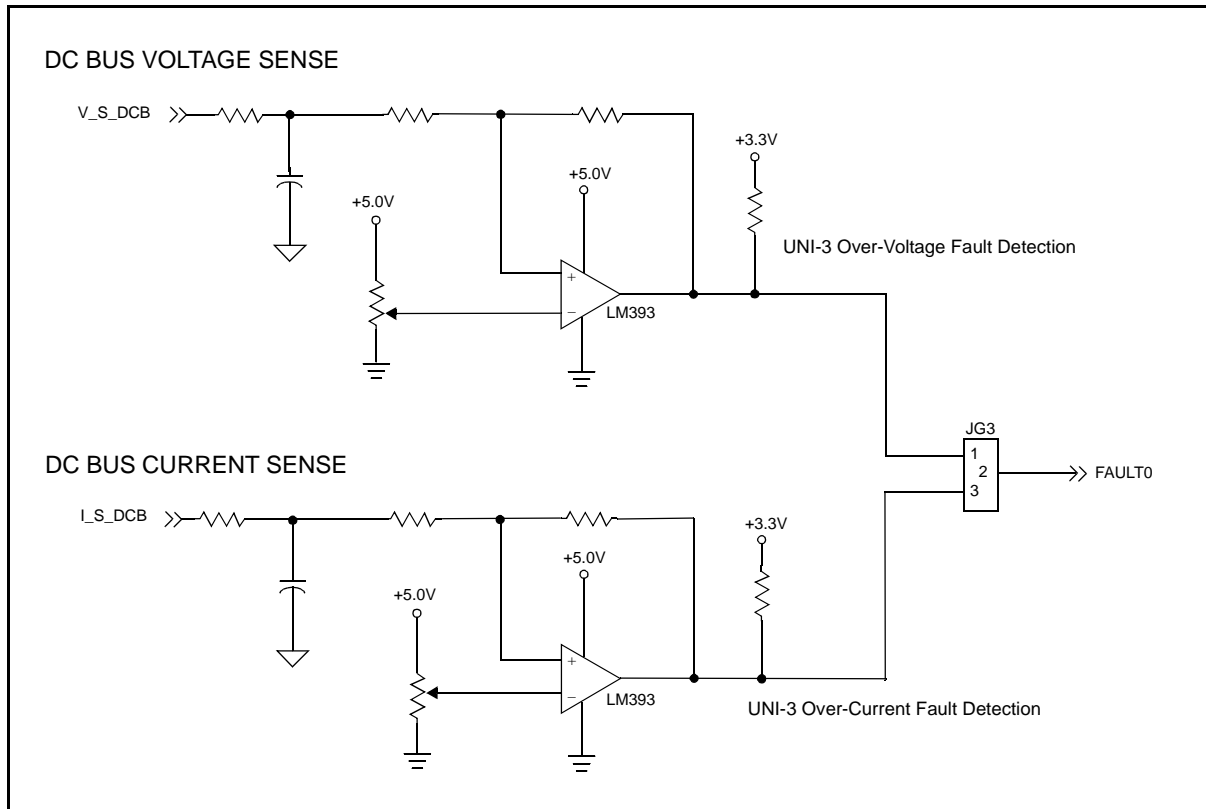
Figure 2-9. PWM Interface and LEDs

## 2.12 Motor Protection Logic

The DSP56F801EVM contains a UNI-3 connector that interfaces with various motor drive boards. The DSP can sense error conditions generated by the motor power stage boards via signals on the UNI-3 connector. The motor driver board's Motor Supply DC Bus Voltage, Current and Motor Phase Currents are sensed on the power stage board. The conditioned signals are transferred to the DSP board via the UNI-3 connector. These analog input signals are compared to a limit set by trimpots. If the input analog signals are greater than the limit set by the trimpot, a DSP digital voltage-compatible +3.3V DC fault signal is generated.

## 2.12.1 UNI-3 Motor Protection Logic

The UNI-3 DC Bus Over-Voltage or the UNI-3 DC Bus Over-Current signal can be connected to the DSP's PWM fault input, FAULT0. Jumper JG3 provides the selection; reference [Figure 2-10](#) and [Table 2-6](#).



**Figure 2-10. FAULT0 Selection Circuit**

**Table 2-6. FAULT0 Source Selection Jumper**

JG3	Comment
1-2	DC Bus Over-Voltage Sense input
2-3	DC Bus Over-Current Sense input



## 2.13 Back-EMF and Motor Phase Current Sensing

The UNI-3 connector supplies Back-EMF and Motor Phase Current signals from the three phases of a motor attached to a motor drive unit. The Back-EMF signals on the UNI-3 connector are derived from a resistor divider network contained in the motor drive unit. These resistors divide down the attached motor's Back-EMF voltages to a 0 to +3.3V level. The Motor Phase Current signals are derived from current sense resistors. Both of these signal groups are then routed to a group of header pins, JG4, that allow the end user to select which signal group the DSP's A/D will monitor; reference [Figure 2-11](#).

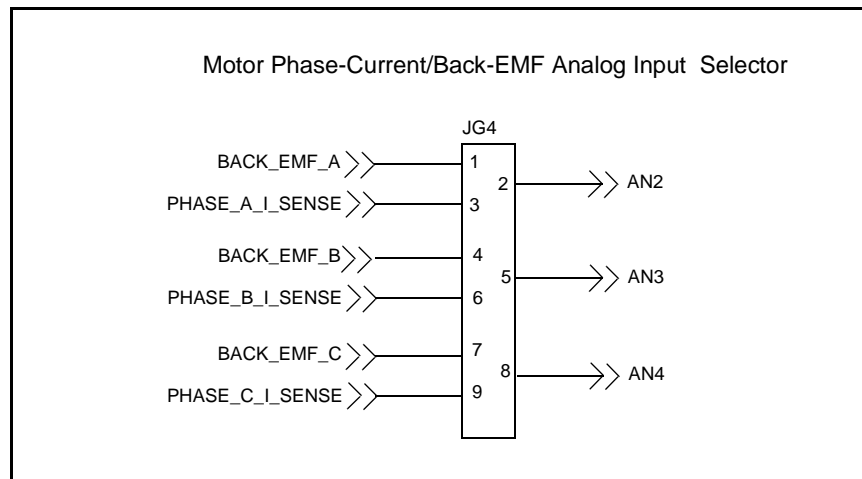


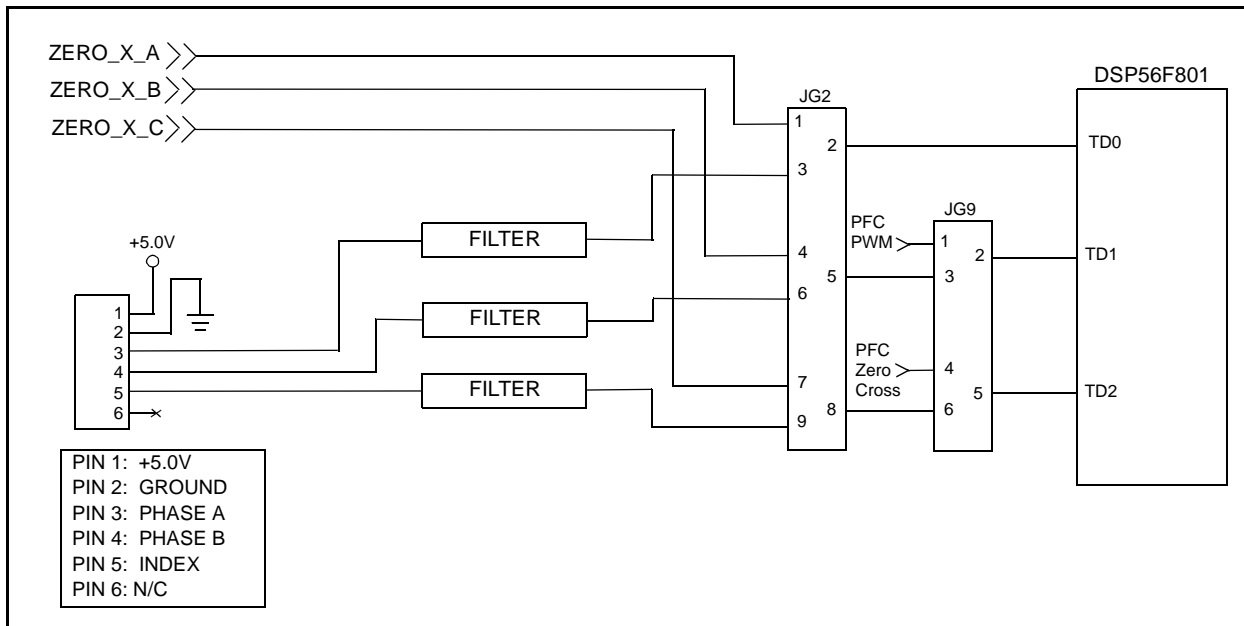
Figure 2-11. Back-EMF or Motor Phase Current Sense Signals

## 2.14 Quadrature Encoder/Hall-Effect Interface

The DSP56F801EVM board contains a Quadrature Encoder/Hall-Effect interface connected to the DSP's Timer D port signals, TD1 and TD2. The circuit is designed to accept +3.0V to +5.0V encoder or Hall-Effect sensor inputs. Input noise filtering is supplied on the input path for the Quadrature Encoder/Hall-Effect interface. [Figure 2-12](#) shows the encoder interface.

## 2.15 Zero-Crossing Detection

An attached UNI-3 motor drive board contains logic that can send out pulses when the phase voltage of an attached 3-phase motor drops to zero. The motor drive board circuits generate a 0 to +5.0V DC pulse via voltage comparators. The resulting pulse signals are sent to a set of jumper blocks shared with the Encoder/Hall-Effect interface. The jumper blocks allow the selection of Zero-Crossing signals or Quadrature Encoder/Hall-Effect signals. When in operation, the DSP will monitor one set of signals, Encoder/Hall-Effect or Zero-Crossing. [Figure 2-12](#) contains the Zero-Crossing and Encoder/Hall circuits.



**Figure 2-12. Zero-Crossing Encoder Interface**

## 2.16 Peripheral Connectors

The EVM board contains a group of Peripheral Expansion Connectors used to gain access to the resources of the DSP56F801. These signal groups have Expansion Connectors:

- Timer Channel D
- A/D Input Port
- Serial Communications Port
- Serial Peripheral Port
- PWM Port
- External Control Lines

### 2.16.1 External Control Signal Expansion Connector

The External Control Signal connector contains the DSP's external interrupt and Reset control signal lines. Refer to [Table 2-7](#) for the names of these signals.

**Table 2-7. External Control Signal Connector Description**

J2			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	$\overline{\text{IRQA}}$	2	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
3	N/C	4	$\overline{\text{DE}}$
5	GND	6	+3.3V

### 2.16.2 Timer Channel D Expansion Connector

The Timer Channel D port is an MPIO port attached to the Timer D expansion connector. Refer to [Table 2-8](#) for the signals attached to the connector.

**Table 2-8. Timer D Connector Description**

J5			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	TD0	2	TD1
3	TD2	4	N/C
5	GND	6	+3.3V

---

### 2.16.3 A/D Port Expansion Connector

The 8-channel Analog to Digital conversion port is attached to this connector. See [Table 2-9](#) for the connection information.

**Table 2-9. A/D Port Connector Description**

J4			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	AN0	2	AN1
3	AN2	4	AN3
5	AN4	6	AN5
7	AN6	8	AN7
9	GND	10	+3.3VA

### 2.16.4 Serial Communications Port Expansion Connector

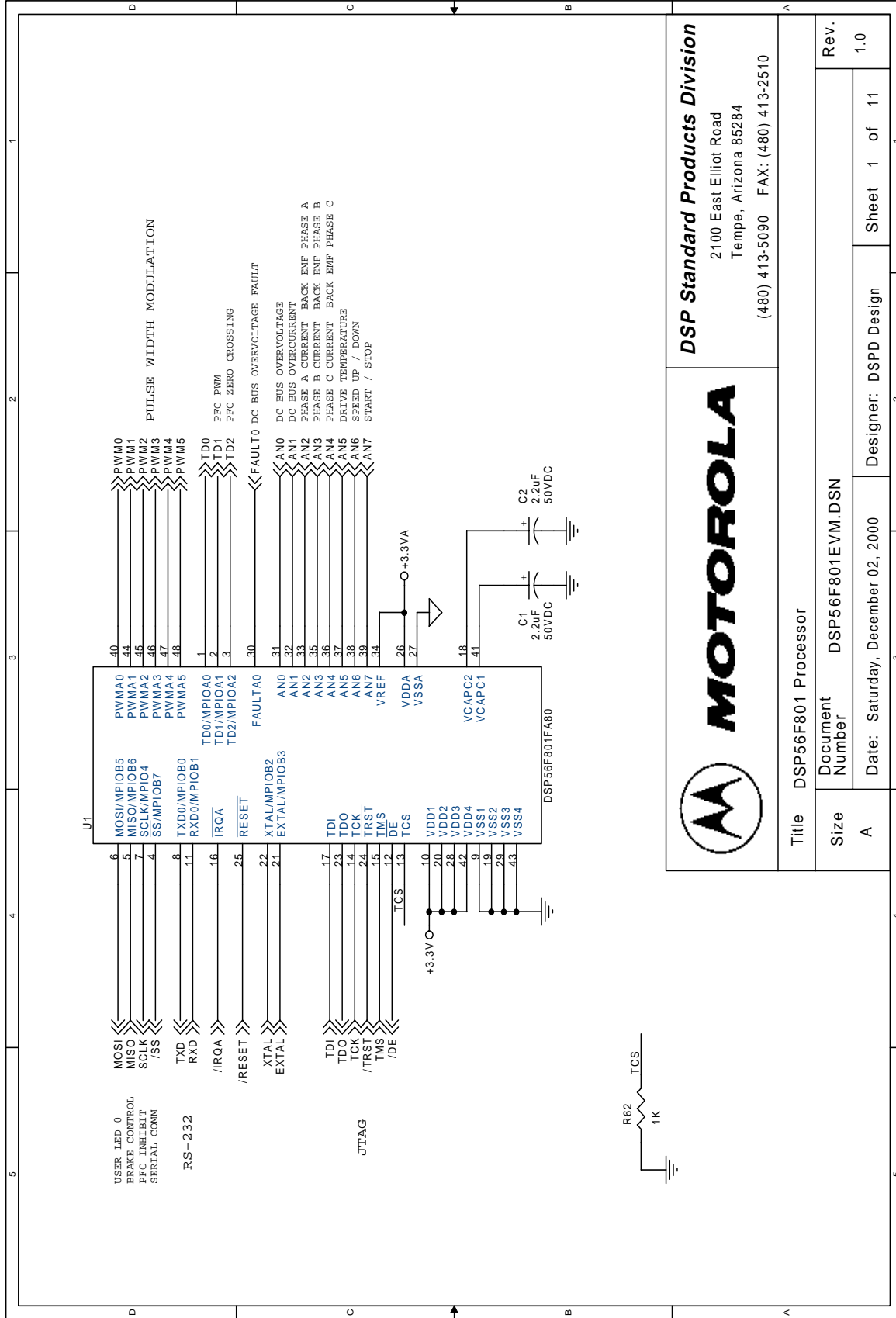
The Serial Communications Port, SCI0, is attached to this connector. See [Table 2-10](#) for the connection information.

**Table 2-10. SCI0 Connector Description**

J6			
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	TXD	2	RXD
3	GND	4	+3.3V

# Appendix A

## DSP56F801EVM Schematics



<b>MOTOROLA</b>		<b>DSP Standard Products Division</b> 2100 East Elliot Road Tempe, Arizona 85284 (480) 413-5090 FAX: (480) 413-2510	
Title DSP56F801 Processor			
Size	Document Number DSP56F801EVM.DSN		Rev. 1.0
A	Date: Saturday, December 02, 2000	Designer: DSPD Design	Sheet 1 of 11

Figure A-1. DSP56F801 Processor

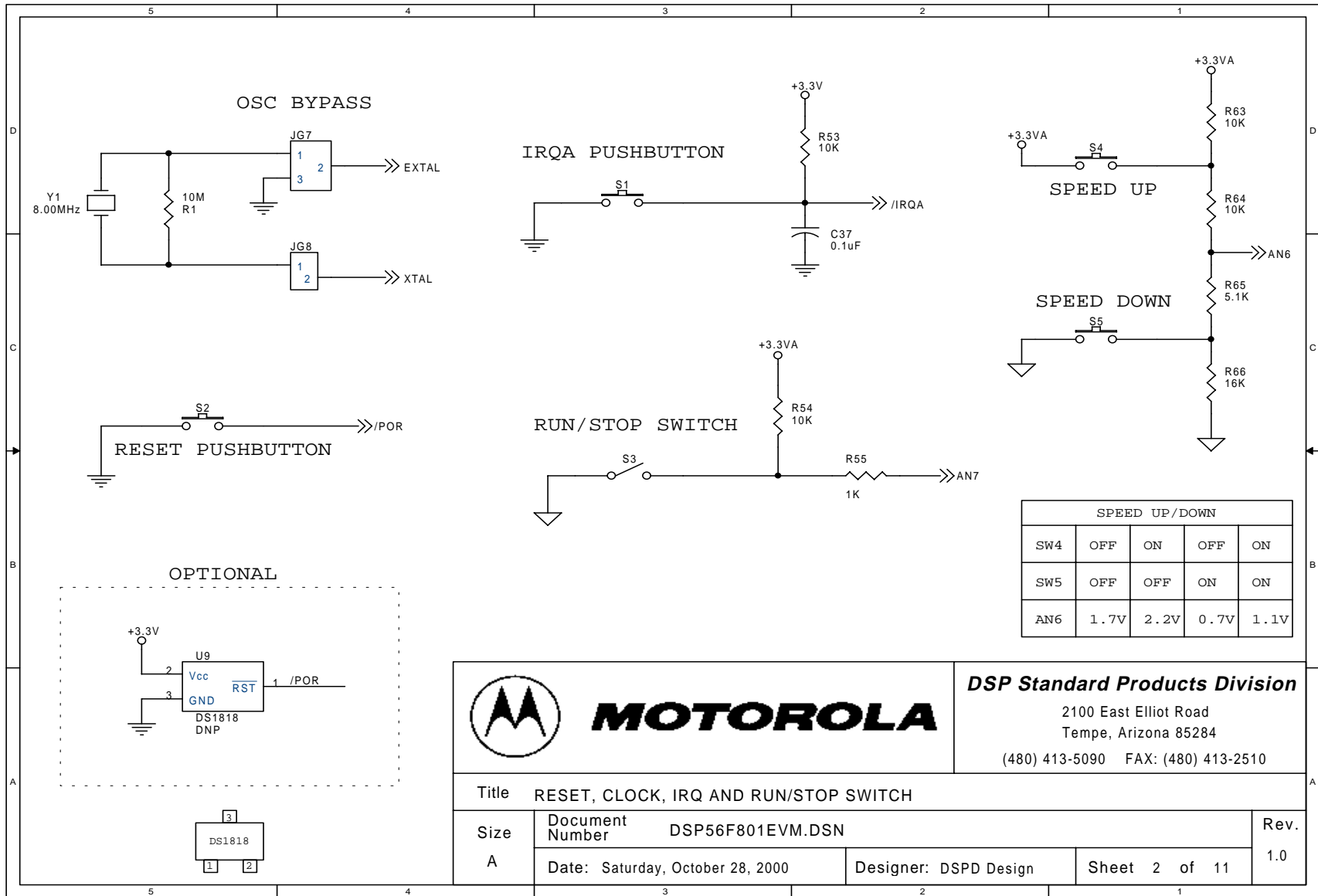
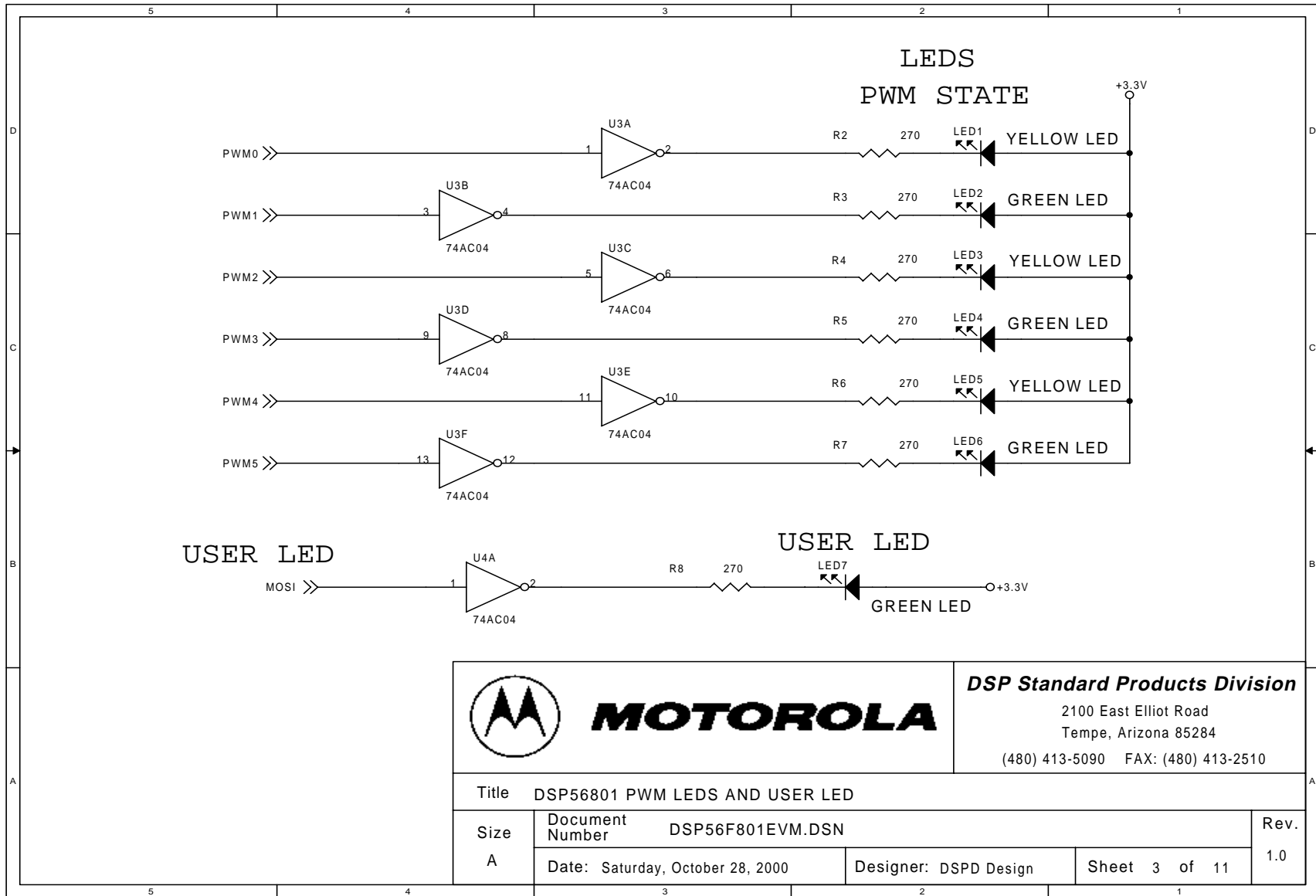


Figure A-2. RESET, MODE, CLOCK, IRQ AND RUN/STOP SWITCH



**Figure A-3. DSP56F801 PWM LEDES AND USER LED**



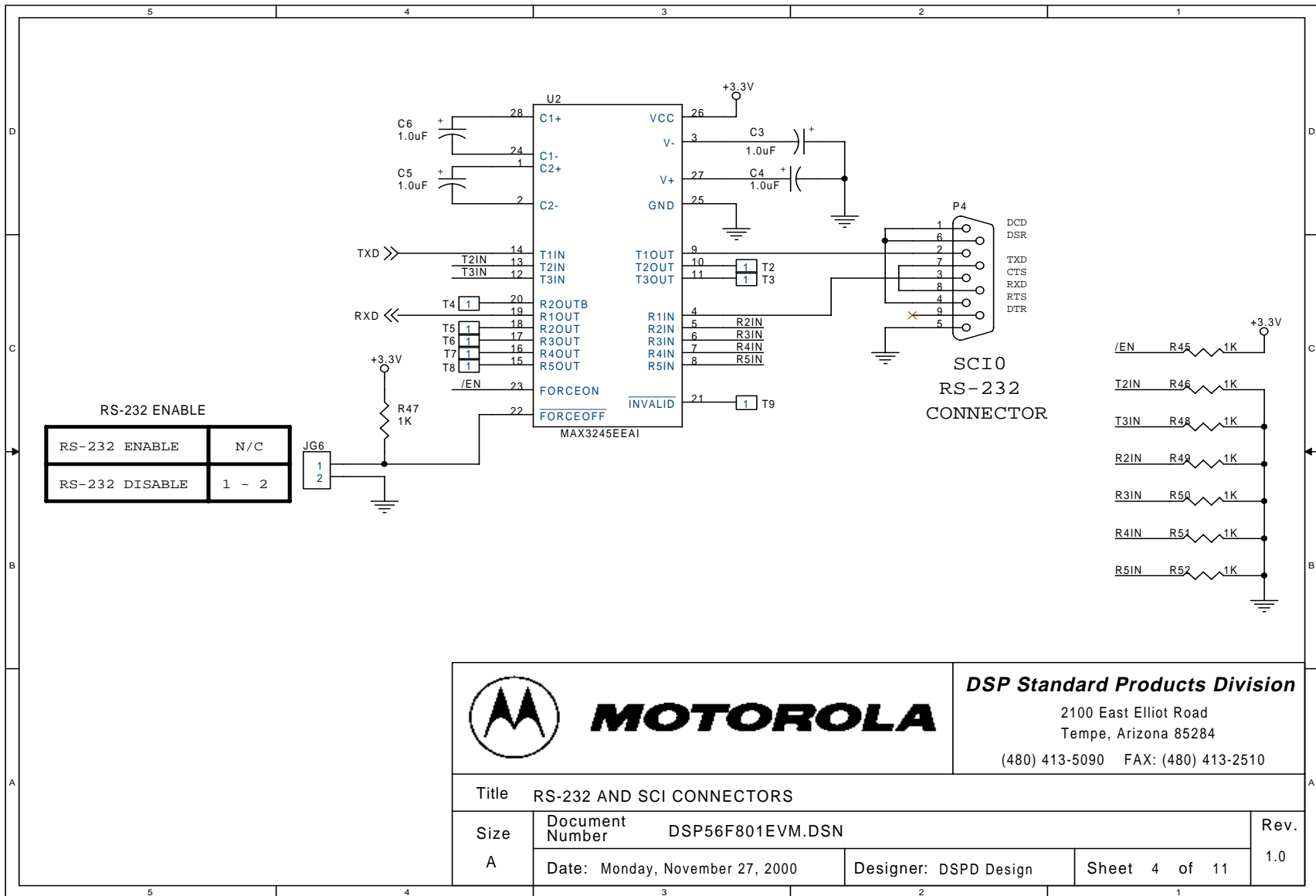



Figure A-4. RS-232 AND SCI CONNECTORS

 <b>MOTOROLA</b>		<b>DSP Standard Products Division</b> 2100 East Elliot Road Tempe, Arizona 85284 (480) 413-5090 FAX: (480) 413-2510	
Title RS-232 AND SCI CONNECTORS			
Size A	Document Number DSP56F801EVM.DSN	Rev. 1.0	
Date: Monday, November 27, 2000		Designer: DSPD Design	Sheet 4 of 11

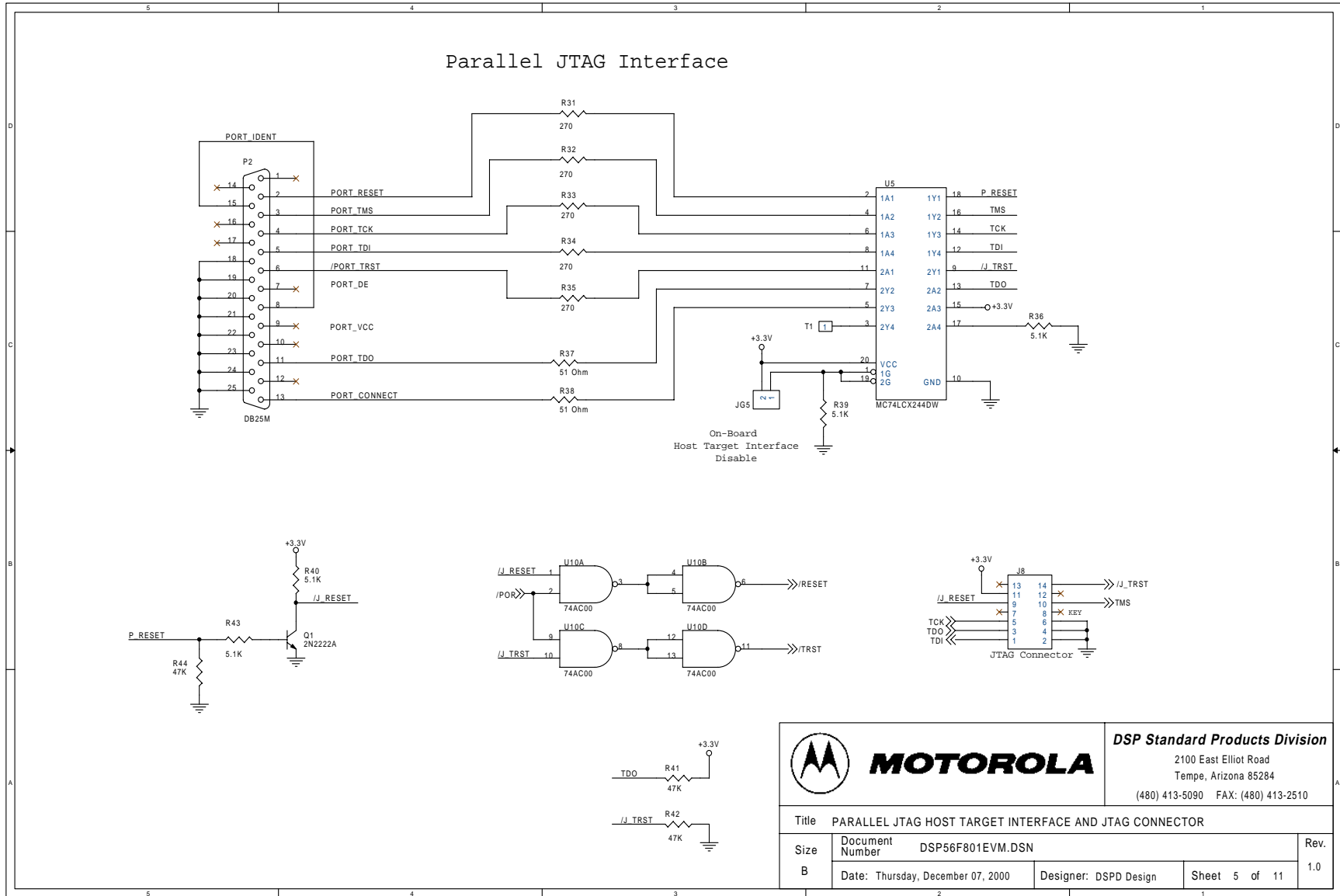
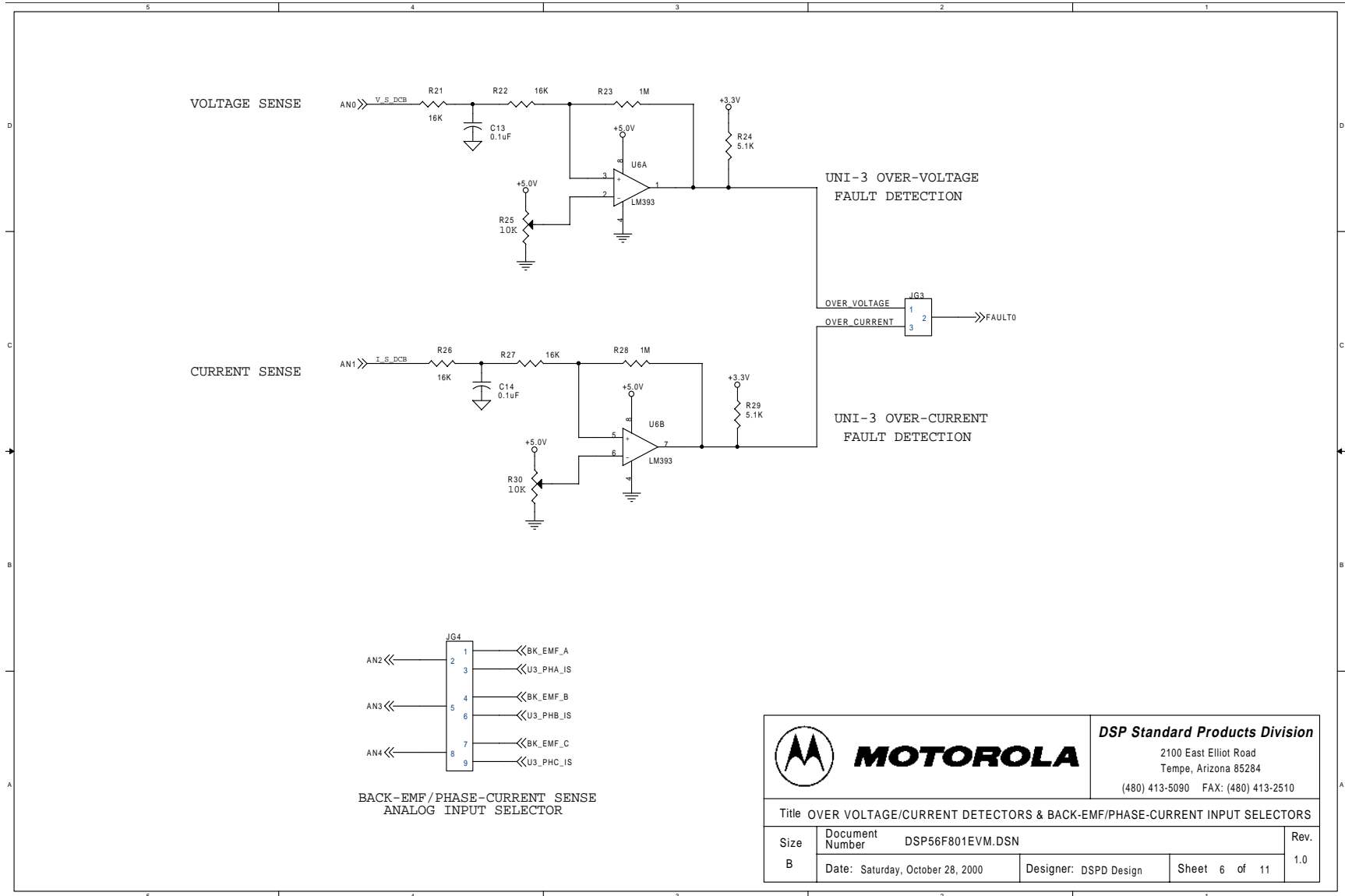


Figure A-5. PARALLEL JTAG HOST TARGET INTERFACE AND JTAG CONNECTOR



		<b>DSP Standard Products Division</b> 2100 East Elliot Road Tempe, Arizona 85284 (480) 413-5090 FAX: (480) 413-2510	
		Title OVER VOLTAGE/CURRENT DETECTORS & BACK-EMF/PHASE-CURRENT INPUT SELECTORS	
Size	Document Number	Rev.	
B	DSP56F801EVM.DSN	Date: Saturday, October 28, 2000	Designer: DSPD Design Sheet 6 of 11 1.0

Figure A-6. OVER VOLTAGE/CURRENT DETECTORS & BACK-EMF/PHASE-CURRENT INPUT SELECTORS

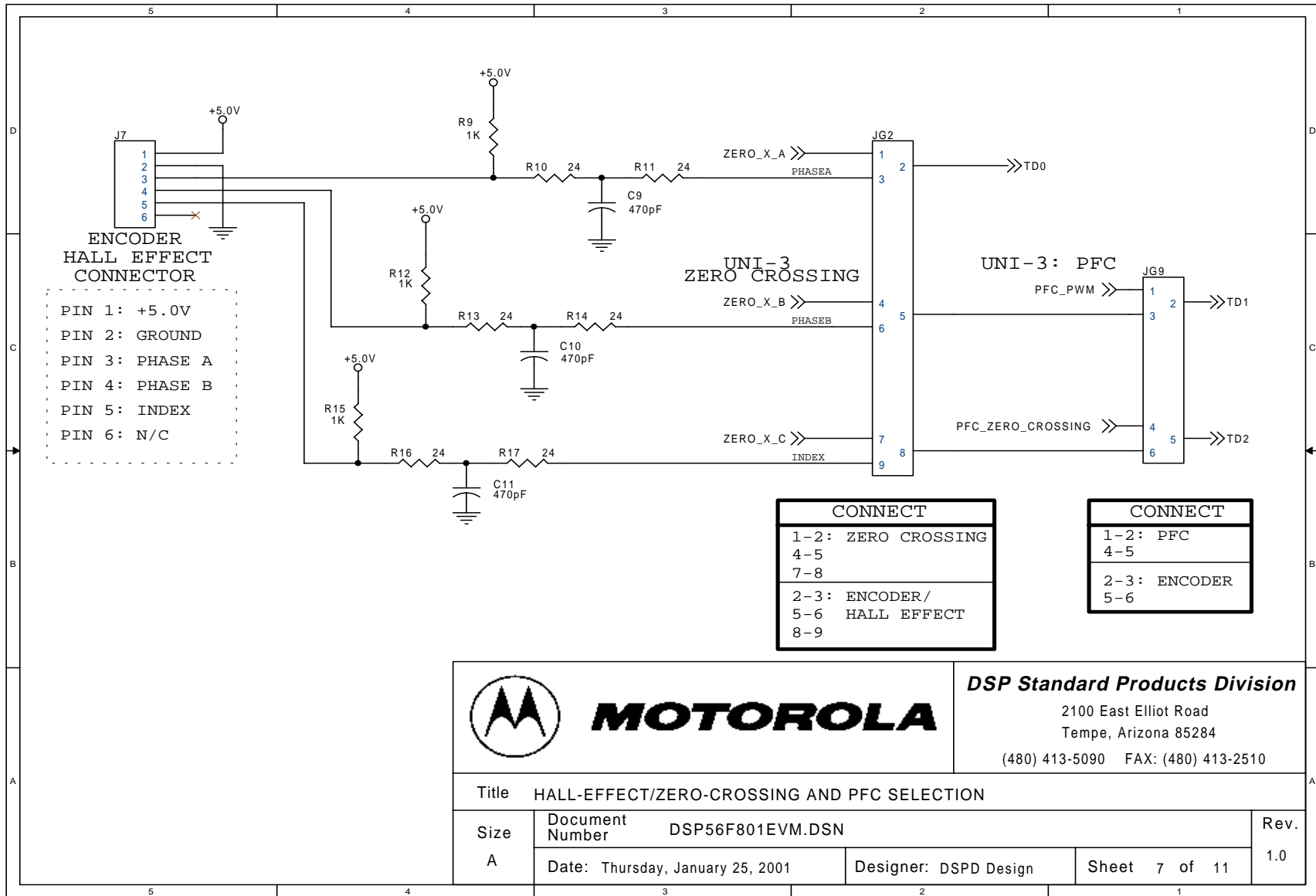
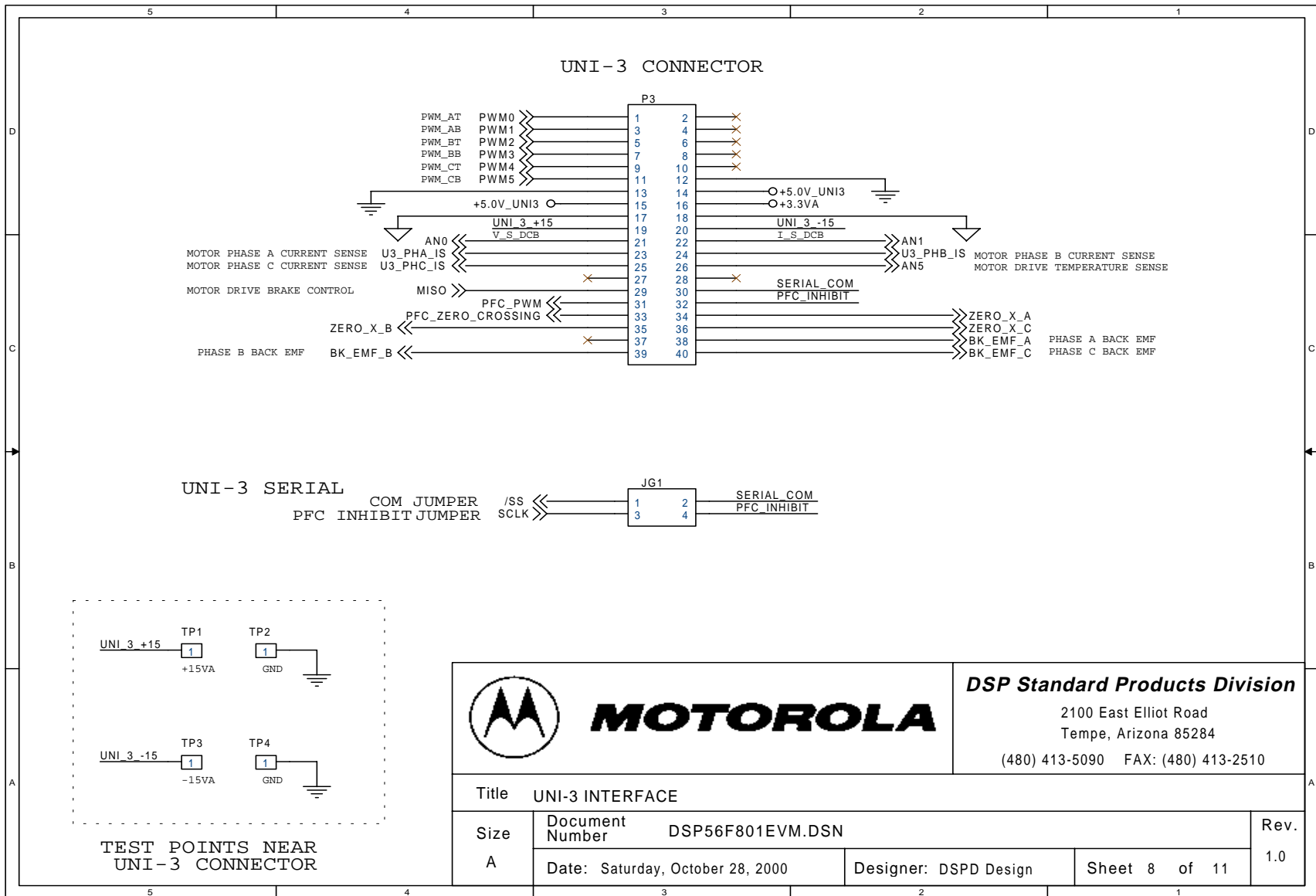


Figure A-7. HALL-EFFECT/ZERO-CROSSING AND PFC SELECTION



**Figure A-8. UNI-3 INTERFACE**

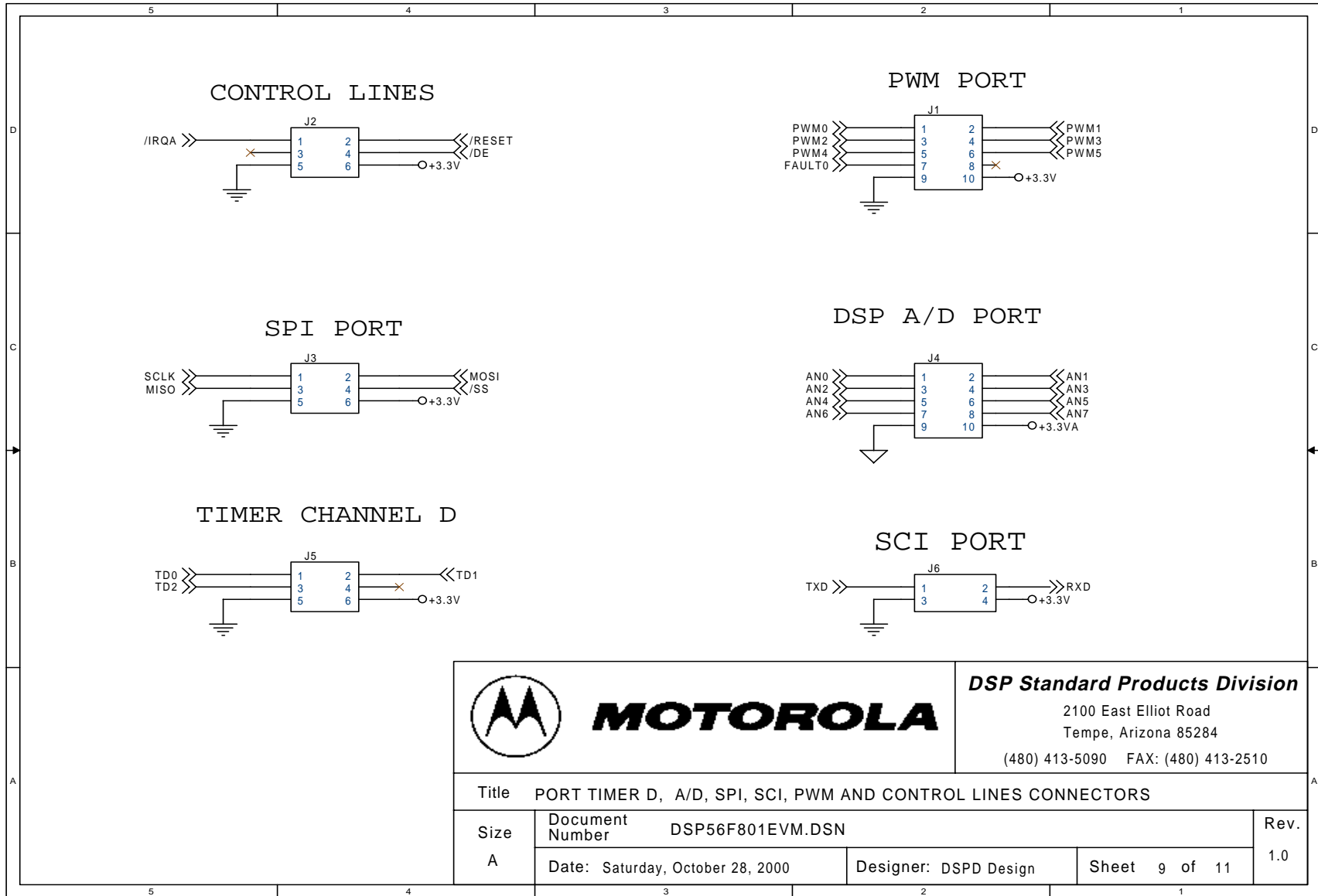


Figure A-9. PORT TIMER D, A/D, SPI, SCI, PWM AND CONTROL LINE CONNECTORS

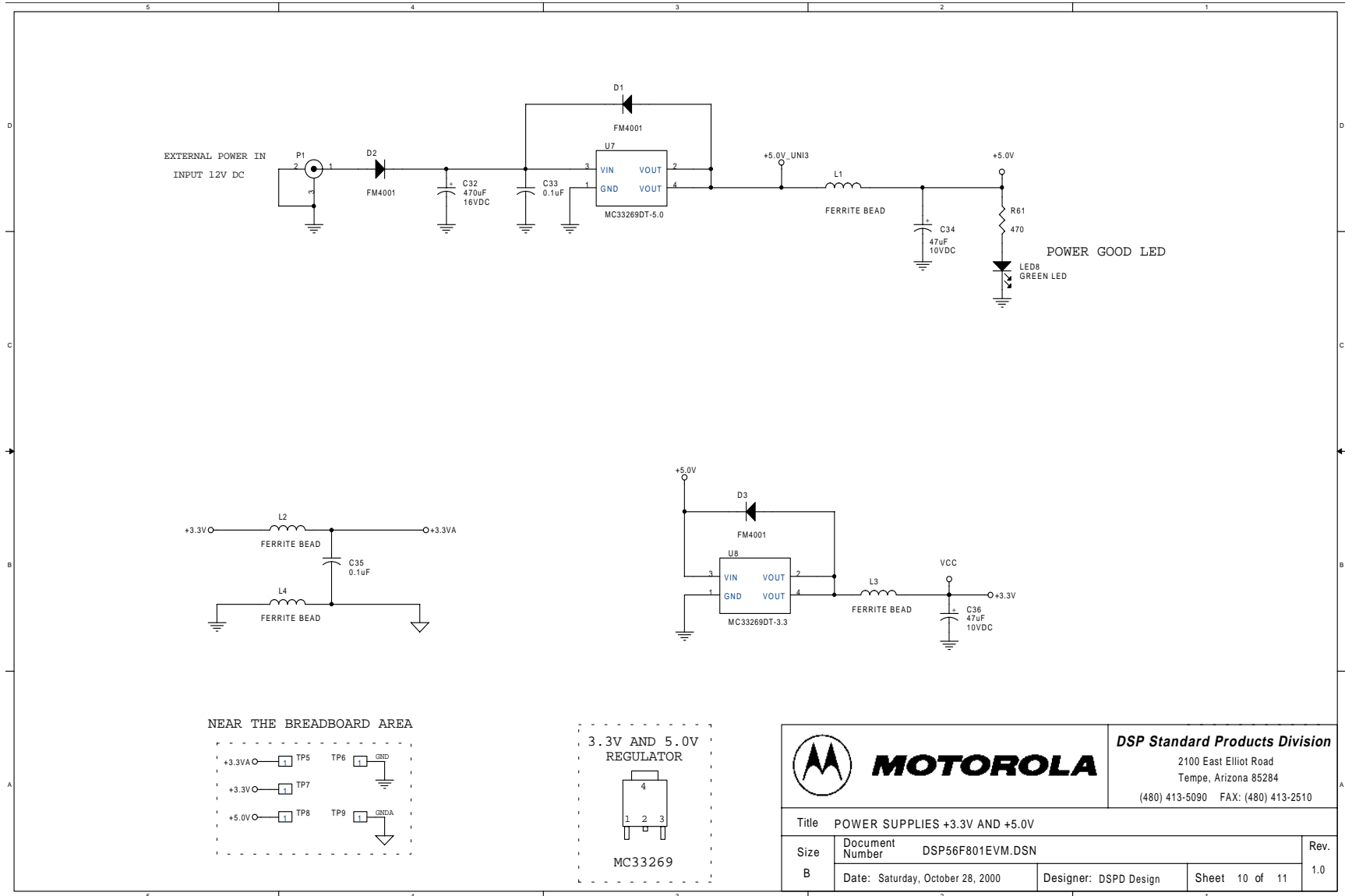
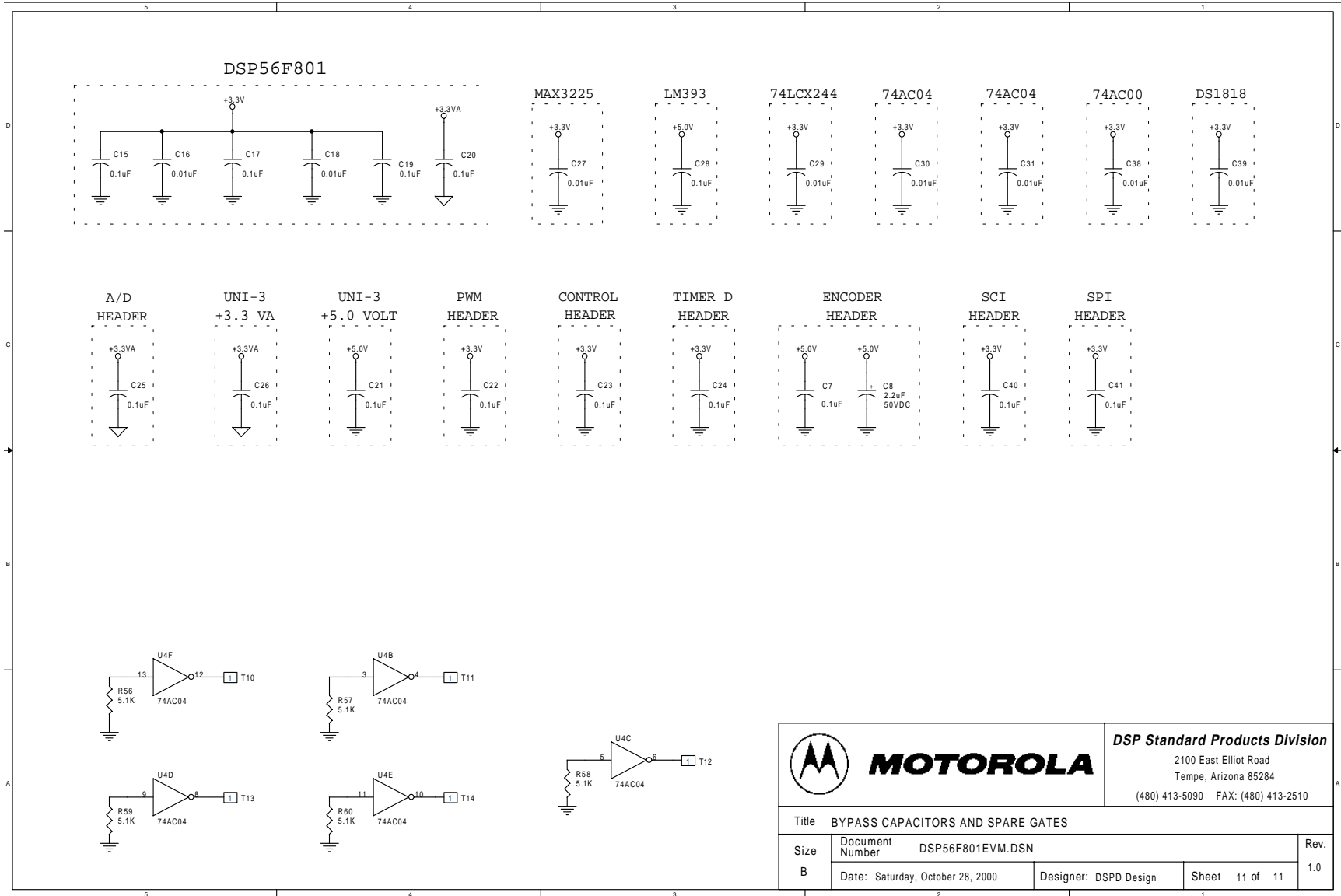


Figure A-10. POWER SUPPLIES +3.3V AND +5.0V

		<b>DSP Standard Products Division</b> 2100 East Elliot Road Tempe, Arizona 85284 (480) 413-5090 FAX: (480) 413-2510	
		Title POWER SUPPLIES +3.3V AND +5.0V	
Size	Document Number	Rev.	
B	DSP56F801EVM.DSN	Date: Saturday, October 28, 2000	Designer: DSPD Design
		Sheet 10 of 11	1.0



		<b>DSP Standard Products Division</b> 2100 East Elliot Road Tempe, Arizona 85284 (480) 413-5090 FAX: (480) 413-2510	
		Title BYPASS CAPACITORS AND SPARE GATES	
Size	Document Number	Rev.	
B	DSP56F801EVM.DSN	Date: Saturday, October 28, 2000	1.0
	Designer: DSPD Design	Sheet 11 of 11	

Figure A-11. BYPASS CAPACITORS AND SPARE GATES



# Appendix B

## DSP56F801EVM Bill of Material

Qty	Description	Ref. Designators	Vendor Part #
<b>Integrated Circuits</b>			
1	DSP56F801	U1	Motorola, DSP56F801FA80
1	MAX3245	U2	Maxim, MAX3245EEAI
2	74AC04	U3, U4	Fairchild, 74AC04SC
1	74LCX244	U5	ON Semiconductor, MC74LCX244DW
1	LM393	U6	National, LM393M
1	MC33269DT-5.0	U7	ON Semiconductor, MC33269DT-5.0
1	MC33269DT-3.3	U8	ON Semiconductor, MC33269DT-3.3
1	74AC00	U10	Fairchild, 74AC00SC
<b>Resistors</b>			
5	16K $\Omega$	R21, R22, R26, R27, R66	SMEC, RC73L2A16KOHMJT
2	1M $\Omega$	R23, R28	SMEC, RC73L2A1MOHMJT
12	5.1K $\Omega$	R24, R29, R36, R39, R40, R43, R56-R60, R65	SMEC, RC73L2A5.1KOHMJT
4	10K $\Omega$	R53, R54, R63, R64	SMEC, RC73L2A10KOHMJT
2	51 $\Omega$	R37, R38	SMEC, RC73L2A51OHMJT
3	47K $\Omega$	R41, R42, R44	SMEC, RC73L2A47KOHMJT
1	470 $\Omega$	R61	SMEC, RC73L2A470OHMJT
1	10M $\Omega$	R1	SMEC, RC73L2A10MOHMJT
13	1K $\Omega$	R9, R12, R15, R45-R52, R55, R62	SMEC, RC73L2A1KOHMJT
12	270 $\Omega$	R2-R8, R31-R35	SMEC, RC73L2A270OHMJT
6	24 $\Omega$	R10, R11, R13, R14, R16, R17	SMEC, RC73L2A24OHMJT

Qty	Description	Ref. Designators	Vendor Part #
<b>Potentiometers</b>			
2	10K $\Omega$	R25, R30	BC/MEPCOPAL, ST4B103CT
<b>Inductors</b>			
4	1.0mH	L1, L2, L3, L4	Panasonic, EXC-ELSA35V
<b>LEDs</b>			
3	Yellow LED	LED1, LED3, LED5	Hewlett-Packard, HSMY-C650
5	Green LED	LED2, LED4, LED6, LED7, LED8	Hewlett-Packard, HSMG-C650
<b>Diode</b>			
3	FM4001	D1, D2, D3	Diodes, US1ADICT
<b>Capacitors</b>			
3	2.2 $\mu$ F, +50V DC	C1, C2, C8	NICHICON, UWX1H2R2MCR2GB
19	0.1 $\mu$ F	C7, C13-C15, C17, C19-C26, C28, C33, C35, C37, C40, C41	SMEC, MCCE104K2NR-T1
1	470 $\mu$ F, +16V DC	C32	ELMA, RV-16V471MH10R
2	47 $\mu$ F, +16V DC	C34, C36	ELMA, RV2-16V470M-R
3	470pF	C9-C11	SMEC, MCCE471J2NO-T1
8	0.01 $\mu$ F	C16, C18, C27, C29-C31, C38, C39	SMEC, MCCE103K2NR-T1
4	1.0 $\mu$ F, +50V DC	C3-C6	NICHICON, UWX1H010MCR1GB
<b>Jumpers</b>			
2	3 x 1 Bergstick	JG3, JG7	SAMTEC, TSW-103-07-S-S
3	1 x 2 Bergstick	JG5, JG6, JG8	SAMTEC, TSW-102-07-S-S
2	3 x 3 Bergstick	JG2, JG4	SAMTEC, TSW-103-07-S-T
2	5 x 2 Bergstick	J1, J4	SAMTEC, TSW-105-07-S-D
1	7 x 2 Bergstick	J8	SAMTEC, TSW-107-07-S-D
1	6 x 1 MTA	J7	AMP, MTA 640456-6
2	2 x 2 Bergstick	JG1, J6	SAMTEC, TSW-102-07-S-D
1	20 x 2 Shrouded	P3	3M, 2540-6002UB

Qty	Description	Ref. Designators	Vendor Part #
<b>Test Points</b>			
9	1 × 1 Bergstick	TP1 - TP9	Samtec, TSW-101-07-S-S
<b>Crystals</b>			
1	8.00MHz Crystal	Y1	CTS, ATS08ASM-T
<b>Connectors</b>			
1	2.1mm coax Power Connector	P1	Switch Craft, RAPC-722
1	DB25M Connector	P2	AMPHENOL, 617-C025P-AJ121
1	20 x 2 Shrouded	P3	3M, 2540-6002UB
1	DE9F Connector	P4	AMPHENOL, 617-C009S-AJ120
<b>Switches</b>			
4	SPST Pushbutton	S1, S2, S4, S5	Panasonic, EVQ-PAD05R
1	SPDT Toggle	S3	C&K, GT11MSCKE
<b>Transistors</b>			
1	2N2222A	Q1	ZETEX, FMMT2222ACT
<b>Miscellaneous</b>			
13	Shunt	SH1-SH13	Samtec, SNT-100-BL-T
4	Rubber Feet	RF1-RF4	3M, SJ5018BLKC

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# Index

---

## A

A/D [viii](#)

## B

Back-EMF [2-17](#)

## C

Clock Source [2-5](#)

Connector

    A/D [2-20](#)

    SCI [2-20](#)

Connectors

    Peripheral Expansion [2-19](#)

## D

D/A [viii](#)

Debugging [2-5](#)

DSP [viii](#)

DSP56F801EVM

    16-bit +3.3V Digital Signal Processor [2-1](#)

    4.0Amp power supply [2-10](#)

    8.00MHz crystal oscillator [2-1](#)

    external oscillator frequency input [2-1](#)

    JTAG port interface [2-1](#)

    MPIO compatible peripheral [2-1](#)

    On-board power regulation [2-2](#)

    Parallel JTAG Host Target Interface [2-1](#)

    PWM compatible peripheral [2-1](#)

    real-time debugging [2-5](#)

    RS-232 interface [2-1](#)

    SPI compatible peripheral [2-1](#)

    Timer compatible peripheral [2-1](#)

    UNI-3 connector/interface [2-11](#)

## E

Encoder/Hall-Effect [2-17](#)

    circuits [2-18](#)

EVM [viii](#)

## G

GPIO [viii](#)

## H

Hall-Effect/Quadrature Encoder interface [2-1](#)

Host Parallel Interface Connector [2-6](#)

Host Target Interface [2-6](#)

## I

IC [viii](#)

## J

JTAG [viii](#), [1-1](#), [2-1](#)

    connector [2-6](#)

Jumper Group [1-3](#)

    JG1 [1-3](#)

    JG2 [1-3](#)

    JG3 [1-3](#)

    JG4 [1-3](#)

    JG5 [1-3](#)

    JG6 [1-3](#)

    JG7 [1-3](#)

    JG8 [1-3](#)

    JG9 [1-3](#)

## L

Logic

    motor bus overcurrent [2-1](#)

    motor bus overvoltage [2-1](#)

    motor zero crossing [2-1](#)

LQFP [viii](#)

## M

motor bus

    overcurrent [2-1](#)

    overvoltage [2-1](#)

Motor Phase Current [2-17](#)

Motor Protection Logic [2-15](#)

MPIO [ix](#)

    port [2-19](#)

## O

OnCE [1-1](#)

OnCE(TM) [ix](#), [1-1](#)

## P

PCB [ix](#)  
Peripheral Connectors [2-19](#)  
PLL [ix](#)  
PWM [ix](#)

## R

RAM [ix](#)  
ROM [ix](#)  
RS-232  
    interface [2-4](#)  
    level converter [2-4](#)  
    schematic diagram [2-4](#)  
RS-232 Serial Communications [2-4](#)

## S

SCI [ix](#)  
    Serial Communications Port [2-20](#)  
SPI [ix](#)  
SRAM [ix](#)

## U

UNI-3  
    connector/interface [2-11](#)  
    DC Bus Overvoltage signal [2-16](#)  
    Motor interface  
        Primary [2-2](#)

## Z


Zero Crossing  
    circuits [2-18](#)  
Zero Crossing Detection [2-18](#)



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