- Low Output Skew, Low Pulse Skew for Clock-Distribution and Clock-Generation Applications
- Operates at $3.3-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$
- LVTTL-Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V $V_{c c}$ )
- Distributes One Clock Input to Ten Outputs
- Outputs Have Internal Series Damping Resistor to Reduce Transmission Line Effects
- Distributed $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and Ground Pins Reduce Switching Noise
- State-of-the-Art EPIC-IIB ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ BiCMOS Design Significantly Reduces Power Dissipation
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW) and Shrink Small-Outline (DB) Packages


## description

The CDC2351 is a high-performance clock-driver circuit that distributes one input $(\mathrm{A})$ to ten outputs $(\mathrm{Y})$ with minimum skew for clock distribution. The output-enable ( $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ ) input disables the outputs to a high-impedance state. Each output has an internal series damping resistor to improve signal integrity at the load. The CDC2351 operates at nominal $3.3-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
The propagation delays are adjusted at the factory using the P0 and P1 pins. The factory adjustments ensure that the part-to-part skew is minimized and is kept within a specified window. Pins P0 and P1 are not intended for customer use and should be connected to GND.

The CDC2351 is characterized for operation from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS |  | OUTPUTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | Yn |
| L | $H$ | $Z$ |
| $H$ | $H$ | $Z$ |
| L | L | L |
| $H$ | L | $H$ |

## CDC2351

## 1-LINE TO 10-LINE CLOCK DRIVER

WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS
SCAS442B - FEBRUARY 1994 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1995
logic symbol $\dagger$

$\dagger$ This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
logic diagram (positive logic)


## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) $\dagger$

|  <br> Input voltage range $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ (see Note 1) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Voltage range applied to any output in the high state or power-off state |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Output clamp current, IOK ( $\mathrm{V}_{1}<0$ ) |  |
| Maximum power dissipation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (in still air) (see Note 2): DB package DW package |  |
| Storage temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ |  |
| resses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and nctional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not plied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. |  |
| ES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed. <br> 2. The maximum package power dissipation is calculated using a junction temperature of $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a board trace length of 750 mils. For more information, referto the Package Thermal Considerations application note in the 1994 ABT Advanced BiCMOS Technology Data Book, literature number SCBD002B. |  |
|  |  |

recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

|  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply voltage | 3 | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level input voltage | 2 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low-level input voltage |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Input voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{IOH}^{\text {I }}$ | High-level output current |  | -12 | mA |
| l OL | Low-level output current |  | 12 | mA |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {clock }}$ | Input clock frequency |  | 100 | MHz |
| TA | Operating free-air temperature | 0 | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

NOTE 3: Unused pins (input or //O) must be held high or low.
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IK }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  | -1.2 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{IOH}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| I | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |  |  | $\pm 1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $10^{\ddagger}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -7 |  | -70 | mA |
| Ioz | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ or 0 |  |  |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{l}=0$, | Outputs high |  |  | 0.3 | mA |
|  |  |  | Outputs low |  |  | 15 |  |
|  |  |  | Outputs disabled |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND, | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 4 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND, | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 6 |  | pF |

[^0]switching characteristics, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figures 1 and 2)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | MAX |  |
| tPLH | A | Y | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.8 |  |  | ns |
| tPHL |  |  | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.6 |  |  |  |
| tPZH | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | Y | 2.4 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 6.9 | ns |
| tpZL |  |  | 2.4 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 6.9 |  |
| tPHZ | $\overline{O E}$ | Y | 2.2 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 7.1 | ns |
| tPLZ |  |  | 2.2 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 7.3 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {sk(0) }}$ | A | Y |  | 0.3 | 0.5 |  | 0.5 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {sk }}(\mathrm{p})$ | A | Y |  | 0.2 | 0.8 |  | 0.8 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {sk(pr) }}$ | A | Y |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | ns |
| $\mathrm{tr}_{r}$ | A | Y |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | ns |
| $t_{f}$ | A | Y |  |  |  |  | 2.5 | ns |

switching characteristics temperature and $V_{\text {CC }}$ coefficients over recommended operating free-air temperature and $V_{\text {Cc }}$ range (see Note 4)

|  | PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | MIN MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ PLH ${ }^{(T)}$ | Average temperature coefficient of low to high propagation delay | A | Y | $85 \dagger$ | ps/ $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\propto$ tPHL(T) | Average temperature coefficient of high to low propagation delay | A | Y | 50† | ps/ $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\propto \operatorname{tPLH}^{\left(V_{C C}\right)}$ | Average $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ coefficient of low to high propagation delay | A | Y | -145† | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ps} / \\ 100 \mathrm{mV} \end{gathered}$ |
| $\propto$ tpHL ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ) | Average $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ coefficient of high to low propagation delay | A | Y | -100才 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ps} / \\ 100 \mathrm{mV} \end{gathered}$ |

$\dagger \propto \operatorname{tPLH}(\mathrm{T})$ and $\propto \mathrm{tPHL}(\mathrm{T})$ are virtually independent of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
$\ddagger \propto t_{P L H}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}\right)$ and $\propto \mathrm{tPHL}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}\right)$ are virtually independent of temperature.
NOTE 4: These data were extracted from characterization material and are not tested at the factory.

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



| TEST | S1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {tpLH }} /{ }^{\text {tpHL }}$ <br> tPLZ/tpZL <br> $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Open } \\ & 6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { GND } \end{aligned}$ |


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{tr}_{\mathrm{r}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## 1-LINE TO 10-LINE CLOCK DRIVER

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. Output skew, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{sk}(\mathrm{o})}$, is calculated as the greater of:

- The difference between the fastest and slowest of $\operatorname{tPLHn}(\mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)$
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of tpHLn ( $\mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$ )
B. Pulse skew, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{Sk}(\mathrm{p})}$, is calculated as the greater of $\left|\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}}-\mathrm{tPHLn}\right|(\mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)$.
C. Process skew, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{sk}}(\mathrm{pr})$, is calculated as the greater of:
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of $\mathrm{tPLHn}(\mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)$ across multiple devices under identical operating conditions
- The difference between the fastest and slowest of $\operatorname{tPHLn}(\mathrm{n}=1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)$ across multiple devices under identical operating conditions

Figure 2. Waveforms for Calculation of $\mathrm{t}_{\mathbf{s k}(\mathbf{0})}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathbf{s k}(\mathrm{p})}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathbf{s k}(\mathrm{pr})}$

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[^0]:    $\ddagger$ Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

