

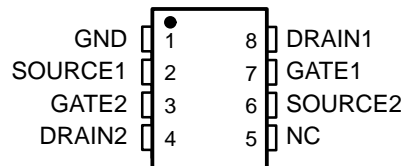
TPIC5223L

2-CHANNEL INDEPENDENT GATE-PROTECTED LOGIC-LEVEL POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

- Low $r_{DS(on)}$. . . 0.38 Ω Typ
- Voltage Output . . . 60 V
- Input Protection Circuitry . . . 18 V
- Pulsed Current . . . 3 A Per Channel
- Extended ESD Capability . . . 4000 V
- Direct Logic-Level Interface

**D PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



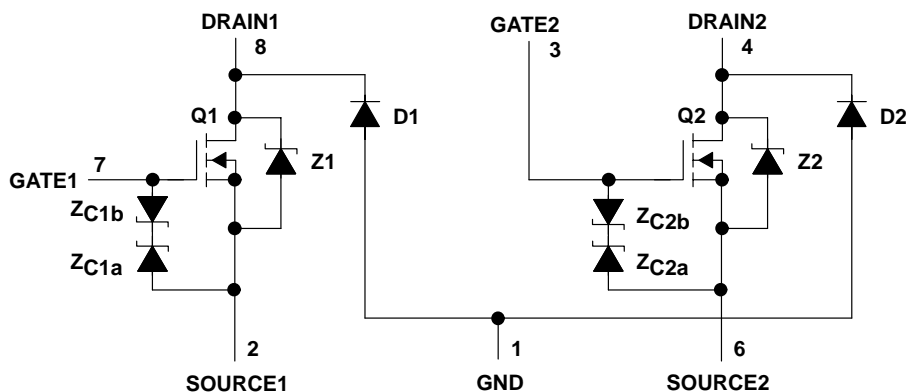
NC – No internal connection

description

The TPIC5223L is a monolithic gate-protected logic-level power DMOS array that consists of two electrically isolated independent N-channel enhancement-mode DMOS transistors. Each transistor features integrated high-current zener diodes (Z_{CXa} and Z_{CXb}) to prevent gate damage in the event that an overstress condition occurs. These zener diodes also provide up to 4000 V of ESD protection when tested using the human-body model of a 100-pF capacitor in series with a 1.5-k Ω resistor.

The TPIC5223L is offered in a standard eight-pin small-outline surface-mount (D) package and is characterized for operation over the case temperature of -40°C to 125°C .

schematic



NOTE A: For correct operation, no terminal may be taken below GND.

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POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

absolute maximum ratings over operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Drain-to-source voltage, V_{DS}	60 V
Source-to-GND voltage	100 V
Drain-to-GND voltage	100 V
Gate-to-source voltage range, V_{GS}	-9 V to 18 V
Continuous drain current, each output, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1 A
Continuous source-to-drain diode current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1 A
Pulsed drain current, each output, I_{max} , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Note 1 and Figure 15)	3 A
Continuous gate-to-source zener diode current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 50 mA
Pulsed gate-to-source zener-diode current, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 500 mA
Single-pulse avalanche energy, E_{AS} , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Figures 4 and 16)	108 mJ
Continuous total power dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (see Figure 15)	0.95 W
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	-40°C to 150°C
Operating case temperature range, T_C	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Pulse duration = 10 ms, duty cycle = 2%



TPIC5223L
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SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

electrical characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSX}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$,	$V_{GS} = 0$	60			V
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate-to-source threshold voltage	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$, See Figure 5	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$,	1.5	2.05	2.2	V
$V_{(BR)GS}$	Gate-to-source breakdown voltage	$I_{GS} = 250 \mu\text{A}$		18			V
$V_{(BR)SG}$	Source-to-gate breakdown voltage	$I_{SG} = 250 \mu\text{A}$		9			V
$V_{(BR)}$	Reverse drain-to-GND breakdown voltage (across D1, D2)	Drain-to-GND current = $250 \mu\text{A}$		100			V
$V_{DS(on)}$	Drain-to-source on-state voltage	$I_D = 1 \text{ A}$, See Notes 2 and 3	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$,		0.375	0.425	V
$V_{F(SD)}$	Forward on-state voltage, source-to-drain	$I_S = 1 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0$ (Z1, Z2), See Notes 2 and 3 and Figure 12			0.85	1.2	V
V_F	Forward on-state voltage, GND-to-drain	$I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ (D1, D2), See Notes 2 and 3			3		V
I_{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 48 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1		μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10		
I_{GSSF}	Forward-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}$,	$V_{DS} = 0$		20	200	nA
I_{GSSR}	Reverse-gate current, drain short circuited to source	$V_{SG} = 5 \text{ V}$,	$V_{DS} = 0$		10	100	nA
I_{lkg}	Leakage current, drain-to-GND	$V_{DGND} = 48 \text{ V}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.05	1		μA
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	10		
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-to-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$, See Notes 2 and 3 and Figures 6 and 7	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.38	0.43		Ω
			$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.61	0.65		
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$, See Notes 2 and 3 and Figure 9	$I_D = 500 \text{ mA}$,	1.2	1.49		S
C_{iss}	Short-circuit input capacitance, common source			150	190		pF
C_{oss}	Short-circuit output capacitance, common source	$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$,	$V_{GS} = 0$, See Figure 11	100	125		
C_{rss}	Short-circuit reverse transfer capacitance, common source			40	50		

- NOTES: 2. Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.
3. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

source-to-drain and GND-to-drain diode characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time	$I_S = 500 \text{ mA}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, See Figures 1 and 14	$V_{DS} = 48 \text{ V}$, $di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$,	Z1 and Z2	50		ns
				D1 and D2	210		
Q_{RR}	Total diode charge			Z1 and Z2	50		nC
				D1 and D2	800		



TPIC5223L 2-CHANNEL INDEPENDENT GATE-PROTECTED LOGIC-LEVEL POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

resistive-load switching characteristics, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

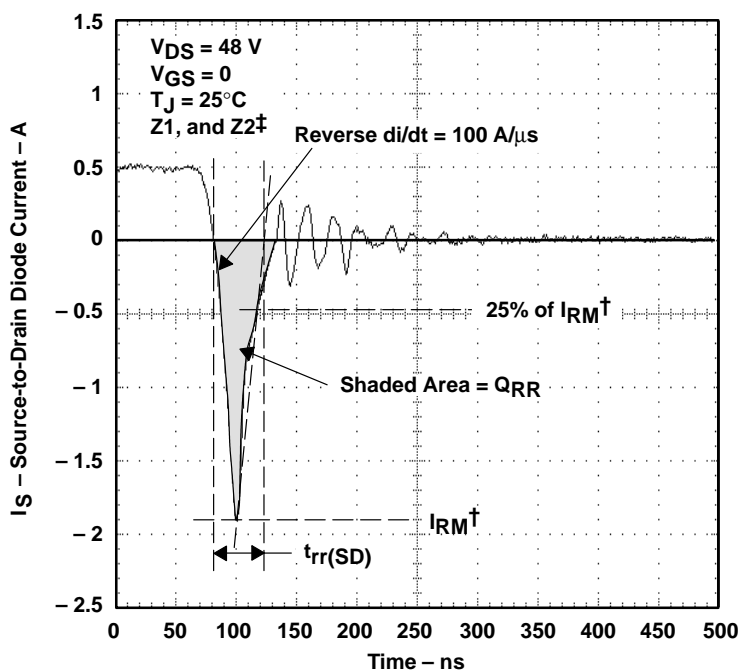
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $t_{r1} = 10\text{ ns}$, $t_{f1} = 10\text{ ns}$, See Figure 2		34	70	ns
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-off delay time			20	40	
t_{r1} Rise time			28	55	
t_{f2} Fall time			15	30	
Q_g Total gate charge	$V_{DS} = 48\text{ V}$, $I_D = 500\text{ mA}$, $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$, See Figure 3		3.1	3.8	nC
$Q_{gs(th)}$ Threshold gate-to-source charge			0.5	0.6	
Q_{gd} Gate-to-drain charge			1.9	2.3	
L_D Internal drain inductance			5		nH
L_S Internal source inductance			5		
R_g Internal gate resistance			0.25		Ω

thermal resistance

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	See Notes 4 and 7		130		$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$ Junction-to-board thermal resistance	See Notes 5 and 7		78.6		
$R_{\theta JP}$ Junction-to-pin thermal resistance	See Notes 6 and 7		34		

- NOTES: 4. Package mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.
5. Package mounted on a 24 in², 4-layer FR4 printed-circuit board.
6. Package mounted in intimate contact with infinite heatsink.
7. All outputs with equal power

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



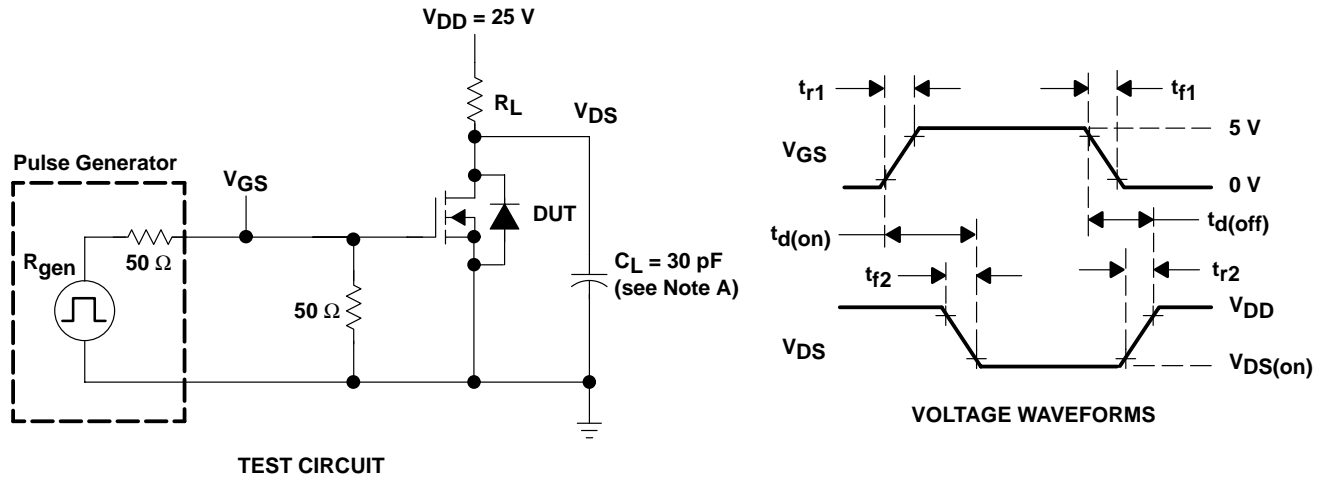
† I_{RM} = maximum recovery current

‡ The above waveform is representative of D1 and D2 in shape only.

Figure 1. Reverse-Recovery-Current Waveform of Source-to-Drain Diode



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTE A: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Resistive-Switching Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

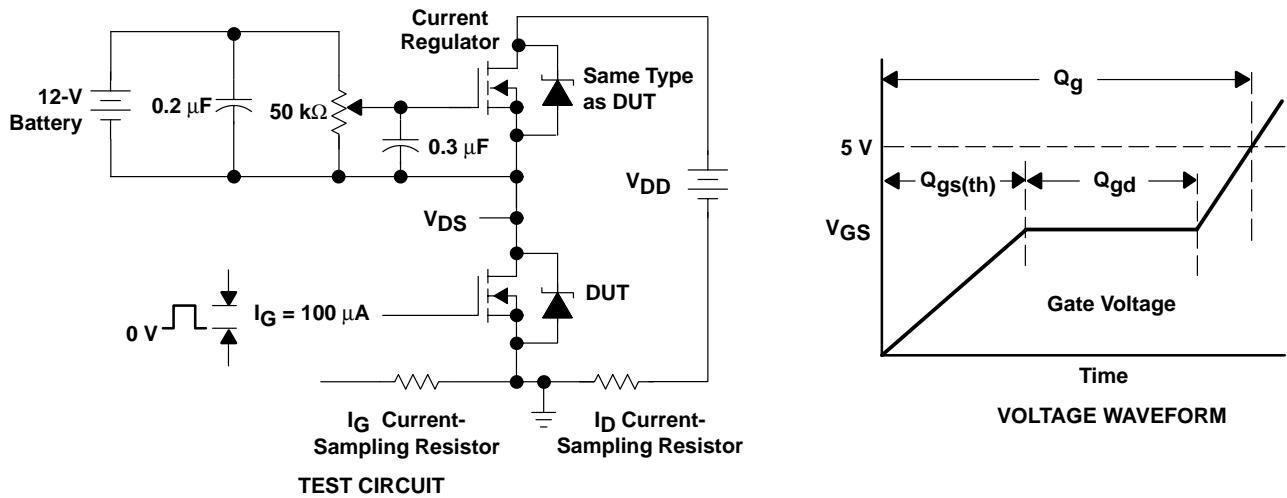
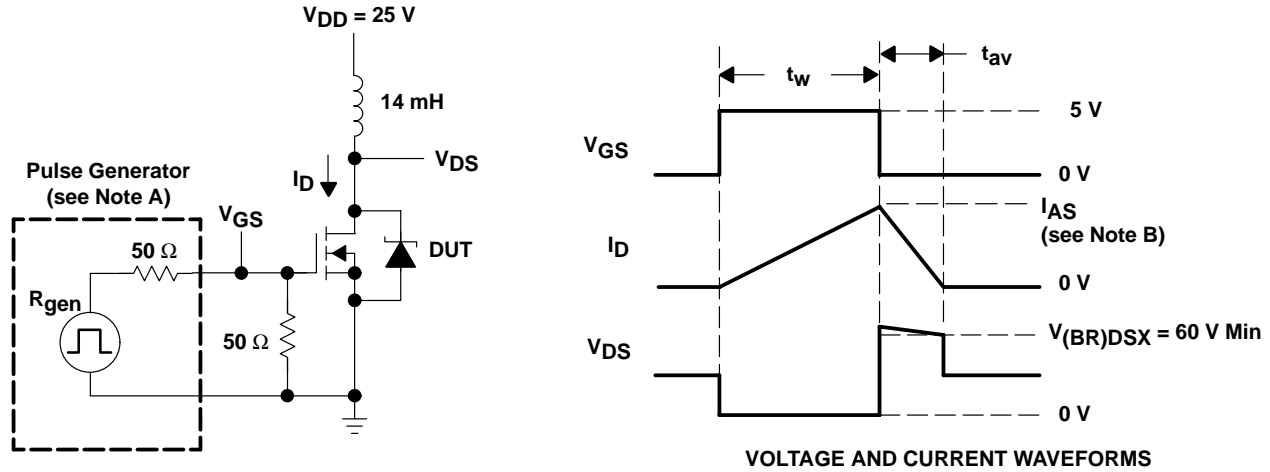


Figure 3. Gate-Charge Test Circuit and Voltage Waveform

TPIC5223L
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POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST CIRCUIT

- NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_r \leq 10 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 10 \text{ ns}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
 B. Input pulse duration (t_w) is increased until peak current $I_{AS} = 3 \text{ A}$.

Energy test level is defined as $E_{AS} = \frac{I_{AS} \times V_{(BR)DSX} \times t_{av}}{2} = 108 \text{ mJ}$, where t_{av} = avalanche time.

Figure 4. Single-Pulse Avalanche-Energy Test Circuit and Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

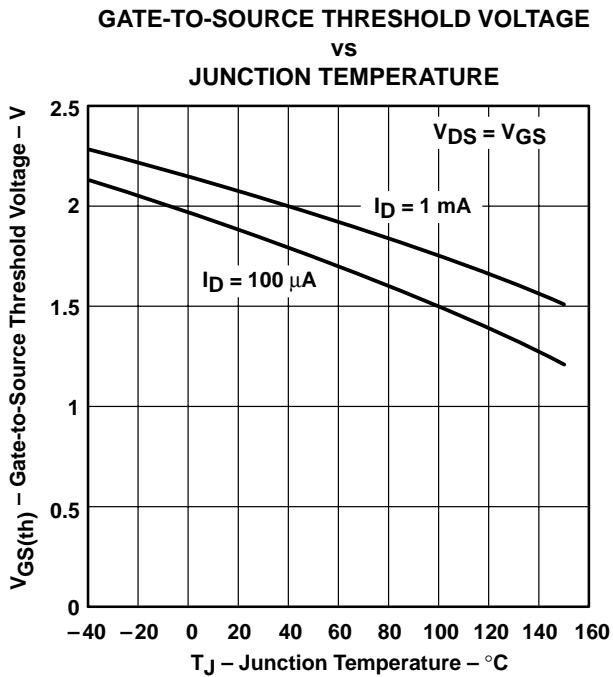


Figure 5

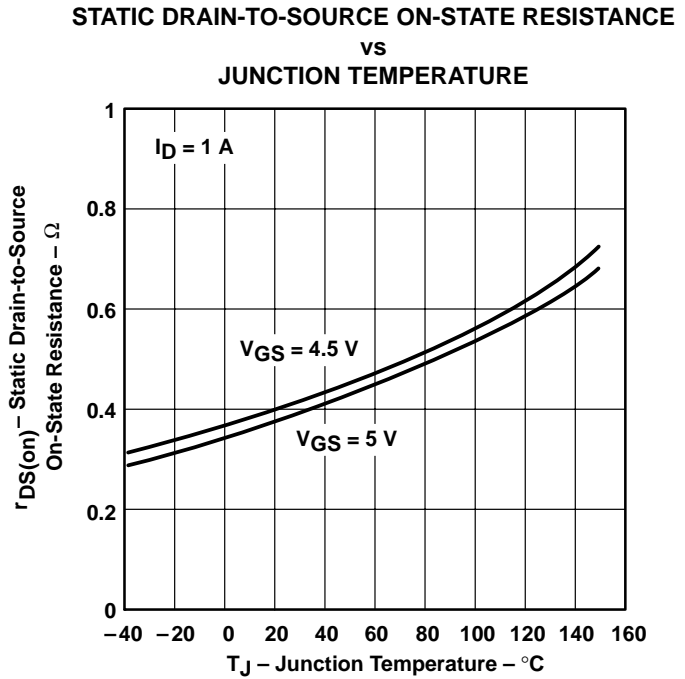


Figure 6

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**STATIC DRAIN-TO-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
 vs
 DRAIN CURRENT**

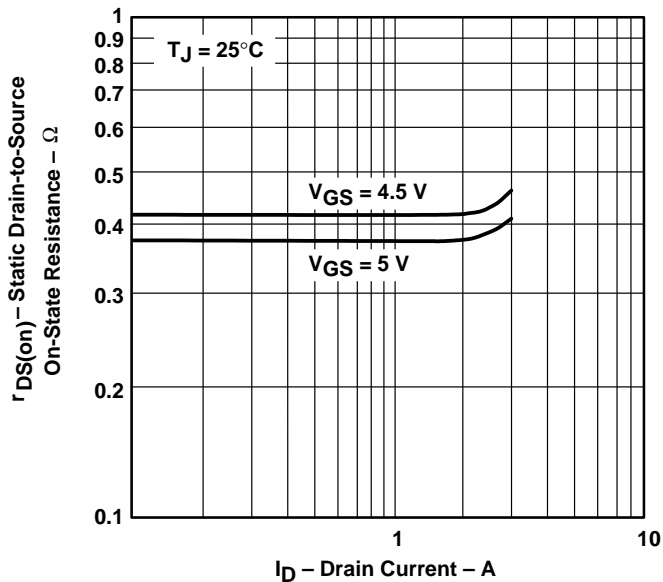


Figure 7

**DRAIN CURRENT
 vs
 DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE**

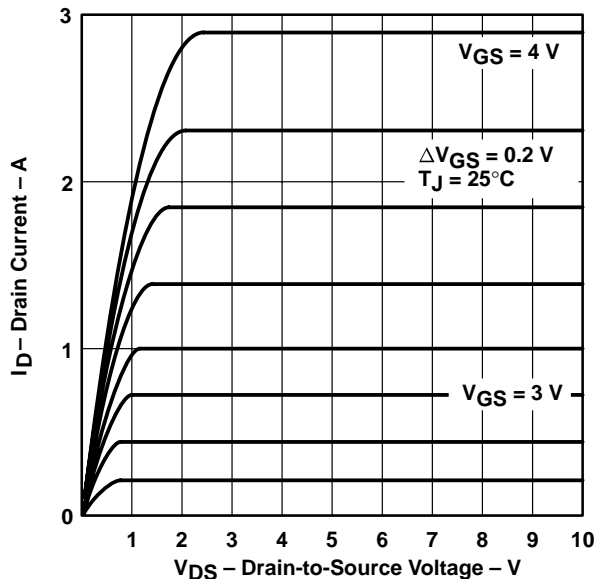


Figure 8

**DISTRIBUTION OF
 FORWARD TRANSCONDUCTANCE**

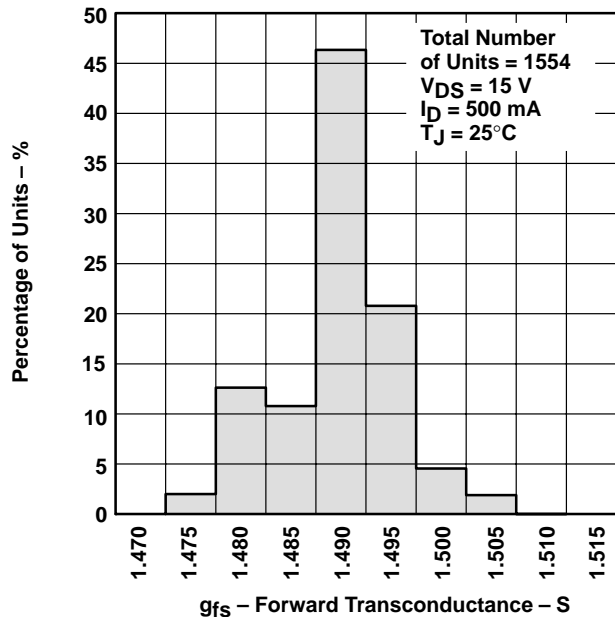


Figure 9

**DRAIN CURRENT
 vs
 GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE**

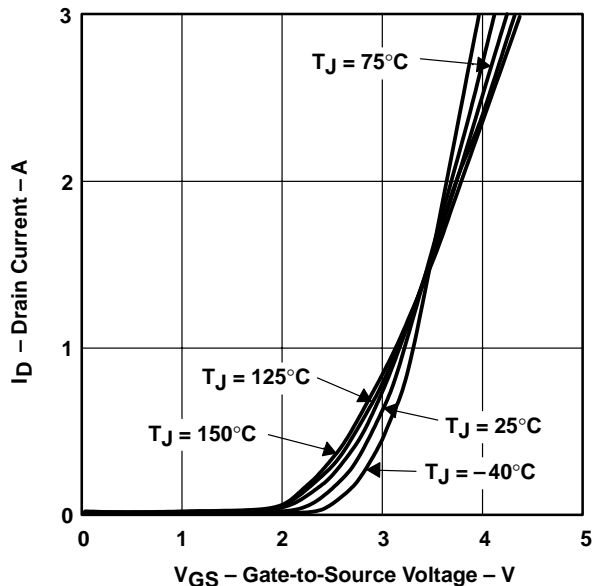
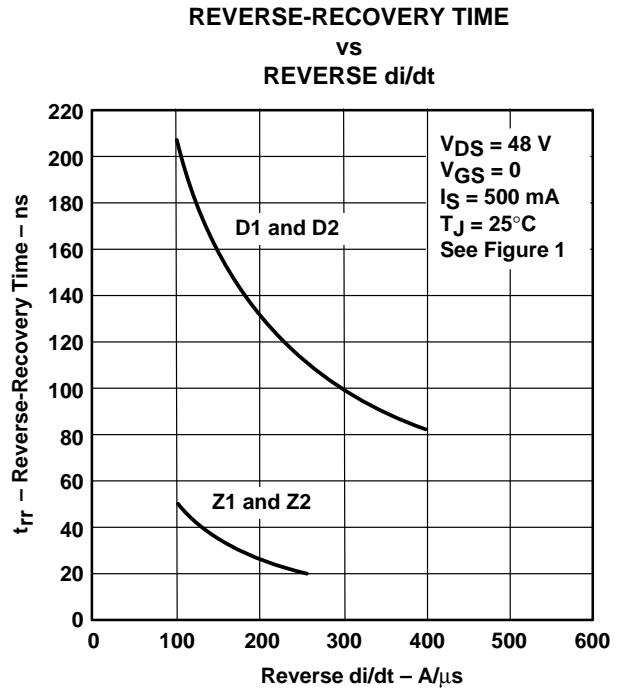
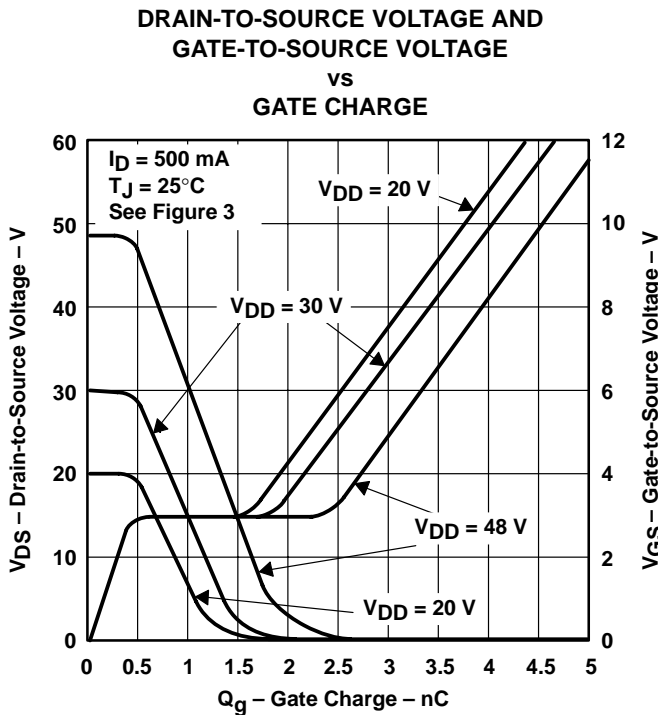
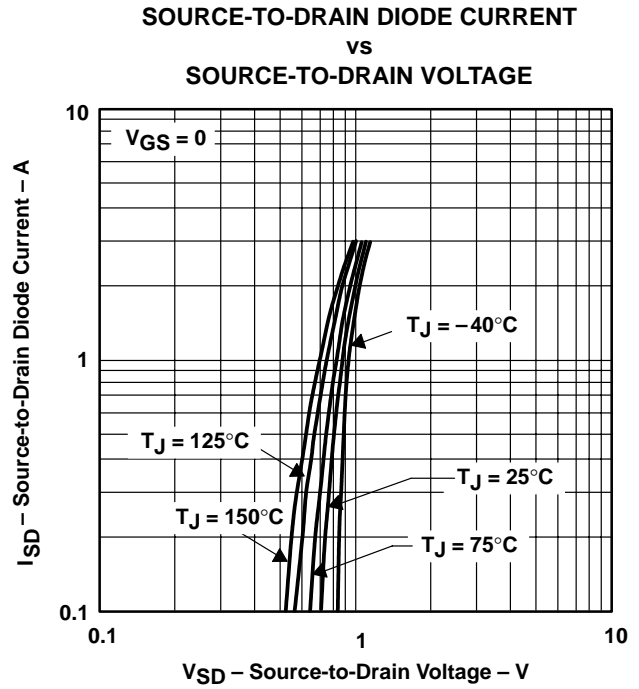
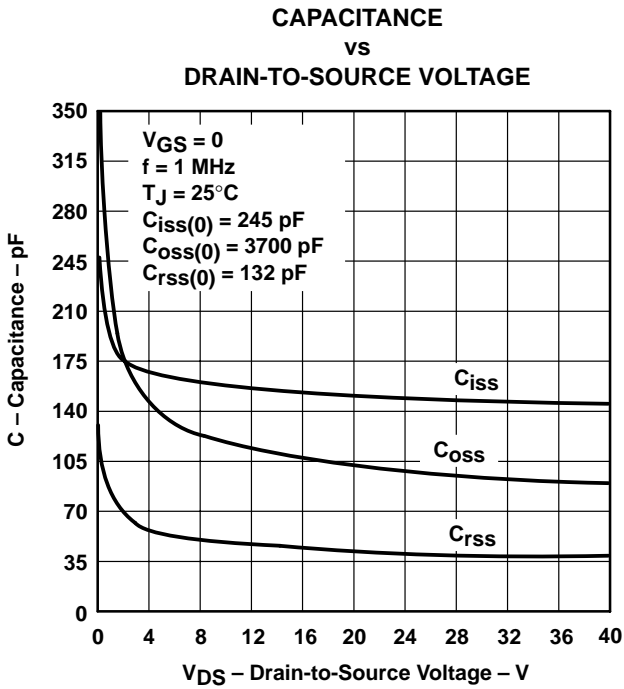


Figure 10

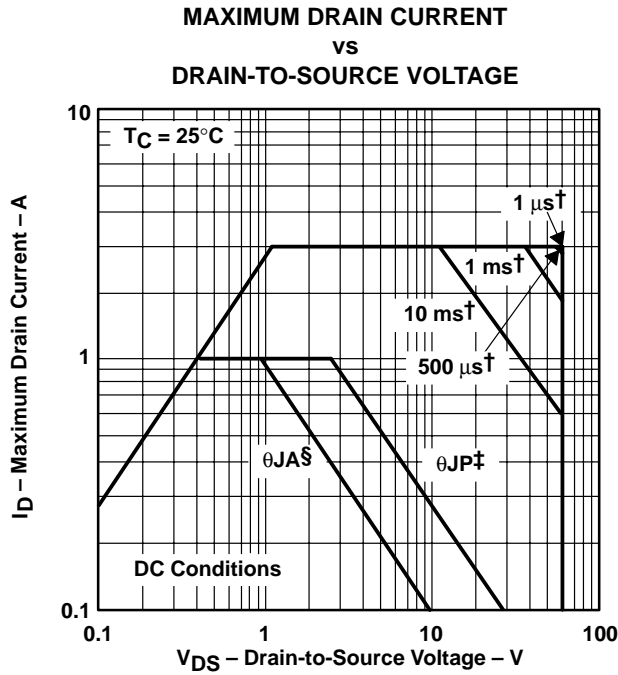
TPIC5223L
2-CHANNEL INDEPENDENT GATE-PROTECTED LOGIC-LEVEL
POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



THERMAL INFORMATION



† Less than 2% duty cycle
 ‡ Device mounted in intimate contact with infinite heatsink.
 § Device mounted on FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.

Figure 15

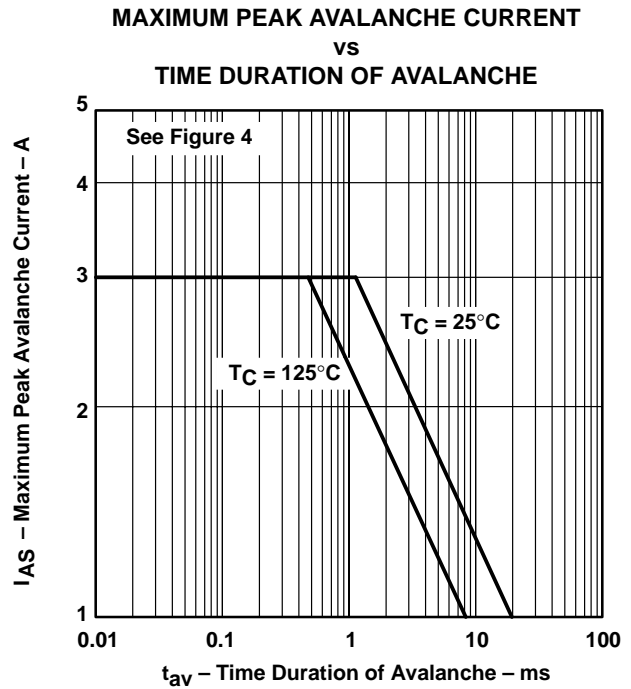


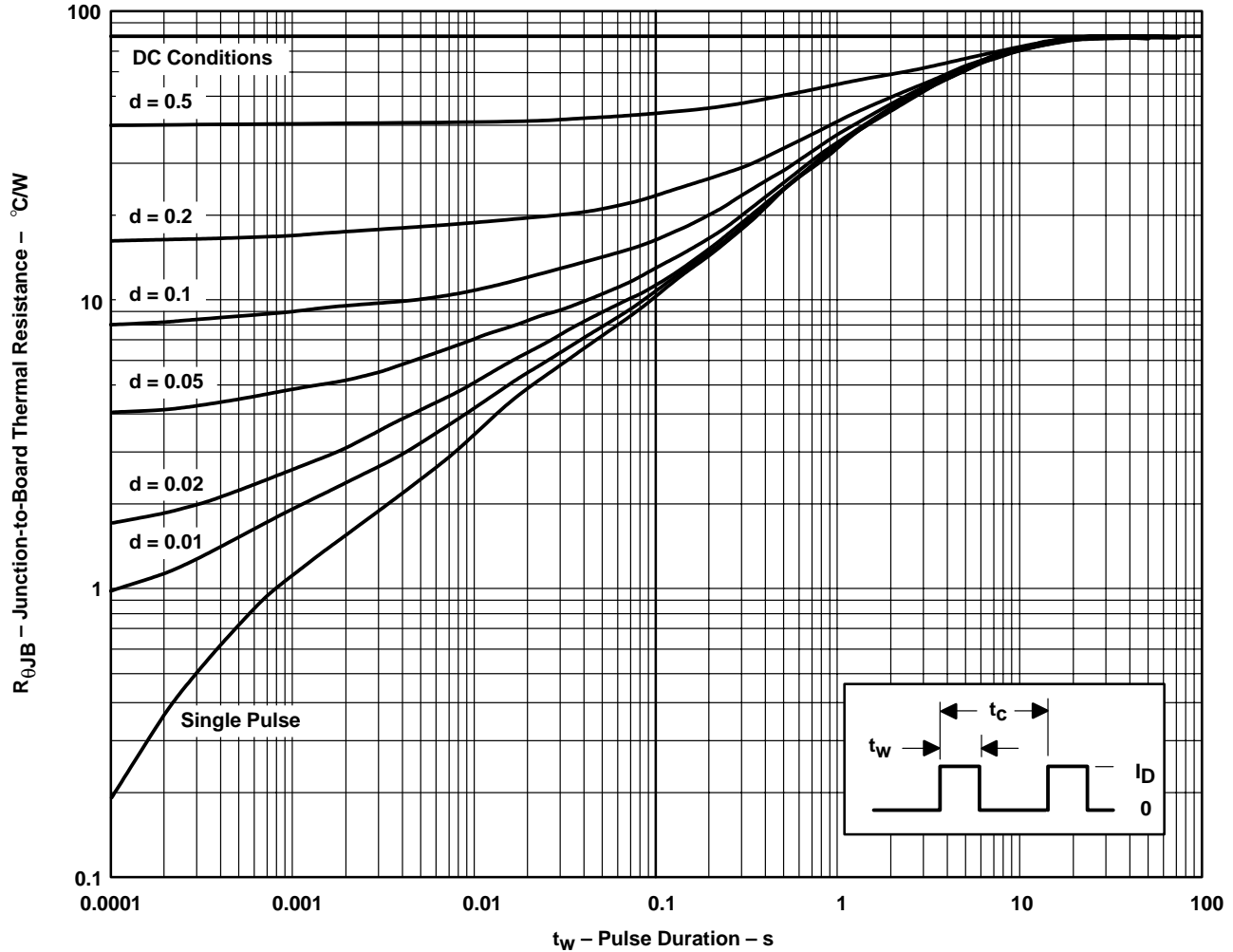
Figure 16

TPIC5223L
2-CHANNEL INDEPENDENT GATE-PROTECTED LOGIC-LEVEL
POWER DMOS ARRAY

SLIS043A – NOVEMBER 1994 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1995

THERMAL INFORMATION

D PACKAGE†
JUNCTION-TO-BOARD THERMAL RESISTANCE
VS
PULSE DURATION



† Device mounted on 24 in², 4-layer FR4 printed-circuit board with no heatsink.

NOTE A: $Z_{\theta B}(t) = r(t) R_{\theta JB}$
 t_w = pulse duration
 t_c = cycle time
 d = duty cycle = t_w/t_c

Figure 17

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