SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993

SN55122...J PACKAGE N8T14, SN75122...D OR N PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)

16 VCC

15 1 1S

14**1**1R

13**1**1Y

12 🛛 3A

11 T 3S

10 3R

9 🛛 3Y

1A [

2R [

1B 🛛 2

2S 🛛 4

2A

2B

2Y **[]** 7

മ

GND

1

3

5

6

8

SN55122 ... FK PACKAGE

₹ Ŋ Ŷ

S

(TOP VIEW)

- Designed for Digital Data Transmission Over Coaxial Cable, Strip Line, or Twisted Pair
- Designed for Operation With 50-Ω to 500-Ω Transmission Lines
- TTL Compatible
- Single 5-V Supply
- Built-Input Threshold Hysteresis
- High-Speed . . . Typical Propagation Delay Time = 20 ns
- Independent Channel Strobes
- Input Gating Increases Application Flexibility
- Fanout to 10 Series 54/74 Standard Loads
- Can Be Used With Dual Line Drivers SN55121 and SN75121
- Interchangeable With Signetics N8T14

#### description

The N8T14, SN55122, and SN75122 are triple line receivers that are designed for digital data transmission over lines having impedances from 50  $\Omega$  to 500  $\Omega$ . They are also compatible with standard TTL-logic and supply voltage levels.

#### 20 19 2 1 Ĩ18**Π** 1R 2R 2S 17 1Y 5 NC NC 6 16 2A 15 **П** 3A Π7 2B 14 🛛 3S 8 9 10 11 12 13 GND š 2

NC-No internal connection

## THE N8T14 AND SN75122 ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGN

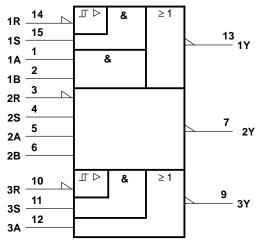
The N8T14, SN55122, and SN75122 have receiver inputs with built-in hysteresis to provide increased noise margin for single-ended systems. The high impedance of this input presents a minimum load to the driver and allows termination of the transmission line in its characteristic impedance to minimize line reflection. An open line will affect the receiver input as would a low-level voltage. The receiver can withstand a level of -0.15 V with power on or off. The other inputs are in TTL configuration. The S input must be high to enable the receiver input. Two of the line receivers have A and B inputs that, if both are high, will hold the output low. The third receiver has only an A input that, if high, will hold the output low.

The SN55122 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The N8T14 and SN75122 are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

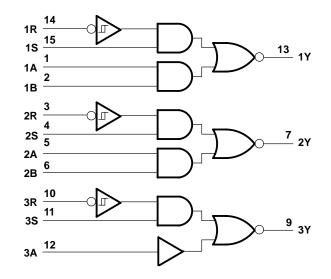


SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993

#### logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



logic diagram



<sup>+</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

Pin numbers shown are for the D, J, and N packages.

	FUNCTION TABLE								
	INP	OUTPUT							
Α	в‡	Y							
Н	Н	Х	Х	L					
Х	Х	L	Н	L					
L	Х	н	Х	Н					
L	Х	Х	L	н					
Х	L	Н	х	н					
Х	L	Х	L	Н					

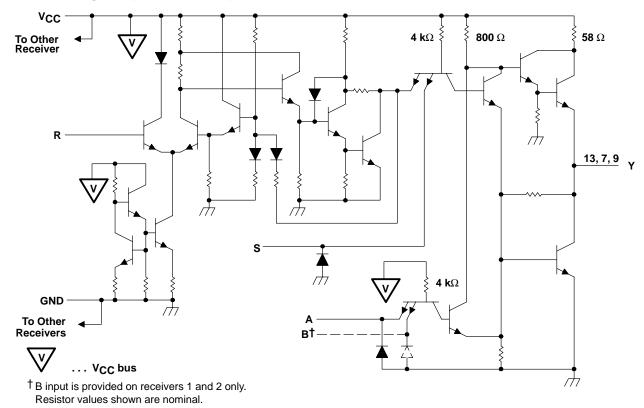
<sup>‡</sup> B input and last two lines of the function table are applicable to receivers 1 and 2 only.

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant



2–2

SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993



#### schematic diagram (each receiver)

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)		6 V
Input voltage: R input		
A, B, or S input		5.5 V
Output voltage		6 V
Output current		±100 mA
Continuous total power dissipation (see		
Operating free-air temperature range:	SN55122	−55°C to 125°C
	N8T14, SN75122	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range		−65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK p		
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) fr		
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) fr	rom case for 10 seconds: D or N packa	age 260°C

NOTES: 1. Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

2. The SN55122 chips are alloy mounted, and the SN75122 chips are glass mounted.

#### DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING		
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	-		
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW		
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW		
Ν	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	-		



SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993

#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	4.75	5	5.25	V	
High-level input voltage, VIH	A, B, R, or S	2			V
Low-level input voltage, VIL	A, B, R, or S			0.8	V
High-level output current, IOH				-500	μA
Low-level output current, IOL				16	mA
	SN55122	-55		125	°C
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	SN75122	0		70	U U

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature, $V_{CC}$ = 4.75 V to 5.25 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT		
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis (V <sub>T+</sub> – V <sub>T–</sub> )	R	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V,	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,	See Figures 2 and 4	0.3	0.6		V
VIK	Input clamp voltage	A, B, or S	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V,	l <sub>l</sub> = -12 mA				-1.5	V
V <sub>I(BR)</sub>	Input breakdown voltage	A, B, or S	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	l <sub>l</sub> = 10 mA		5.5			V
			V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	$V_{IL} = 0.8 V,$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -500 μA	2.6			
VOH	High-level output voltage		$V_{I(A)} = 0,$ $V_{I(R)} = 1.45 V,$	$V_{I(B)} = 0,$ $I_{OH} = -500 \ \mu A,$	$V_{I(S)} = 2 V,$ See Note 3	2.6			V
			V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA			0.4	
V <sub>OL</sub> Low-level output voltage		$V_{I(A)} = 0,$ $V_{I(R)} = 1.45 V,$	V <sub>I(B)</sub> = 0, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA,	$V_{I(S)} = 2 V,$ See Note 4			0.4	V	
1	Ligh lovel input ourrest	A, B, or S	V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5 V					40	
I <sub>IH</sub> High	High-level input current	R	VI = 3.8 V					170	μA
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	A, B, or S	VI = 0.4 V,	V <sub>IR</sub> = 0.8 V		-0.1		-1.6	mA
I <sub>OS</sub> <sup>‡</sup> Short-circuit output current		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V,	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		-50		-100	mA	
Іссн	High-level supply current		V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	All inputs at 0.8	V, Outputs open			72	mA
ICCL	Low-level supply current		V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	All inputs at 2 V,	Outputs open			100	mA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

<sup>‡</sup>Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.

NOTES: 3. The receiver input is high immediately before being reduced to 1.45 V.

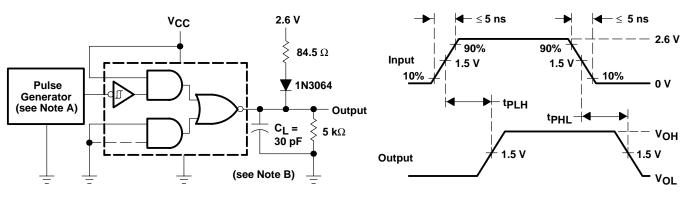
4. The receiver input is low immediately before being increased to 1.45 V.

### switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from R input	See Figure 1		20	30	20
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from R input	See Figure 1		20	30	ns



SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993



### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

**TEST CIRCUIT** 

**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_W = 200$  ns, duty cycle = 50%, PRR  $\leq$  500 kHz. B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

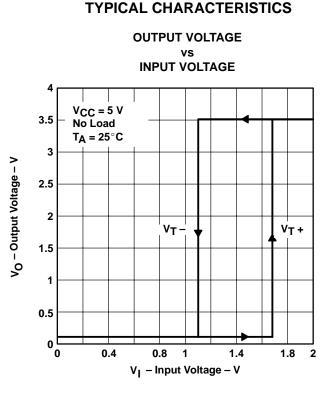
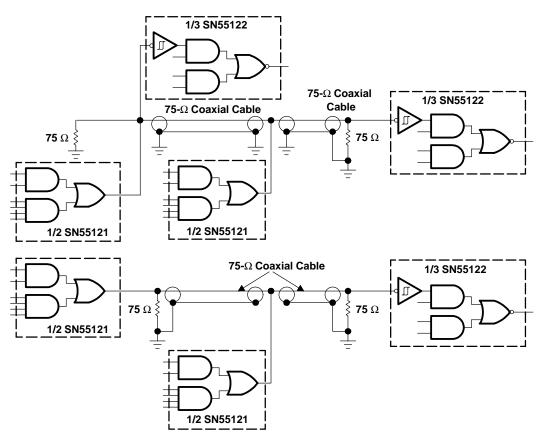


Figure 2

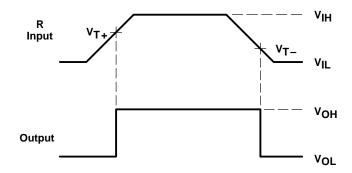


SLLS075B - D1334, SEPTEMBER 1973 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1993

**APPLICATION INFORMATION** 







NOTE: The high gain and built-in hysteresis of the SN55122 and SN75122 line receivers enable them to be used as Schmitt triggers in squaring pulses.

Figure 4. Pulse Squaring



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments (TI) reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue any semiconductor product or service without notice, and advises its customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products and related software to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Certain applications using semiconductor products may involve potential risks of death, personal injury, or severe property or environmental damage ("Critical Applications").

TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, INTENDED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT APPLICATIONS, DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS.

Inclusion of TI products in such applications is understood to be fully at the risk of the customer. Use of TI products in such applications requires the written approval of an appropriate TI officer. Questions concerning potential risk applications should be directed to TI through a local SC sales office.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards should be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein. Nor does TI warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used.

Copyright © 1996, Texas Instruments Incorporated