SLOS081D - FEBRUARY 1977 - REVISED FEBRUARY 1997

- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion . . . 0.003% Typ

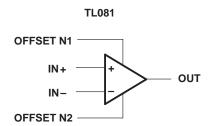
- High Input Impedance . . . JFET-Input Stage
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/μs Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes V<sub>CC+</sub>

# description

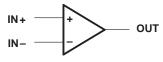
The TL08x JFET-input operational amplifier family is designed to offer a wider selection than any previously developed operational amplifier family. Each of these JFET-input operational amplifiers incorporates well-matched, high-voltage JFET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit. The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient. Offset adjustment and external compensation options are available within the TL08x family.

The C-suffix devices are characterized for operation from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $70^{\circ}$ C. The I-suffix devices are characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C. The M-suffix devices are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C.

## symbols



TL082 (EACH AMPLIFIER) TL084 (EACH AMPLIFIER)

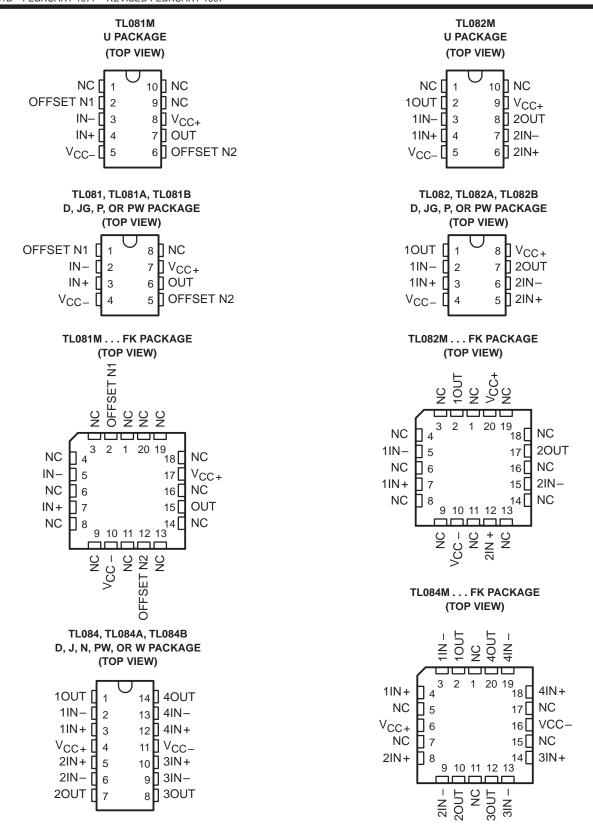




Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



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NC - No internal connection

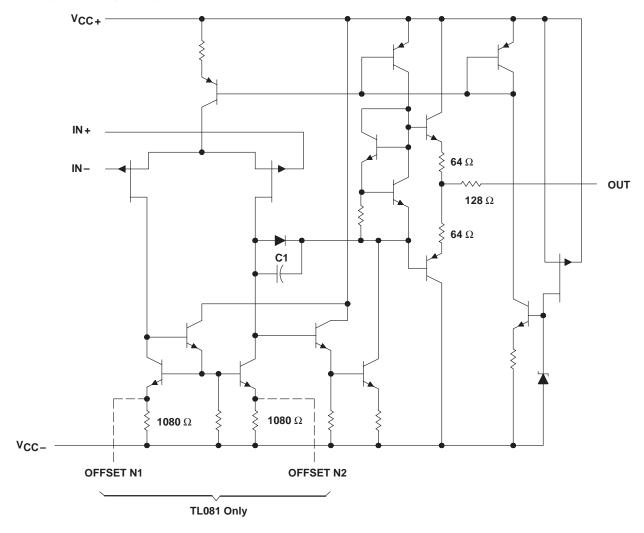
#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

						PACKAGE	DEVICES					CHIP FORM (Y)
TA	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE (D008)	SMALL OUTLINE (D014)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP (PW)	FLAT PACK (U)	FLAT PACK (W)	
	15 mV 6 mV 3 mV	TL081CD TL081ACD TL081BCD	_	_	_	_	_	TL081CP TL081ACP TL081BCP	TL081CPW	_	1	_
0°C to 70°C	15 mV 6 mV 3 mV	TL082CD TL082ACD TL082BCD	_	_	_	-		TL082CP TL082ACP TL082BCP	TL082CPW	ı	ı	TL082Y
	15 mV 6 mV 3 mV	_	TL084CD TL084ACD TL084BCD	_	_	_	TL084CN TL084ACN TL084BCN	_	TL084CPW	ı	ı	TL084Y
-40°C to 85°C	6 mV 6 mV 6 mV	TL081ID TL082ID TL084ID	TL084ID	_	_	_	TL084IN	TL081IP TL082IP	_	_	-	_
-55°C to 125°C	6 mV 6 mV 9 mV	_	_	TL081MFK TL082MFK TL084MFK	TL084MJ	TL081MJG TL082MJG	_	_	_	TL081MU TL082MU	TL084MW	_

TL081A, TL081B, TL082, TL082A, TL082B TL082Y, TL084, TL084A, TL084B, TL084Y JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
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The D package is available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TL081CDR).

# schematic (each amplifier)

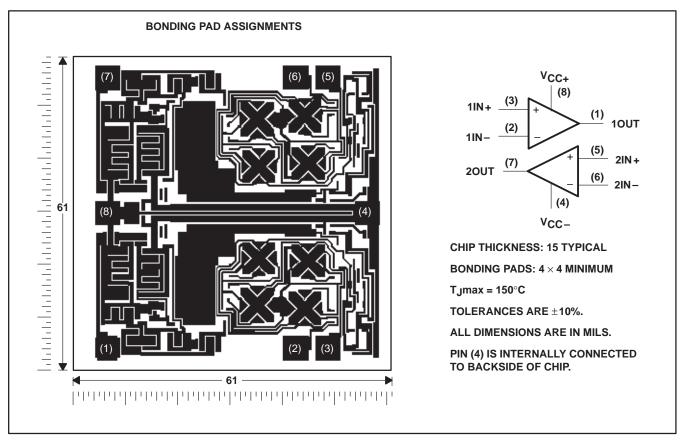


Component values shown are nominal.



## **TL082Y** chip information

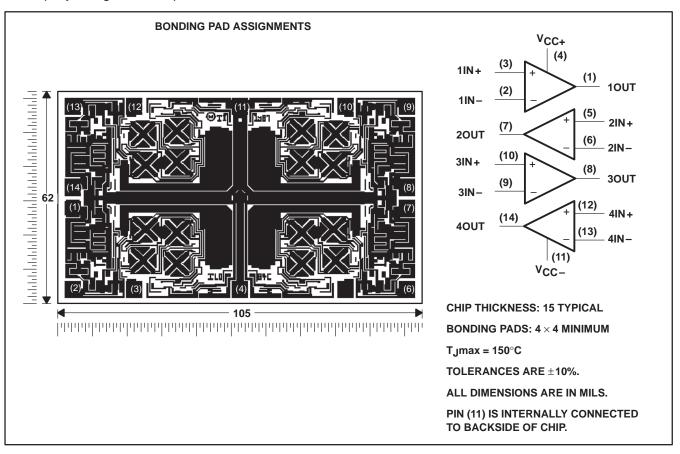
These chips, when properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the TL082. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



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## **TL084Y** chip information

These chips, when properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the TL084. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

		TL08_C TL08_AC TL08_BC	TL08_I	TL08_M	UNIT		
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)		18	18	18	V		
Supply voltage V <sub>CC</sub> - (see Note 1)	-18	-18	-18	V			
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (see Note 2)	± 30	± 30	± 30	V			
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 3)	±15	±15	±15	V			
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4)		unlimited	unlimited	unlimited			
Continuous total power dissipation		Se	See Dissipation Rating Table				
Operating free-air temperature range, TA		0 to 70	- 40 to 85	- 55 to 125	°C		
Storage temperature range, T <sub>Stg</sub>		- 65 to 150	- 65 to 150	- 65 to 150	°C		
Case temperature for 60 seconds, T <sub>C</sub>	FK package			260	°C		
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds	J or JG package			300	°C		
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	D, N, P, or PW package	260	260		°C		

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V<sub>CC+</sub> and V<sub>CC-</sub>.
  - 2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
  - 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 V, whichever is less.
  - 4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR	DERATE ABOVE T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D (8 pin)	680 mW	5.8 mW/°C	32°C	460 mW	373 mW	N/A
D (14 pin)	680 mW	7.6 mW/°C	60°C	604 mW	490 mW	N/A
FK	680 mW	11.0 mW/°C	88°C	680 mW	680 mW	273 mW
J	680 mW	11.0 mW/° C	88°C	680 mW	680 mW	273 mW
JG	680 mW	8.4 mW/°C	69°C	672 mW	546 mW	210 mW
N	680 mW	9.2 mW/°C	76°C	680 mW	597 mW	N/A
Р	680 mW	8.0 mW/°C	65°C	640 mW	520 mW	N/A
PW (8 pin)	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	25°C	336 mW	N/A	N/A
PW (14 pin)	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	25°C	448 mW	N/A	N/A
U	675 mW	5.4 mW/°C	25°C	432 mW	351 mW	135 mW
W	680 mW	8.0 mW/°C	65°C	640 mW	520 mW	200 mW

# electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

P	PARAMETER TEST CONDITION		IDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub> †		TL081C TL082C TL084C		1	ΓL081ΑC ΓL082ΑC ΓL084ΑC		-	TL081B0 TL082B0 TL084B0			TL081I TL082I TL084I		UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
\/.a	Input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		3	15		3	6		2	3		3	6	mV
VIO	input onset voltage	νQ = 0	NS = 30 12	Full range			20			7.5			5			9	IIIV
αVIO	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	Full range		18			18			18			18		μV/°C
110	Input offset current‡	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		5	200		5	100		5	100		5	100	pА
10	input onset current+	VO = 0		Full range			2			2			2			10	nA
lip	IB Input bias current‡	V <sub>O</sub> = 0		25°C		30	400		30	200		30	200		30	200	pА
.ID			Full range			10			7			7			20	nA	
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range			25°C	±11	-12 to 15		±11	-12 to 15		±11	-12 to 15		±11	-12 to 15		V
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		
VOM	Maximum peak output voltage swing	$R_L \ge 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		Full range	±12			±12			±12			±12			V
	output voltage swing	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$		Full range	±10	±12		±10	±12		±10	±12		±10	±12		
Λ	Large-signal differential voltage	$V_0 = \pm 10 \text{ V},$	$R_L \geq \ 2 \ k\Omega$	25°C	25	200		50	200		50	200		50	200		V/mV
AVD	amplification	$V_0 = \pm 10 \text{ V},$	$R_L \ge 2 \; k\Omega$	Full range	15			25			25			25			V/IIIV
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth			25°C		3			3			3			3		MHz
rį	Input resistance			25°C		1012			1012			1012			1012		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR} m$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	in, $R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	70	86		75	86		75	86		75	86		dB
ksvr	Supply voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	to $\pm$ 9 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 $\Omega$	25°C	70	86		80	86		80	86		80	86		dB
ICC	Supply current (per amplifier)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load	25°C		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	$A_{VD} = 100$		25°C		120			120			120			120		dB

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage unless otherwise specified. Full range for T<sub>A</sub> is 0°C to 70°C for TL08\_C, TL08\_AC, TL08\_BC and -40°C to 85°C for TL08\_I.

<sup>‡</sup> Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive as shown in Figure 17. Pulse techniques must be used that maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

# electrical characteristics, $V_{\mbox{CC}\,\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V (unless otherwise noted)

,	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS†		TL08	31M, TL0	82M		TL084M		UNIT
	ARAMETER	IESI CON	IDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
VIO	Input offset voltage	VO = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		3	6		3	9	mV
V10	input onset voltage	V() = 0,	NS = 50 22	-55°C to 125°C			9			15	IIIV
αΛΙΟ	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	-55°C to 125°C		18			18		μV/°C
li o	lament affact assume at T	\/a = 0		25°C		5	100		5	100	рА
lio	Input offset current‡	VO = 0		125°C			20			20	nA
lin	les les des seus est			25°C		30	200		30	200	pА
IВ	Input bias current‡	VO = 0		125°C			50			50	nA
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range			25°C	±11	±12 to 15		±11	± 12 to 15		V
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C	±12	±13.5		±12	±13.5		
Vом	Maximum peak output voltage swing	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10 kΩ		-55°C to 125°C	±12			±12			V
		$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$		-55 C to 125 C	±10	±12		±10	±12		
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage	$V_0 = \pm 10 \text{ V},$	$R_L \ge 2 \; k\Omega$	25°C	25	200		25	200		V/mV
^VD	amplification	$V_0 = \pm 10 \text{ V},$	$R_L \geq 2 \; k\Omega$	−55°C to 125°C	15			15			V/IIIV
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth			25°C		3			3		MHz
rį	Input resistance			25°C		1012			1012		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR}$ $V_{O} = 0$ ,	nin, $R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	80	86		80	86		dB
kSVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{CC\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $V_{O} = 0,$	' to ±9 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	25°C	80	86		80	86		dB
ICC	Supply current (per amplifier)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load	25°C		1.4	2.8		1.4	2.8	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	A <sub>VD</sub> = 100		25°C		120			120		dB

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise specified.

# operating characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDIT	IONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
		V <sub>I</sub> = 10 V,	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ ,	$C_L = 100 pF$ ,	See Figure 1	8*	13		
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_I = 10 \text{ V},$ $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C to } 125^{\circ}\text{C},$	$R_L = 2 kΩ$ , See Figure 1	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF,		5*			V/μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	V <sub>I</sub> = 20 mV,	$R_1 = 2 k\Omega$	C <sub>I</sub> = 100 pF,	See Figure 1		0.05		μs
	Overshoot factor	V  = 20 IIIV,	KL = 2 K12,	CL = 100 pr,	See Figure 1		20%		
\	Equivalent input noise	R <sub>S</sub> = 20 Ω	f = 1 kHz				18		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>
V <sub>n</sub>	voltage	NS = 20 12	f = 10 Hz to 10		4		μV		
In	Equivalent input noise current	$R_S = 20 \Omega$ ,	f = 1 kHz				0.01		pA/√ <del>Hz</del>
THD	Total harmonic distortion	V <sub>I</sub> rms = 6 V, f = 1 kHz	$A_{VD} = 1$ ,	$R_S \le 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$ ,	·	0.003%		·

<sup>\*</sup>On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



<sup>‡</sup> Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive as shown in Figure 17. Pulse techniques must be used that maintain the junction temperatures as close to the ambient temperature as is possible.

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# electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = $25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	utionet	TL0	82Y, TL0	84Y	UNIT
	PARAMETER	I IESI COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		3	15	mV
ανιο	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$V_{O} = 0$ ,	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		18		μV/°C
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current <sup>‡</sup>	$V_{O} = 0$ ,			5	200	pА
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current <sup>‡</sup>	$V_{O} = 0$ ,			30	400	рΑ
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range			±11	-12 to 15		٧
Vом	Maximum peak output voltage swing	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,		±12	±13.5		V
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_0 = \pm 10 \text{ V},$	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	25	200		V/mV
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth				3		MHz
rį	Input resistance				1012		Ω
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICR</sub> min,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	70	86		dB
		$R_S = 50 \Omega$		70	86		
ksvr	Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>CC+</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	$V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V to } \pm 15 \text{ V}$		70	86		dB
		$V_{O} = 0,$	$R_S = 50 \Omega$	70	86		
ICC	Supply current (per amplifier)	$V_{O} = 0,$	No load		1.4	2.8	mA
V <sub>O1</sub> /V <sub>O2</sub>	Crosstalk attenuation	A <sub>VD</sub> = 100			120	·	dB

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode voltage unless otherwise specified.

# operating characteristics, $V_{\mbox{CC}\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_{\mbox{A}}$ = $25^{\circ}\mbox{C}$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS					TYP	MAX	UNIT
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>I</sub> = 10 V,	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ ,	$C_L = 100 pF$ ,	See Figure 1	8	13		V/μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	V <sub>I</sub> = 20 mV,	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ ,	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF,	See Figure 1		0.05		μs
	Overshoot factor	V  = 20 IIIV,					20%		
\	Equivalent input noise voltage	Rs = 20 Ω	f = 1 kHz		18		nV/√ <del>Hz</del>		
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voitage	KS = 20 12	f = 10 Hz to		4		μV		
In	Equivalent input noise current	$R_S = 20 \Omega$ ,	f = 1 kHz				0.01		pA/√Hz
THD	Total harmonic distortion	V <sub>I</sub> rms = 6 V, f = 1 kHz	A <sub>VD</sub> = 1,	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 1 kΩ,	$R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$ ,		0.003%		

<sup>‡</sup> Input bias currents of a FET-input operational amplifier are normal junction reverse currents, which are temperature sensitive as shown in Figure 17. Pulse techniques must be used that maintain the junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible.

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

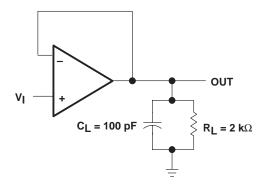


Figure 1

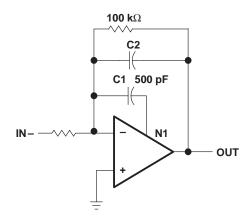


Figure 3

 $V_{I} \xrightarrow{1 \text{ k}\Omega} OUT$   $R_{L} \xrightarrow{\Xi} C_{L} = 100 \text{ pF}$ 

Figure 2

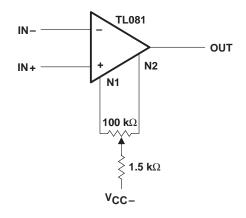


Figure 4

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## **Table of Graphs**

			FIGURE
V <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum peak output voltage	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature vs Load resistance vs Supply voltage	5, 6, 7 8 9 10
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Free-air temperature vs Frequency	11 12
	Differential voltage amplification	vs Frequency with feed-forward compensation	13
$P_{D}$	Total power dissipation	vs Free-air temperature	14
Icc	Supply current	vs Free-air temperature vs Supply voltage	15 16
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	vs Free-air temperature	17
	Large-signal pulse response	vs Time	18
٧o	Output voltage	vs Elapsed time	19
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Free-air temperature	20
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	21
THD	Total harmonic distortion	vs Frequency	22

#### **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

# **FREQUENCY**

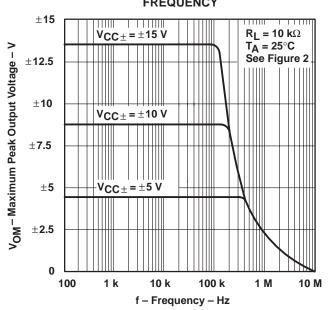


Figure 5

#### **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE** vs

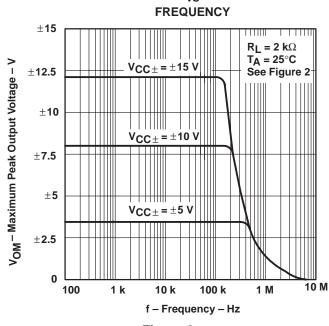


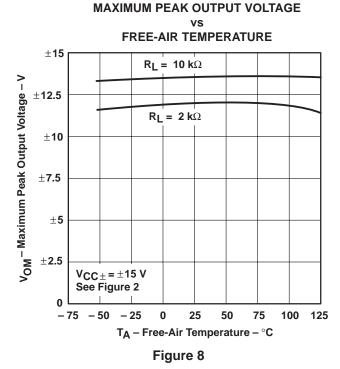
Figure 6

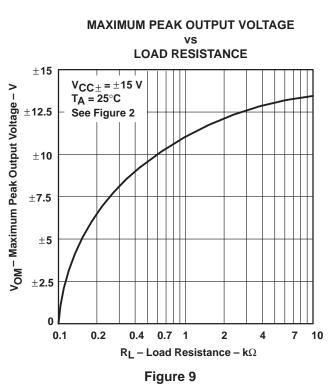


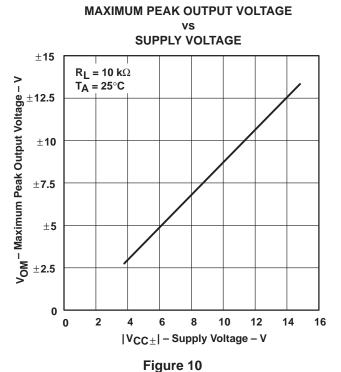
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

# **MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE FREQUENCY** $\pm 15$ $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ V<sub>OM</sub> - Maximum Peak Output Voltage - V $R_L = 2 k\Omega$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ±12.5 See Figure 2 $\pm 10$ $T_A = -55^{\circ}C$ $\pm 7.5$ T<sub>A</sub> = 125°C $\pm 5$ ±2.5 10 k 40 k 100 k 400 k 1 M 4 M 10 M f - Frequency - Hz

Figure 7







<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



# LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION

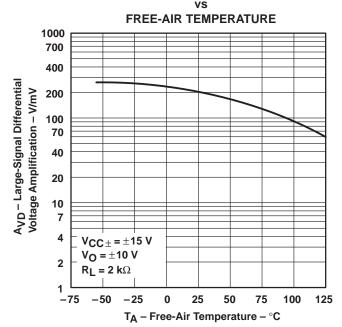


Figure 11

# LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION

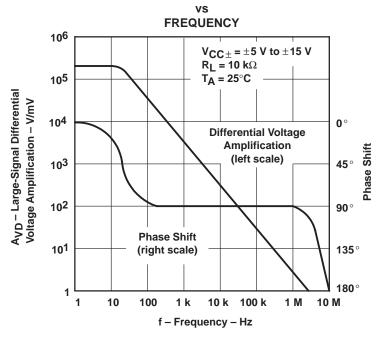


Figure 12

<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



# **DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION** FREQUENCY WITH FEED-FORWARD COMPENSATION 106 A<sub>VD</sub> - Differential Voltage Amplification - V/mV $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ C2 = 3 pF105 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ See Figure 3 104 10<sup>3</sup> 102 10 100 1 k 10 k 100 k 1 M 10 M

Figure 13

f - Frequency With Feed-Forward Compensation - Hz

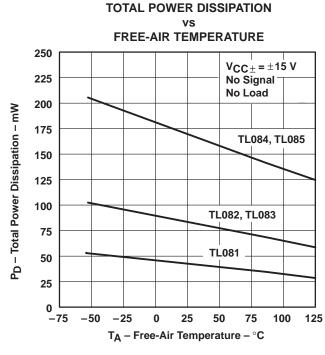
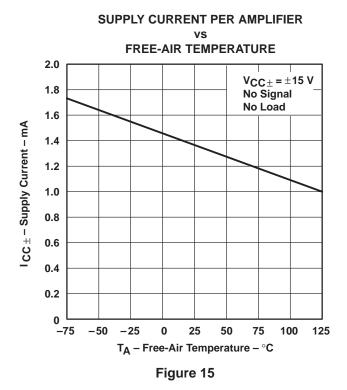
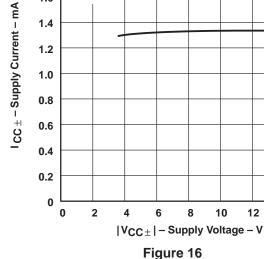


Figure 14

SUPPLY CURRENT

**SUPPLY VOLTAGE** 





<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



2.0

1.8

1.6

1.4

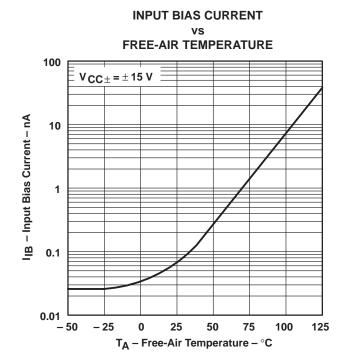
 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

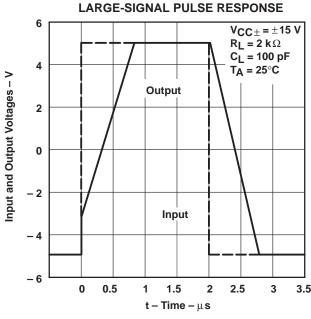
No Signal

No Load

14

16



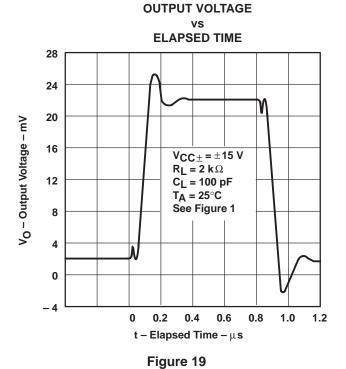


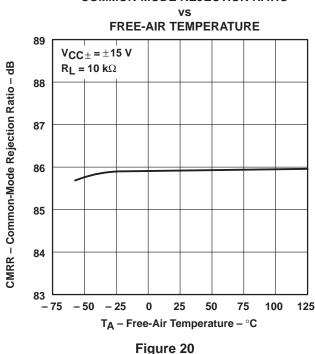
**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER** 

Figure 17



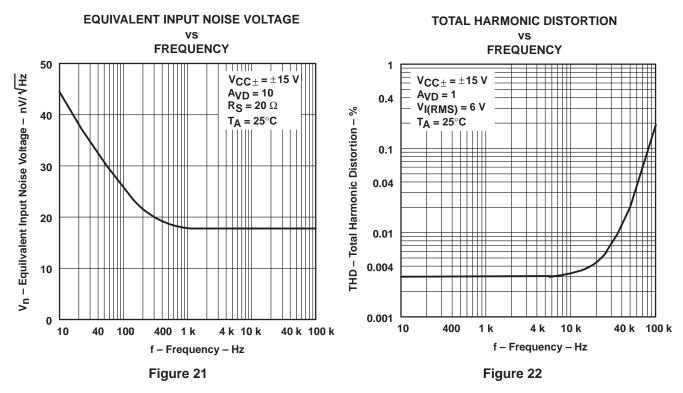
Figure 18





<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.





† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

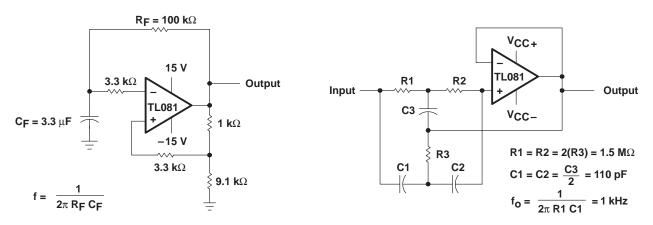


Figure 23 Figure 24

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

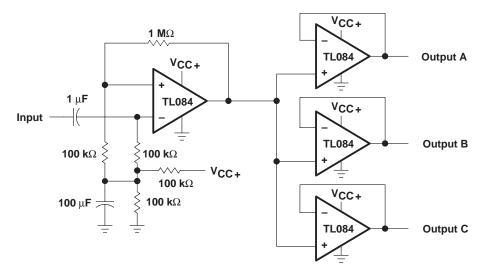
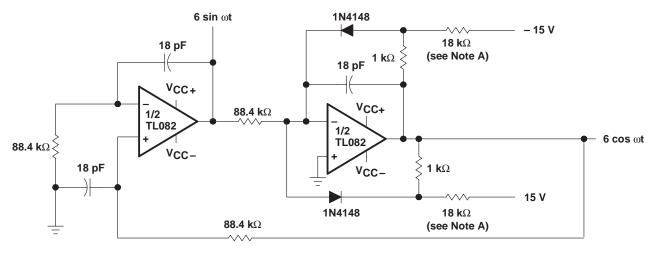


Figure 25. Audio-Distribution Amplifier



NOTE A: These resistor values may be adjusted for a symmetrical output.

Figure 26. 100-KHz Quadrature Oscillator



### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

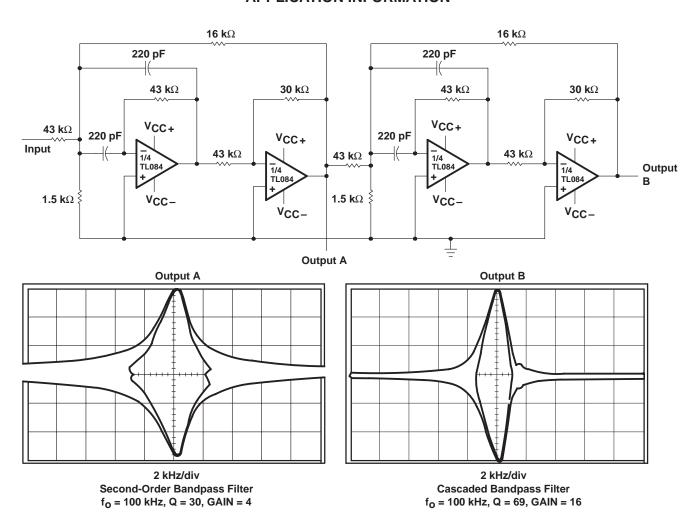


Figure 27. Positive-Feedback Bandpass Filter

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