

# TL-SCSI285, TL-SCSI285Y FIXED-VOLTAGE REGULATORS FOR SCSI ACTIVE TERMINATION

SLVS065E – NOVEMBER 1991 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 1998

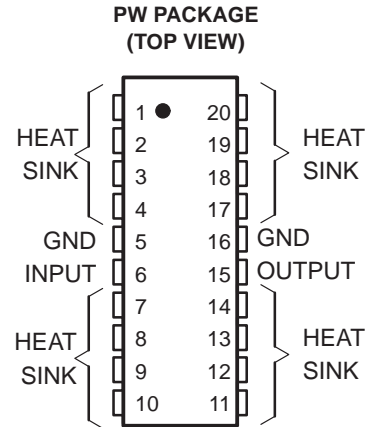
- Fully Matches Parameters for Alternative 2 SCSI Active Termination
- Fixed 2.85-V Output
- $\pm 1\%$  Maximum Output Tolerance at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- 0.7-V Maximum Dropout Voltage
- 620-mA Output Current
- $\pm 2\%$  Absolute Output Variation
- Internal Overcurrent Limiting Circuitry
- Internal Thermal-Overload Protection
- Internal Overvoltage Protection

## description

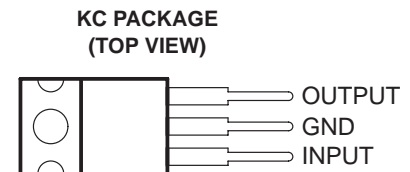
The TL-SCSI285 is a low-dropout (0.7-V) fixed-voltage regulator specifically designed for small computer systems interface (SCSI) alternative 2 active signal termination. The TL-SCSI285 0.7-V maximum dropout ensures compatibility with existing SCSI systems while providing a wide TERMPWR voltage range. At the same time, the  $\pm 1\%$  initial tolerance on its 2.85-V output voltage ensures a tighter line-driver current tolerance, thereby increasing the system noise margin.

The fixed 2.85-V output voltage of the TL-SCSI285 supports the SCSI alternative 2 termination standard, while reducing system power consumption. The 0.7-V maximum dropout voltage brings increased TERMPWR isolation, making the device ideal for battery-powered systems. The TL-SCSI285, with internal current limiting, overvoltage protection, ESD protection, and thermal protection, offers designers enhanced system protection and reliability.

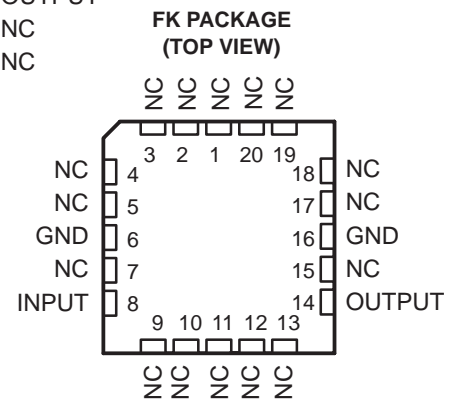
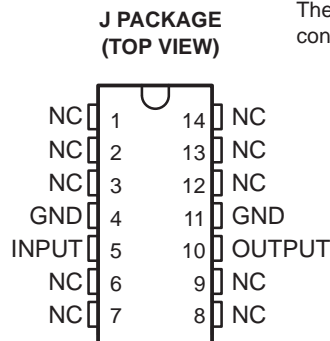
When configured as a SCSI active terminator, the TL-SCSI285 low-dropout regulator eliminates the 220- $\Omega$  and the 330- $\Omega$  resistors required for each transmission line with a passive termination scheme, reducing significantly the continuous system power drain. When placed in series with 110- $\Omega$  resistors, the device matches the impedance level of the transmission cable and eliminates reflections.



HEAT SINK – These terminals have an internal resistive connection to ground and should be grounded or electrically isolated.



The GND terminal is in electrical contact with the mounting base.



NC – No internal connection



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**TEXAS  
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## description (continued)

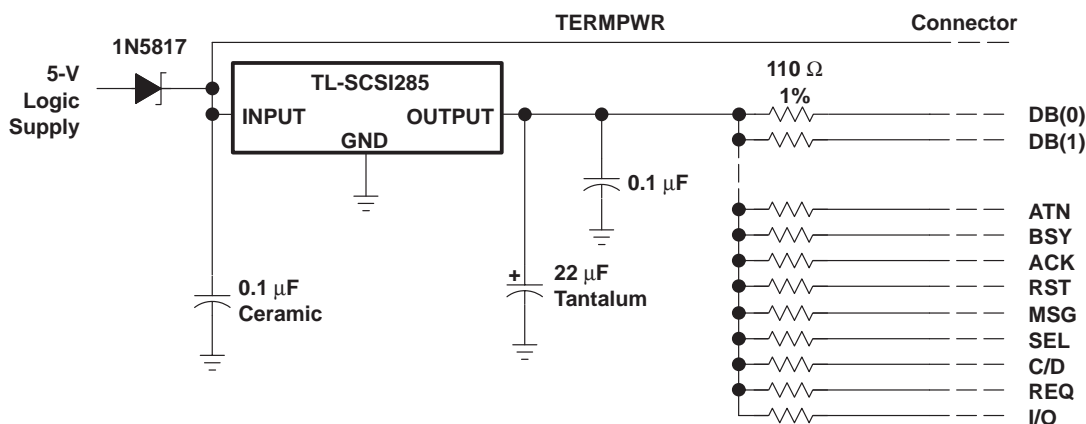
The TL-SCSI285 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 125°C virtual junction temperature. The TL-SCSI285M is characterized for operation from -55°C to 125°C virtual junction temperature.

### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T <sub>J</sub>	PACKAGED DEVICES				CHIP FORM (Y)
	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC POWER (KC)	SURFACE MOUNT (PW) <sup>†</sup>	
0°C to 125°C	—	—	TL-SCSI285KC	TL-SCSI285PWLE	TL-SCSI285Y
-55°C to 125°C	TL-SCSI285MFK	TL-SCSI285MJ	—	—	

<sup>†</sup> The PW package is only available left-end taped and reeled.

## typical application schematic

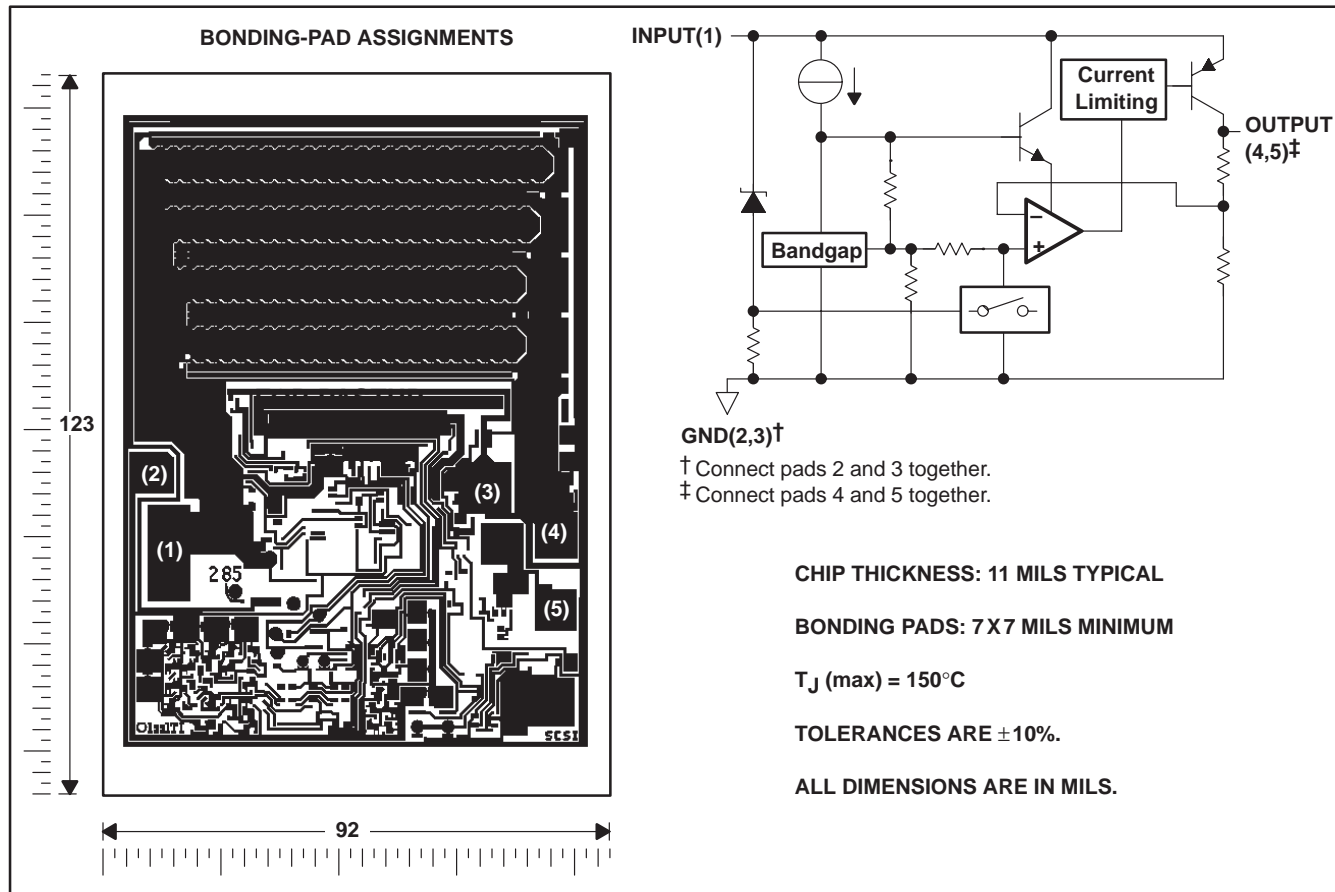


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## TL-SCSI285Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, has characteristics similar to the TL-SCSI285. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding can be used on the doped-aluminum pads. The chips can be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



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## absolute maximum ratings over operating virtual junction temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Continuous input voltage, $V_I$ .....	7.5 V
Continuous total dissipation (see Note 1) .....	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, $T_A$ .....	-55°C to 150°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: KC, N, or PW Package .....	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: J Package .....	300°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Refer to Figures 1 and 2 to avoid exceeding the design maximum virtual junction temperature; these ratings should not be exceeded. Due to variation in individual device electrical characteristics and thermal resistance, the built-in thermal overload protection may be activated at power levels slightly above or below the rated dissipation.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	POWER RATING AT	T ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T = 25°C	T = 70°C POWER RATING	T = 85°C POWER RATING	T = 125°C POWER RATING
FK	$T_A$	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	$T_A$	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
KC	$T_A$	2000 mW	16.0 mW/°C	1280 mW	1040 mW	400 mW
	$T_C$	20000 mW	182.0 mW/°C‡	11810 mW	9080 mW	1800 mW
PW	$T_A$	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW	190 mW
	$T_C$	4625 mW	37.0 mW/°C	2960 mW	2405 mW	925 mW

‡ Derate above 40°C

MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DISSIPATION  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

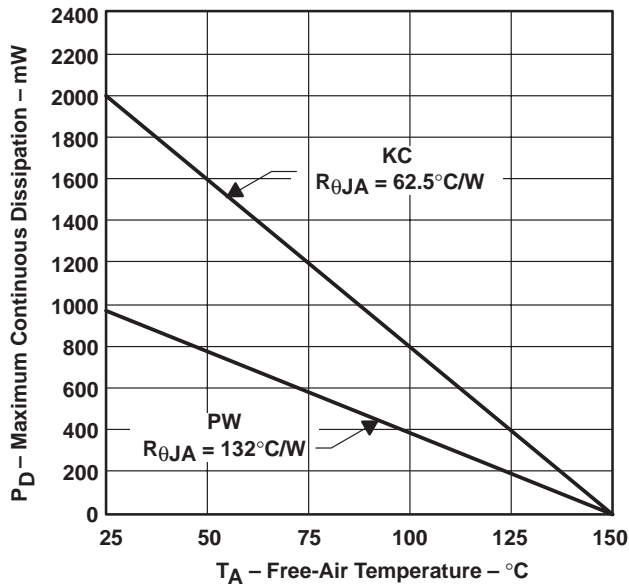


Figure 1

MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS DISSIPATION  
vs  
CASE TEMPERATURE

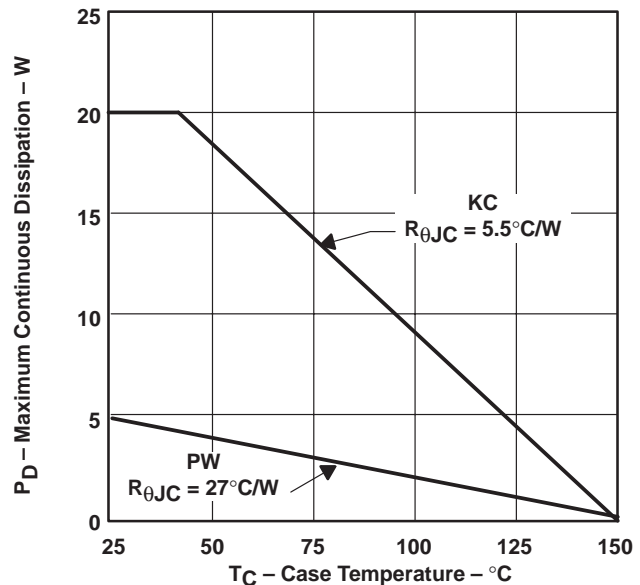


Figure 2

**TL-SCSI285, TL-SCSI285Y**  
**FIXED-VOLTAGE REGULATORS**  
**FOR SCSI ACTIVE TERMINATION**

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**recommended operating conditions**

		TL-SCSI285		TL-SCSI285M		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Input voltage, $V_I$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			3.45	5.5	V
Input voltage, $V_I$	$T_J = \text{full range}^\dagger$	3.55	5.5	3.7	5.5	V
Output current, $I_O$	KC package	0	620			mA
	PW package	0	500			
	FK and J packages				480	
Operating virtual junction temperature range, $T_J$		0	125	-55	125	$^\circ\text{C}$

$^\dagger$  Full range for the TL-SCSI285 is  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ . Full range for the TL-SCSI285M is  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

**electrical characteristics,  $V_I = 4.5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ ,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS $^\ddagger$	TL-SCSI285KC TL-SCSI285N			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Output voltage	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.82	2.85	2.88	V
	$I_O = 500\text{ mA to }620\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.65\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 0\text{ to }125^\circ\text{C}$	2.79		2.91	
Input regulation	$V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$		5	15	mV
Ripple rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $V_{\text{ripple}} = 1 V_{O(PP)}$		-62		dB
Output regulation	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }620\text{ mA}$		5	30	mV
	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$		5	30	
Output noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$		500		$\mu\text{V}$
Dropout voltage	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$			0.7	V
	$I_O = 620\text{ mA}$			0.8	
Bias current	$I_O = 0$		2	5	mA
	$I_O = 27\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 1 line asserted		3	6	
	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 18 lines asserted (8-bit)		26	49	
	$I_O = 620\text{ mA}$		37	62	

$^\ddagger$  Pulse-testing techniques are used to maintain the virtual junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a  $0.1\text{-}\mu\text{F}$  capacitor across the input and a  $22.0\text{-}\mu\text{F}$  tantalum capacitor with equivalent series resistance of  $1.5\ \Omega$  on the output.

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## electrical characteristics, $V_I = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONST	TL-SCSI285PW			UNIT	
		MIN	TYP	MAX		
Output voltage	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.82	2.85	2.88	V
		$T_J = 0\text{ to }125^\circ\text{C}$	2.79		2.91	
Input regulation	$V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$		5	15	mV	
Ripple rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $V_{\text{ripple}} = 1\text{ V}_O(\text{PP})$		-62		dB	
Output regulation	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$		5	30	mV	
Output noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$		500		$\mu\text{V}$	
Dropout voltage	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$			0.7	V	
Bias current	$I_O = 0$		2	5	mA	
	$I_O = 27\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 1 line asserted		3	6		
	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 18 lines asserted (8-bit)		26	49		

† Pulse-testing techniques are used to maintain the virtual junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor across the input and a 22.0- $\mu\text{F}$  tantalum capacitor with equivalent series resistance of 1.5  $\Omega$  on the output.

## electrical characteristics, $V_I = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $I_O = 480\text{ mA}$ , $T_J = \text{full range}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONST	TL-SCSI285M			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Output voltage	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }480\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.82	2.85	2.88	V
	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }480\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	2.79		2.91	
Input regulation	$V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			15	mV
Ripple rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $V_{\text{ripple}} = 1\text{ V}_O(\text{PP})$		-62		dB
Output regulation	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }480\text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			30	mV
Output noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$		500		$\mu\text{V}$
Dropout voltage	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$			0.7	V
				0.85	
Bias current	$I_O = 0$			5	mA
	$I_O = 24\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 1 line asserted			6	
	$I_O = 480\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 18 lines asserted (8-bit)			49	

† Pulse-testing techniques are used to maintain the virtual junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor across the input and a 22.0- $\mu\text{F}$  tantalum capacitor with equivalent series resistance of 1.5  $\Omega$  on the output.

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**electrical characteristics,  $V_I = 4.5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ ,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION <sup>†</sup>	TL-SCSI285Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Output voltage	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$ , $V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$		2.85		V
Input regulation	$V_I = 3.55\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$		5		mV
Ripple rejection	$f = 120\text{ Hz}$ , $V_{\text{ripple}} = 1\text{ V}_{O(\text{PP})}$		-62		dB
Output regulation	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }620\text{ mA}$		5		mV
	$I_O = 20\text{ mA to }500\text{ mA}$		5		
Output noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$		500		$\mu\text{V}$
Bias current	$I_O = 0$		2		mA
	$I_O = 27\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 1 line asserted		3		
	$I_O = 500\text{ mA}$ , equivalent 18 lines asserted (8-bit)		26		
	$I_O = 620\text{ mA}$		37		

<sup>†</sup> Pulse-testing techniques are used to maintain the virtual junction temperature as close to the ambient temperature as possible. Thermal effects must be taken into account separately. All characteristics are measured with a 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor across the input and a 22.0- $\mu\text{F}$  tantalum capacitor with equivalent series resistance of 1.5  $\Omega$  on the output.

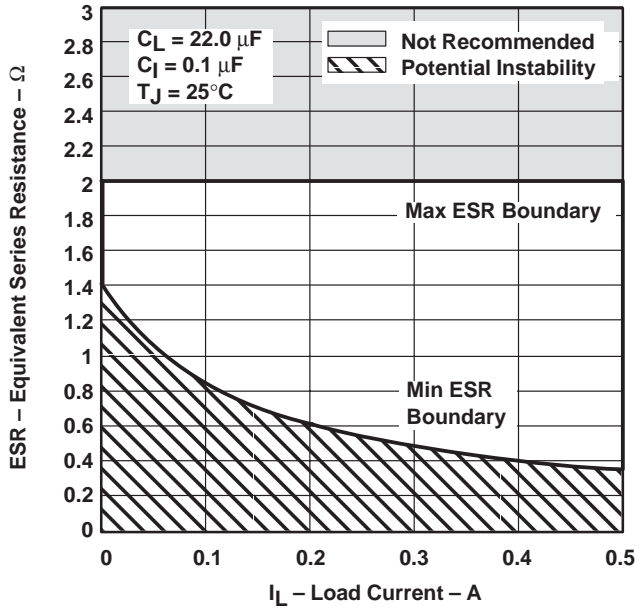
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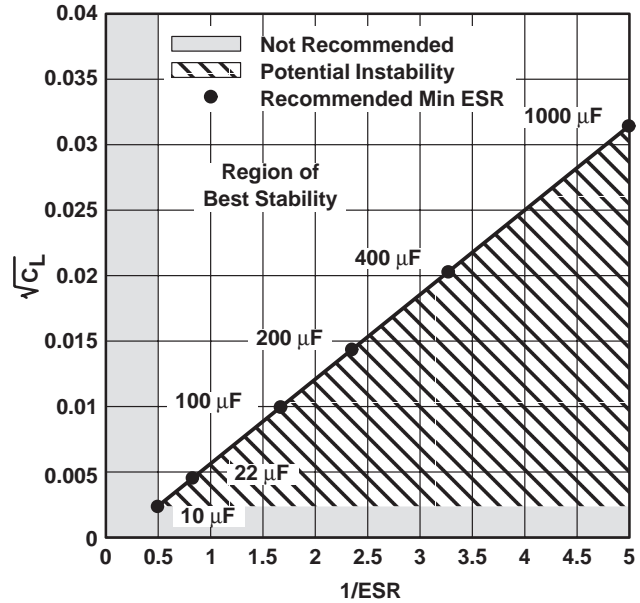
## COMPENSATION CAPACITOR SELECTION INFORMATION

The TL-SCSI285 is a low-dropout regulator. This means that the capacitance loading is important to the performance of the regulator because it is a vital part of the control loop. The capacitor value and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) both affect the control loop and must be defined for the load range and the temperature range. Figures 3 and 4 can be used to establish the capacitance value and ESR range for best regulator performance.

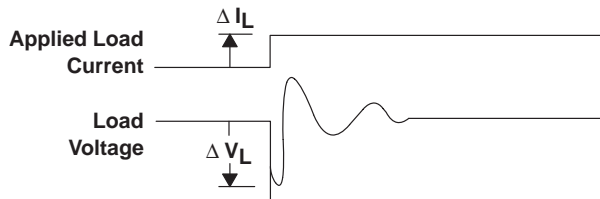
**ESR OF OUTPUT CAPACITOR  
vs  
LOAD CURRENT**



**STABILITY  
vs  
ESR**



**Figure 4**



**Figure 3**



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