# RS-232C Interface with COP800

#### INTRODUCTION

This application note describes an implementation of the RS-232C interface with a COP888CG. The COP888CG 8-bit microcontroller features three 16-bit timer/counters, MICROWIRE/PLUS™ Serial I/O, multi-source vectored interrupt capability, two comparators, a full duplex UART, and two power saving modes (HALT and IDLE). The COP888CG feature set allows for efficient handling of RS-232C hardware handshaking and serial data transmission/reception.

### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

In this application, a COP888CG is connected to a terminal using the standard RS-232C interface. The serial port of the terminal is attached to the COP888CG interface hardware using a standard ribbon cable with DB-25 connectors on either end. The terminal keyboard transmits ASCII characters via the cable to the COP888CG interface. All characters received by the COP888CG are echoed back to the terminal screen. If the COP888CG detects a parity or framing error, it transmits an error message back to the terminal screen.

## HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

The COP888CG features used in this application include the user programmable UART, the 8-bit configurable L PORT, and vectored interrupts. In addition to the COP888CG, the RS-232C interface requires a DS14C88 driver and a DS14C89A receiver. The DS14C88 converts TTL/CMOS level signals to RS-232C defined levels and the DS14C89A does the opposite. *Figure 1* contains a diagram of the COP888CG interface hardware.

The COP888CG is configured as data communications equipment (DCE) and the terminal is assumed to be data terminal equipment (DTE). The following RS-232C signals are used to communicate between the COP888CG (DCE) and the terminal (DTE):

RS-232C Signal Name	Signal Origin
TxD (Transmit Data)	DTE
RxD (Receive Data)	DCE
CTS (Clear To Send)	DCE
RTS (Request To Send)	DTE
DSR (Data Set Ready)	DCE
DTR (Data Terminal Ready)	DTE
DCD (Data Carrier Detect)	DCE

Five general purpose I/O pins on the COP888CG L PORT are used for the control signals CTS, DSR, DCD, RTS and DTR. Two additional L PORT pins are used for TxD and RxD. These two general purpose pins are configured for their alternate functions, UART transmit (TDX) and UART receive (RDX). According to the RS-232C interface standard, DCE transmits data to DTE on RxD and receives data from DTE on TxD. Therefore, the UART transmit data pin (TDX) is used for the RS-232C receive data signal (RxD) and the UART receive data pin (RDX) is used for the RS-232C transmit data signal (TxD). In this example, all handshaking between DCE and DTE is performed in hardware. National Semiconductor Application Note 739 Michelle Giles May 1991



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The terminal is setup to interface with the COP888CG by selecting the 9600 baud, 7 bits/character, odd parity and one stop bit options. The local echo back of characters is disabled to allow the COP888CG to perform the echo back function. The terminal is also configured to use the hard-ware control signals (CTS, DSR, RTS, DTR) for handshaking.

#### SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

The software for this application consists of an initialization routine, several interrupt routines, and a disable routine. These routines handle RS-232C handshaking, transmitting and receiving of characters, error checking, and echoing back of received characters. *Figures 2* thru 5 contain flow-charts of the routines. The complete code is given at the end of this application note.

The initialization routine configures the UART, initializes the transmit/receive data buffer, and enables the 8-bit L PORT handling of RS-232C control signals. In this particular example, the UART is configured to operate at 9600 BAUD in full duplex, asynchronous mode. The framing format is chosen to be: 7 bits/character, odd parity, and one stop bit. Different baud rates, modes of operation, and framing formats may be selected by setting the ENUCMD, ENUICMD, BAUDVAL and PSRVAL constants located at the beginning of the code to alternative values. (Refer to the COP888CG data sheet or COP888 Family User's Manual for details on configuring the UART.) Each RS-232C control signal is assigned to an L PORT pin. Pins L0, L2, L5 and L6 are configured as outputs for the DCD, TxD, CTS and DSR signals, respectively. Pins L3, L4 and L7 are configured as inputs for TxD, RTS and DTR, respectively. The transmit/receive data buffer is a circular buffer whose location and size is selected by setting the START and END constants located at the beginning of the program. The initialization routine sets up the buffer based on these constants.

The interrupt routines respond to transmit buffer empty, receive buffer full, and L PORT interrupts. A generic context switching routine is used for entering and exiting all interrupts. This routine saves the contents of the accumulator, the PSW register and the B pointer before vectoring to the appropriate interrupt routine. It also restores the contents of saved registers before a return from interrupt is executed.

The UART transmitter interrupt is called when the transmit buffer empty flag (TBMT) is set. This routine checks for active RTS and DTR control signals. If both signals are active and there is data to be transmitted, a byte of data is loaded into the UART transmit buffer. Otherwise, the UART transmitter is disabled.

The L PORT interrupts are used to indicate an active-low transition of RTS and/or DTR. When both signals are active (the remote receiver is ready to accept data), this routine enables the UART transmitter.

The UART receiver interrupt routine is called when the receive buffer full flag (RBFL) is set. This routine reads the

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UART receive buffer and checks for errors. If no errors are detected, the incoming data is placed in the data buffer for echoing. If errors are detected, an error message is queued for transmission.

The receiver interrupt disables the remote transmitter by deactivating CTS whenever the transmit/receive data buffer is almost full. This action prevents the data buffer from overflowing. Note that CTS is turned off before the buffer is completely full to insure buffer space will exist for storing characters which are in the process of being sent when CTS is deactivated.

The disable routine clears the UART control registers, disables the L PORT interrupts, and de-activates the RS-232C control signals.

## CONCLUSION

The user configurable UART, multiple external interrupt capabilities, and vectored interrupt scheme of the COP888CG microcontroller allow for an efficient implementation of the RS-232C interface standard. This application note shows how the COP888CG may be configured for connection to a terminal using these features. However, the code for this application can be easily adapted to other applications requiring different baud rates or framing formats, connection to a modem (DCE), separate transmit and receive buffers, incoming command decoding and/or handling of character strings. The versatility of the RS-232C standard and the COP888CG provides a means to develop practical solutions for many applications.











NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION COP800 CROSS ASSEMBLER, REV:D1,12 OCT 88

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 14 15 16 7		<pre>ito simulate an RS232 port isignals, echo back of rece iroutime called INIT initia iThe transmitting and recei iinterrupt routines. The UF iThe user must select value ithis code. i NOTES:</pre>	ines uses the COP888CG UART and several I/O pins interface. The code handles hardware control sived characters, and error checking. A single alizes the UART and hardware control signals. ving of characters is handled in several ART is disabled by calling the DISABLE routine. is for several constants before compiling er is enabled only when the transmit/receive oty and the appropriate RS232 control signals receiver are present. is always enabled. the remote transmitter iiter is disabled whenever the transmit/ fer is full.
17 18 19 20 21 22	0089	;Definition of Constants ENUCMD = 089	∛Value to put in the ENU register ∛Selects bits per char and parity option ∛DEFAULT = 081 (7 bits/char and odd parity)
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	0020	ENUICMD = 020	;Value to put in the ENUI register ;Selects number of stop bits, uart clock option, ;sync/async option, xmit/rcv interrupt enable, ;and TDX pin enable ;DEFAULT = 023 ( 1 stop bit, internal BRG, ;async operation, no interrupt, and TDX enabled)
20 31 32 34 35 36 38 39 41 42 43 45	0004 00C8	BAUDVAL = 04 PSRVAL = 0C8	<pre>Baud rate divisor equals N - 1 Baud rate prescalar Baud rate prescalar Baud rate prescalar Baud Divisor FC = CKI frequency N = Baud Divisor P = Prescalar GIVEN: CALCULATE: BAUDVAL: PSRVAL: CKI = 10MHz N = 5 BR = 9600 P = 13 04 0CB GIVEN: N = 10 BR = 4800 P = 13 09 0CB See tables in users manual for translation Sof N and P to BAUDVAL and PSRVAL See Tables in users manual for translation Sof N and P to BAUDVAL and PSRVAL See Tables in users manual for translation See Tables in Us</pre>
46 47 48 49 50 51	0010 001D 001E 001F 000E	START       =       010         END       =       01D         HEAD       =       01E         TAIL       =       01F         SIZE       =       0E	Beginning address of the xmit/rcv buffer End address of the xmit/rcv buffer RAM address where current head of buffer stored RAM address where current tail of buffer stored Size of transmit/receive data buffer
			TL/DD/11110-6

-				=			
52 53	0000 0005		DCD CTS	=	00 05		position of DCD signal on L port pins position of CTS signal on L port pins
54	0007		DTR	=	07		position of DTR signal on L port pins
55	0004		RTS	=	04		position of RTS signal on L port pins
56	0006		DSR	=			position of DSR signal on L port pins
57	0005		ETDX	=	05		position of TDX enable pin in ENUI
58	0000		TIE	=	00	∛Bit	position of TX interrupt enable bit
59	0001		RIE	20	01		position of RX interrupt enable bit
60	0005		PE	=	05		position of parity error in ENUR
61	0006		FE	Ŧ	06		position of framing error in ENUR
62 63 64 65	0007		DOE	=	07	iBit	position of data overrun error in ENUR
65 66 67			. INCLD	со	P888.INC		
68 0002	3008	MAIN:	JSR	IN	IT		;INITIALIZE UART
69 0004			JÞ	•			DO OTHER TASKS
70 0005			JSR		SABLE		DISABLE UART
71 0007 72 73	FF	INIT:	JP	•			DO DTHER TASKS
74 0008	9FFF	1011.	LD	в.	#PSW		
75 000A			RBIT		E, (B)		DISABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
76 000B			LD		R,#00		JUART OFF (POWERDOWN)
77 ØØØE			LD		RTLC, #065		SET I/O
78 0011	9FDØ		LD	в,	#PORTLD		NOT READY TO RECEIVE
79 0013			SBIT		R, [B]		TURN OFF DATA SET READY
80 0014			SBIT		S, [B]		; TURN OFF CLEAR TO SEND
81 0015 82 0016			RBIT LD		D, [B] AD, #START		; TURN ON DATA CARRIER DETECT ;INIT HEAD POINTER
83 0019			LD		IL, #START		INIT TALL POINTER
84 001C			LD		#ICNTRL		CONFIGURE PORTL INTERRUPTS
85 001E			RBIT		EN, [B]		DISABLE PORTL INTERRUPTS
86 001F			LD		EDG, #090		; SELECT FALLING EDGE FOR RTS AND DTR
87 0022	BCC99Ø		LD	WK	EN, #090		; ENABLE RTS AND DTR INTERRUPT
88 0025			LD		PND, #00		CLEAR PORTL INTERRUPT PENDING FLAGS
89 0028			SBIT		EN, [B]		; ENABLE PORT L INTERRUPTS
90 0029			LD		U, #ENUCMD		SELECT BITS/CHAR AND PARITY OPTION
91 0020			LD		UR, #00	un.	;CLEAR ERROR BITS ;SELECT CLOCK,INTERRUPTS,STOPBITS
92 002F 93 0032					UI, #ENUIC UD, #BAUDV(		SETUP BRG
94 0035			LD		#ENUI	16.	
95 0037			SBIT		E, [B]		;ENABLE TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT
96 0038			SBIT		E, [B]		ENABLE RECEIVER INTERRUPT
97 0039			LD	PS	R, #PSRVAL		JUART DN
98 ØØ3C			LD		#PORTLD		READY TO RECEIVE
99 ØØ3E			RBIT		R, [B]		TURN ON DATA SET READY
100 003F			RBIT		S, [B]		; TURN ON CLEAR TO SEND
101 0040 102 0042			LD SBIT		#PSW E,[B]		SENABLE ALL INTERRUPTS
	10		0011		_,		TL/DD/11

NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION COP800 CROSS ASSEMBLER, REV: D1, 12 OCT 88 RET 103 0043 8E 104 DISABLE: 105 IDISABLE INTERRUPTS 106 0044 BDEF68 RBIT GIE, PSW STURN OFF HANDSHAKING SIGNALS SUART POWERDOWN SCLEAR WART CONTROL REGISTERS 107 0047 BCD061 PORTLD, #061 LD 108 004A BCBE00 LD PSR, #00 109 004D BCBA00 ENU, #00 LD 110 0050 BCBC00 LD ENUI, #00 111 0053 BCBB00 LD ENUR, #00 IDISABLE RTS AND DTR INTERRUPTS 112 0056 9FC9 113 0058 6C I D B, #WKEN RTS, [B] RBIT 114 0059 6F DTR, CB3 RBIT 115 005A BDEF78 SBIT GIE, PSW JENABLE INTERRUPTS 116 005D 8E RET 117 118 119 INTERRUPT ROUTINES 120 INTERRUPT START ADDRESS = 0FF ØØFF 121 122 ØØFF 67 PUSH A CONTEXT SAVE 123 0100 9DFE LD A, B 124 0102 67 125 0103 9DEF PUSH Α A, PSW LD 126 0105 67 127 0106 B4 128 0107 8C PUSH A VIS REST: A CONTEXT RESTORE POP 129 0108 9CEF A, PSW Х 130 010A 8C POP Α 131 010B 9CFE 132 010D 8C ¥ A, B POP A 133 010E 8F RETI 134 135 FORT L INTERRUPTS 136 137 ; The port L interrupts are used to indicate a return to active ; state of the DTR and RTS signals from the remote receiver. ; If both DTR and RTS are active, the remote receiver is ready ; to accept data and the CDP transmitter is enabled. 138 139 140 141 FORT L INTERRUPT LINT: 142 143 010F BCCA00 WKPND, #00 RESET PENDING BITS LD 144 0112 9DD2 LD A, PORTLP READ PORT L PINS FREE FORT L FINS FIF RTS (ACTIVE LOW) NOT PRESENT THEN REMOTE NOT READY TO RECEIVE 145 0114 6010 IFBIT #RTS, A 146 0116 06 147 0117 6080 JP NOTRDY IFBIT #DTR, A FIF DTR (ACTIVE LOW) NOT PRESENT 148 0119 03 JP NOTRDY THEN REMOTE NOT READY TO RECEIVE 149 Ø11A 9FBC READY: LD B, #ENUI 150 0110 78 SBIT TIE, (B) REST FRE-ENABLE TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT 151 Ø11D E9 NOTRDY: JP SEXIT INTERRUPT 152 153 TL/DD/11110-8 NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION COP800 CROSS ASSEMBLER, REV:D1, 12 OCT 88

4			INTERRUPT	the following				
5	; The l	The UART receive interrupt does the following: 1. Reads the received data						
7	;	2. Checks for receiver errors						
8	;		3. If no errors detected, places the received data in					
9	;	the	transmit/receive but	ffer and enables the transmitter.				
0	ţ			transmit/receive buffer is cleared				
1	;	ofi	ALL data and an errow	message is placed in the data buffer.				
2	RCVINT:		0 7011	RECEIVER INTERRUPT				
3 011E 9D1F 4 0120 9CFE		LD X	A, TAIL A, B	GET TAIL POINTER				
5 0122 9D89		ĹD	A, RBUF	FREAD RECEIVED DATA				
6 0124 A2		x	A, [B+]	STORE RECEIVED DATA				
7 Ø125 9DBB		LD	A, ENUR	READ ERROR REGISTER				
8 0127 BDBC78		SBIT	TIE, ENUI	SENABLE TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT				
9 012A 60E0		ANDSZ	A, #0E0	CHECK FOR PE, DOE, FE				
0 012C 1A		JP	ERROR	THROW DATA AWAY IN BUFFER				
1 012D 9DFE 2 012F 921E		LD IFEQ	A, B A, #END+1	ILOAD ACC WITH NEW TAIL PTR				
3 0131 9810		LD	A, #START	SET TAIL PTR TO START OF BUFFER				
4 0133 9C1F		x	A, TAIL	SAVE TAIL PTR				
5 0135 9D1E		ĹD	A, HEAD	IS DATA BUFFER FULL?				
6 Ø137 A1		SC	•					
7 Ø138 BD1F81		SUBC	A, TAIL	;A = HEAD - TAIL				
8 013B 89		IFNC		;IF BORROWED (TAIL ) HEAD)				
9 013C 940E		ADD	A, #SIZE	THEN ADD BUFFER SIZE TO RESULT				
0 013E 9303		IFGT	A,#03	IF DATA BUFFER NOT FULL				
1 0140 2107	RXOFF:	JMP	REST	; THEN EXIT INTERRUPT ; ELSE TURN OFF REMOTE TRANSMITTER				
2 0142 BDD07D 3 0145 2107	RXUFF:	JMP	CTS, PORTLD REST	EXIT INTERRUPT				
4	ERROR:	JUP	KCD1	JEXIT INTERROFT				
5 0147 BC1E10	Ennon:	LD	HEAD, #START	CLEAR BUFFER				
6 014A 9F10		LD	B, #START	POINT TO START OF BUFFER				
7 014C 6020		IFBIT	PE,A					
8 014E 9A50		LD	[B+],#'P'	;P = PARITY				
9 0150 6040		IFBIT	FE,A					
0 0152 9A46		LD	[B+],#'F'	;F = FRAMING				
1 0154 6080		IFBIT	DOE, A					
2 0156 9844		LD	[B+], #'D'	;D = DATA OVERRUN ;BLANK SPACE				
3 0158 9A20 4 015A 9A45		LD LD	[B+],#020 [B+],#'E'	BLHMA BPHCE				
5 015C 9A52		LD	[B+],#'R'					
6 015E 9A52		LD	[B+], #'R'					
7 0160 9A4F		LD	[B+],#'O'					
8 Ø162 9A52		LD	[B+], #'R'					
9 0164 9A0A		LD	EB+],#ØA	ILINE FEED				
0 0166 9A0D		LD	[B+],#0D	CARRIAGE RETURN				
1 0168 9DFE	OUTERR:		A, B	SAVE NEW TAIL PTR				
2 016A 9C1F		X JMP	A, TAIL					
13 016C 2107 14		JINP	REST					
					TL/DD/11110			

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228 018D 09 229 018E A1

231 0192 89

232 0193 940E

238 Ø19F 2107

239 240

241 242 Ø1A1 B5

244 245

246

247

249

252

254

JUART TRANSMIT INTERRUPT The UART transmit interrupt does the following: : 1. Checks for RTS and DTR signals (OK to transmit?) If DK to transmit and buffer not empty, transmits data.
 If not DK to transmit or buffer empty, disables transmitter. ; XMITINT: TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT LD A, PORTLP A, #090 IS IT OK TO TRANSMITT? ANDS7 IDLE IND: GO TURN OFF TRANSMITTER JMP YES: GET PTR TO DATA LD A, HEAD 217 0176 BD1F82 218 0179 219C A, TAIL IDLE IF DATA BUFFER EMPTY IFEG THEN TURN OFF TRANSMITTER JMP FLSE А, В X LD A, [B+] GET TRANSMIT DATA X A, TBUF LD ILDAD ACC WITH NEW HEAD PTR A.B A, #END+1 IF END OF DATA BUFFER IFEQ SET HEAD PTR TO START OF BUFFER LD A, #START 225 Ø186 9C1E A, HEAD х 226 Ø188 9D1E A, HEAD IS DATA BUFFER FULL? LD 227 Ø18A BD1F82 IFEQ A, TAIL IF BUFFER EMPTY THEN NOT FULL ELSE CHECK HOW FULL JP NFULL SC ;A = HEAD - TAIL ;IF BORROWED (TAIL ) HEAD) ;THEN ADD BUFFER SIZE TO RESULT 230 018F BD1F81 SUBC A, TAIL IFNC A, #SIZE A, #03 ADD 233 0195 9303 IF DATA BUFFER NOT FULL IFGT 234 0197 BDD06D NFULL: CTS, PORTLD THEN TURN ON REMOTE TRANSMITTER RBIT 235 019A 2107 JMP REST : ELSE EXIT INTERRUPT 236 019C 9FBC 237 019E 68 IDLE: B, #ENUI TIE, (B) LD RBIT IDISABLE TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT JMP REST SEXIT INTERRUPT Software Trap SFTINT: RPND RESTART 243 01A2 2000 JMP. ØØ VECTOR INTERRUPT TABLE .=01E2 Ø1F2 248 01E2 010F ADDRW LINT IL PORT INTERRUPT Ø1EC .=01EC 250 01EC 016E . ADDRW . ADDRW XMITINT TRANSMITTER INTERRUPT 251 Ø1EE Ø11E RCVINT 01FE .=01FE 253 Ø1FE Ø1A1 . ADDRW SFTINT SOFTWARE INTERRUPT/TRAP . END

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NATIONAL SEMICONDUCT COP800 CROSS ASSEMBL		8			
SYMBOL TABLE					
CTS         0005           DSR         0006           ENUCMD         0089           ERROR         0147           HEAD         001E           LINT         010F           NOTRDY         011D           PORTLD         0000           PSW         00EF           REST         0107           SFTINT         01A1           TAIL         001F	BAUD         Q0BD           DCD         Q0Q0           DTR         Q0Q7           ENUI         Q0BC           ETDX         Q0Q5           ICNTRL         Q0E8           LPEN         Q0Q6           QUTERR         Q168           PORTLP         Q0D9           RBUF         Q0B9           RIE         Q0Q1           SIZE         Q0Q6           TBUF         Q0B8           WKPND         Q0CA	BAUDVA         0004           DISABL         0044           END         001D           ENUICM         0020           FE         0006           IDLE         019C           MAIN         0005           PE         0005           PSR         008E           RCVINT         0114           SP         007D           TIE         0000           X         00FC	CNTRL 00EE DOE 0007 ENU 00BA ENUR 00BB GIE 0000 INIT 000B * NFULL 0197 PORTLC 00D1 PSRVAL 00C8 READY 011A RXOFF 0142 START 0010 WKEDG 00C8 XMITIN 016E	*	TL/DD/11110-11
NATIONAL SEMICONDUCT COP800 CROSS ASSEMBL					
MACRO TABLE	ER, REVIDI, 12 001 00	2			
ND WARNING LINES					
NO ERROR LINES					
267 ROM BYTES USE	D				
SOURCE CHECKSUM = 680 OBJECT CHECKSUM = 090					
INPUT FILE C:UART. LISTING FILE C:UART. OBJECT FILE C:UART.	PRN			TL/DD/11110-12	
LIFE SUPPORT POL	ICY				
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into the body, or (b failure to perform, with instructions fo	ces or systems ar are intended for s ) support or sustain l when properly used r use provided in the acted to result in a s	urgical implant life, and whose in accordance e labeling, can	support device of be reasonably e	ponent is any compo or system whose failure xpected to cause the or system, or to affe	e to perform can failure of the life
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